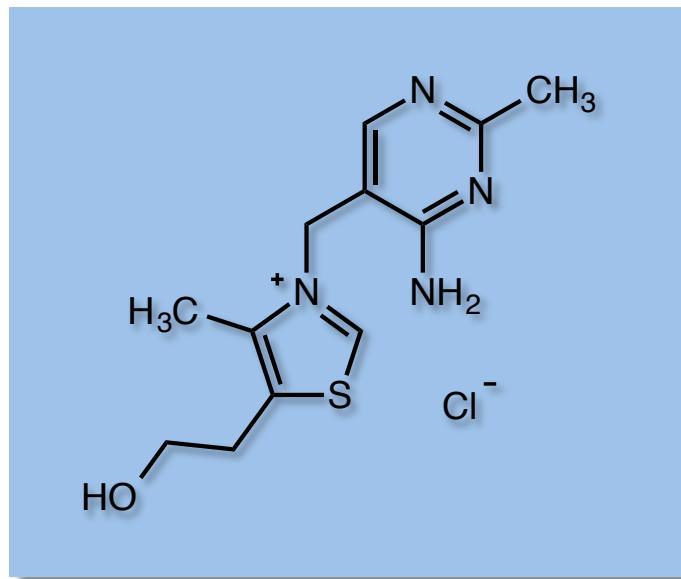


# *Asymmetric Organocatalysis with N-Heterocyclic Carbenes*

## *History and Recent Developments*



Adam Noble

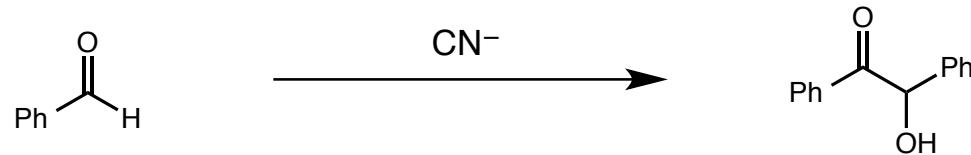
MacMillan Group Meeting

January 29<sup>th</sup> 2014

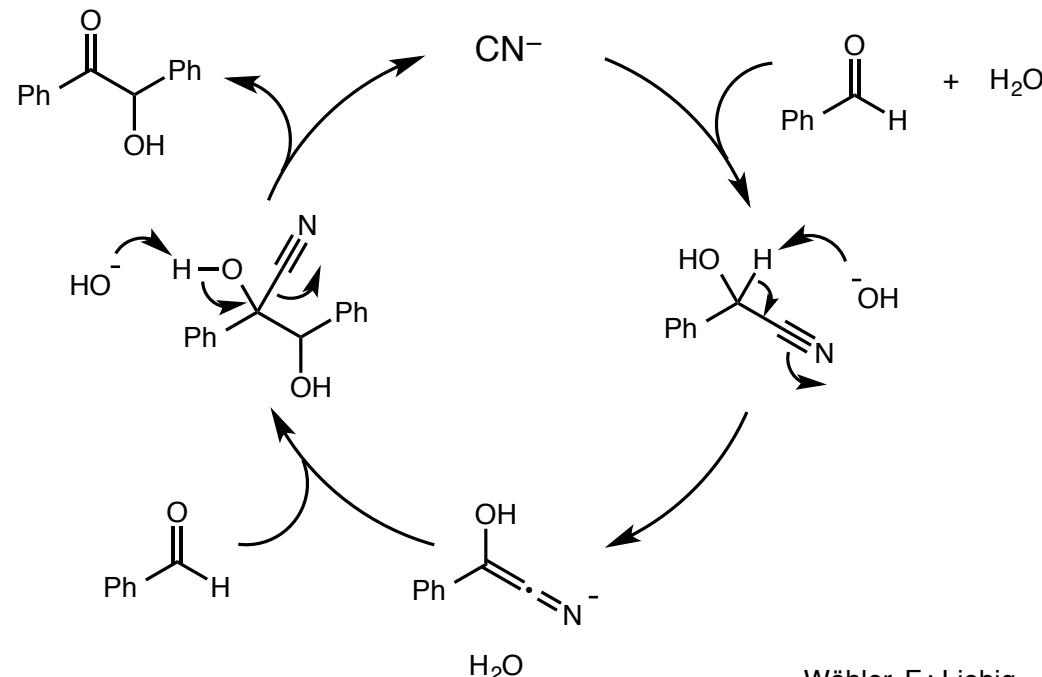
## *Early Developments*

### *The Benzoin Condensation*

- 1832: First report of benzoin condensation by Wöhler and Liebig



- 1903: Mechanism proposed by Lapworth

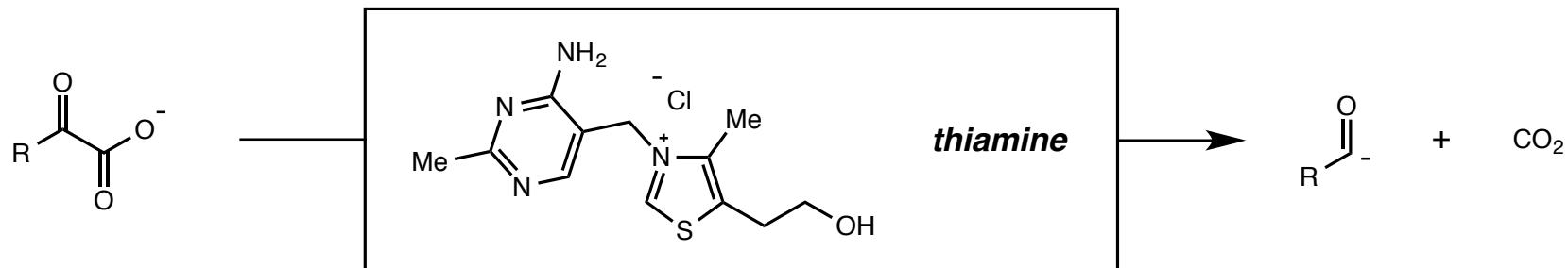


Wöhler, F.; Liebig, J. *Ann. Pharm.* **1832**, 3, 249.  
Lapworth, A.; *J. Chem. Soc.* **1903**, 83, 995.

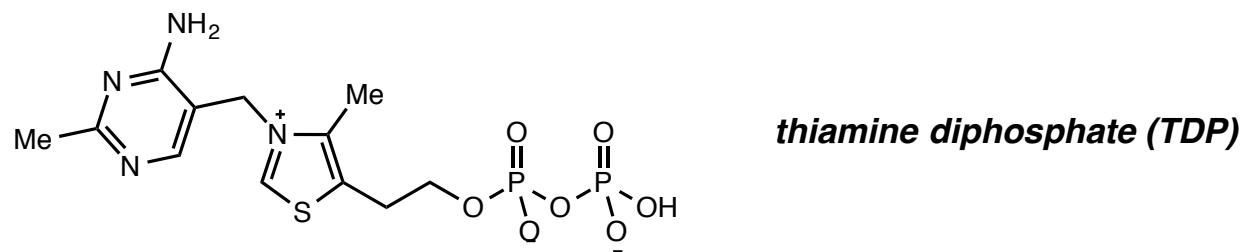
## *Thiamine (Vitamin B<sub>1</sub>)*

### *Enzymatic Acyl Anion Generation*

- Thiamine is responsible for the generation of acyl anion equivalents in a number of biochemical reactions



- Most commonly found as the co-enzyme thiamine diphosphate (TDP)

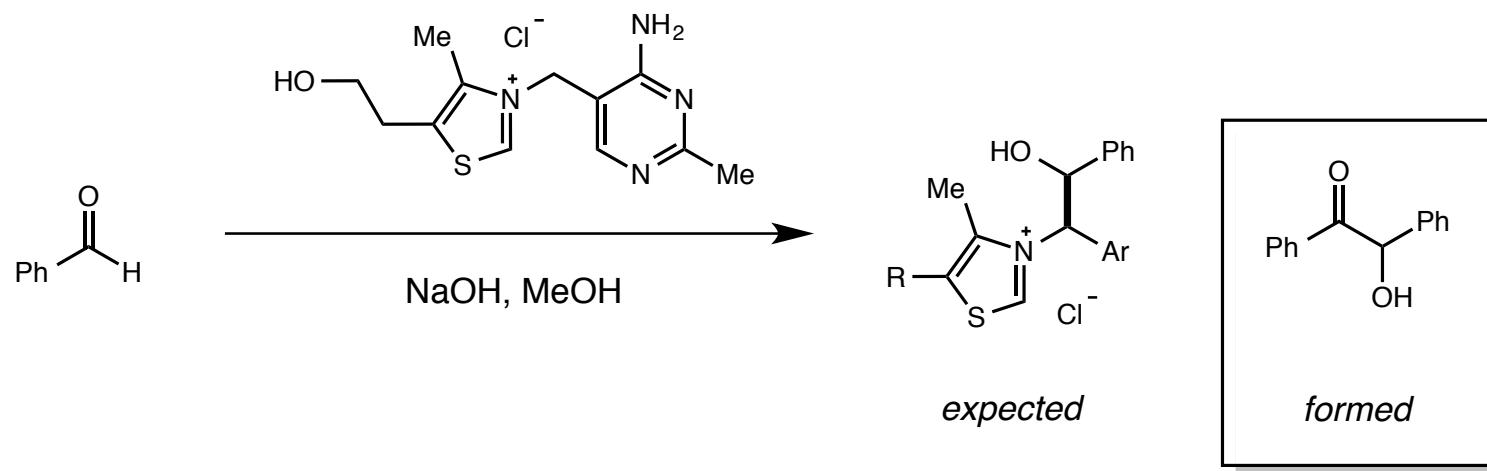


- Pyruvate decarboxylase
- Pyruvate oxidase
- Pyruvate dehydrogenase
- Transketolase

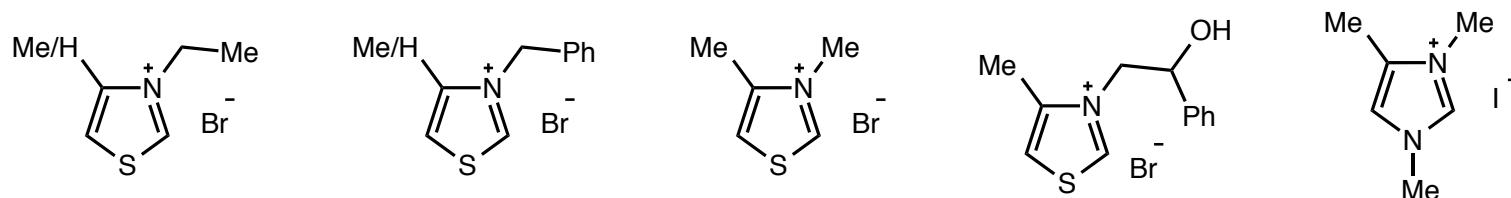
## *Early Developments*

### *Thiamine-Catalyzed Benzoin Condensation*

- 1943: Ugai discovered that thiazolium salts could replace cyanide in benzoin condensations



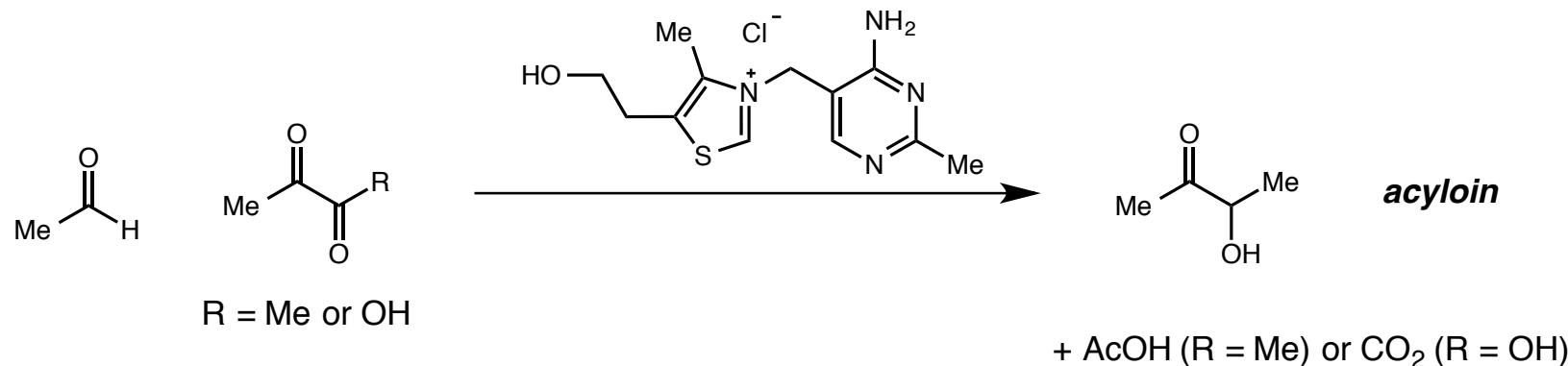
*A variety of other thiazolium compounds were also demonstrated to be effective catalysts*



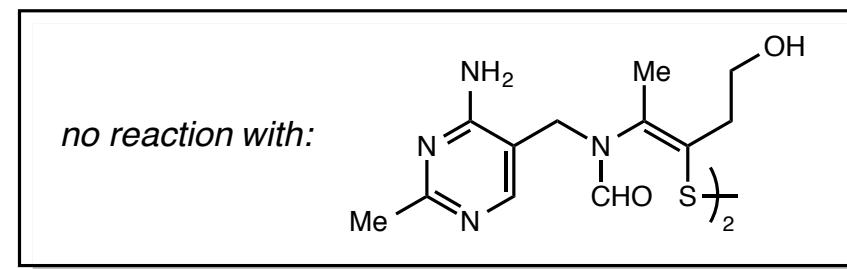
## *Early Developments*

### *Thiamine-Catalyzed Benzoin Condensation*

- 1954: Mizuhara demonstrated that thiamine could catalyze a number of reactions that had also been observed in biological systems



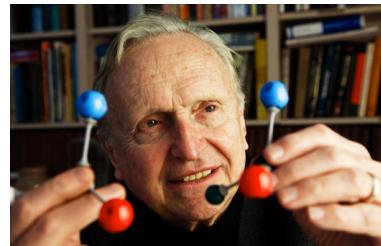
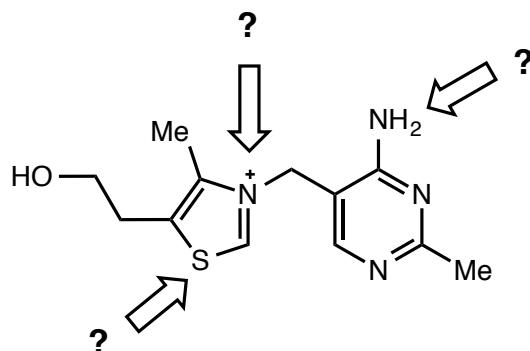
- Showed that the thiazolium moiety of thiamine was responsible for the catalytically activity



## *Early Developments*

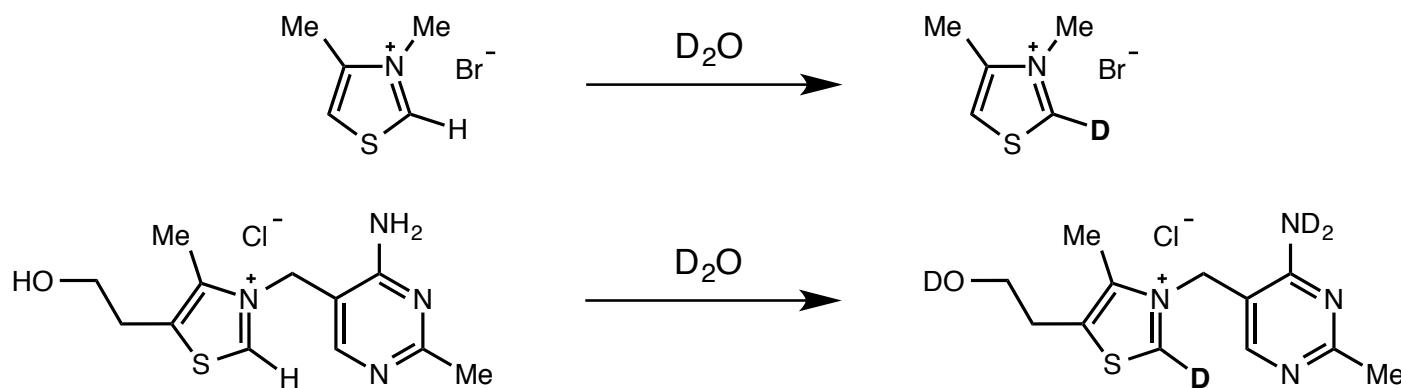
### *Mechanism of the Thiamine-Catalyzed Benzoin Condensation?*

- Reactions such as pyruvate decarboxylation and benzoin-type condensations catalyzed by thiamine (vitamin B<sub>1</sub>) dependent enzymes were considered some of the most "mysterious" transformations



*the origin of reactivity was unknown until the work of Breslow*

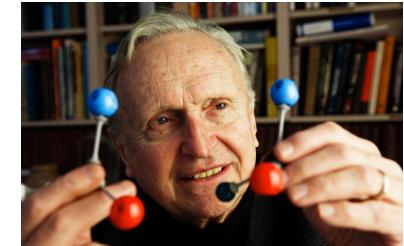
- 1958: Breslow demonstrated that the C-2 proton of thiazoliums exchanges rapidly with deuterium



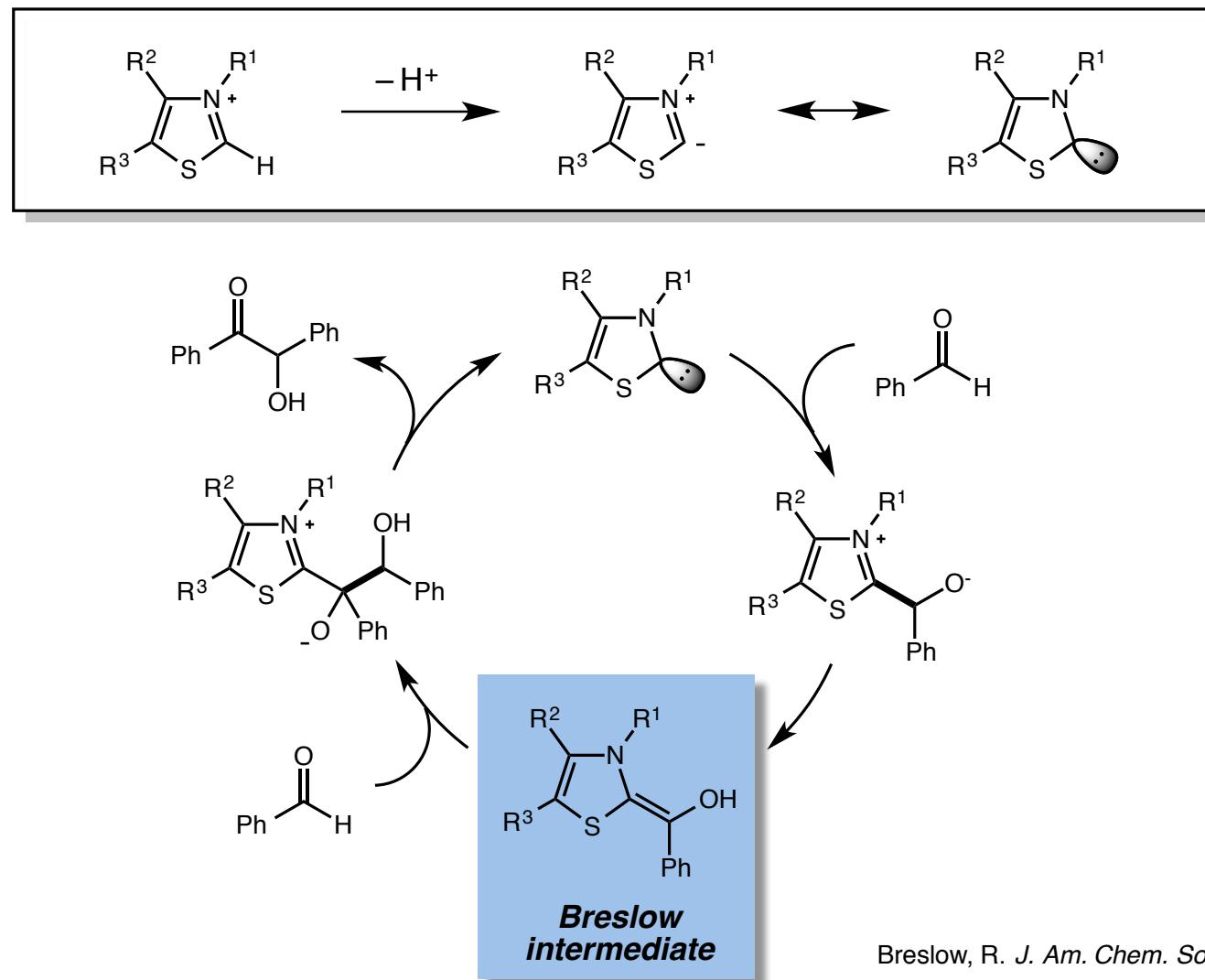
Breslow, R. J. Am. Chem. Soc.. **1958**, *80*, 3719.

## *Early Developments*

*Breslows Proposed Mechanism*



■ 1958: Breslow proposed his mechanism for the thiazolium catalyzed benzoin condensation

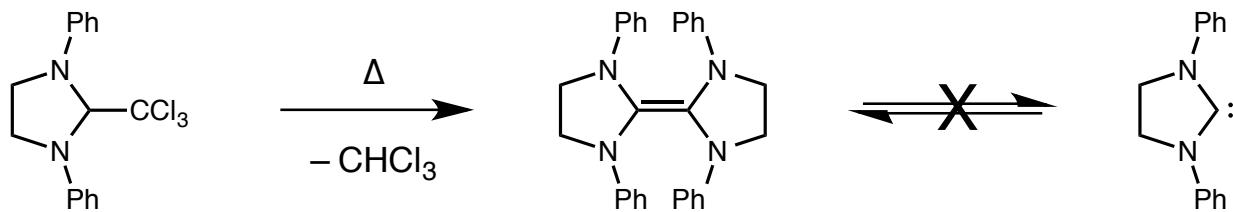


Breslow, R. J. Am. Chem. Soc. 1958, 80, 3719.

## *From 'Laboratory Curiosities' to Catalysis Mainstays*

### *Synthesis of Stable N-Heterocyclic Carbenes*

- Since the mechanistic work by Breslow, NHCs were only considered as highly reactive intermediates.
- Their high reactivity made the isolation of such species seemingly impossible, with dimerization being a major reaction pathway.



- This was the case until 1968, when seminal work by the groups of Wanzlick and Öfele demonstrated that NHCs could be isolated in their metal-ligated forms



*Hans-Werner Wanzlick*



*Karl Öfele*

Wanzlick, H.-W. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **1962**, 1, 75.

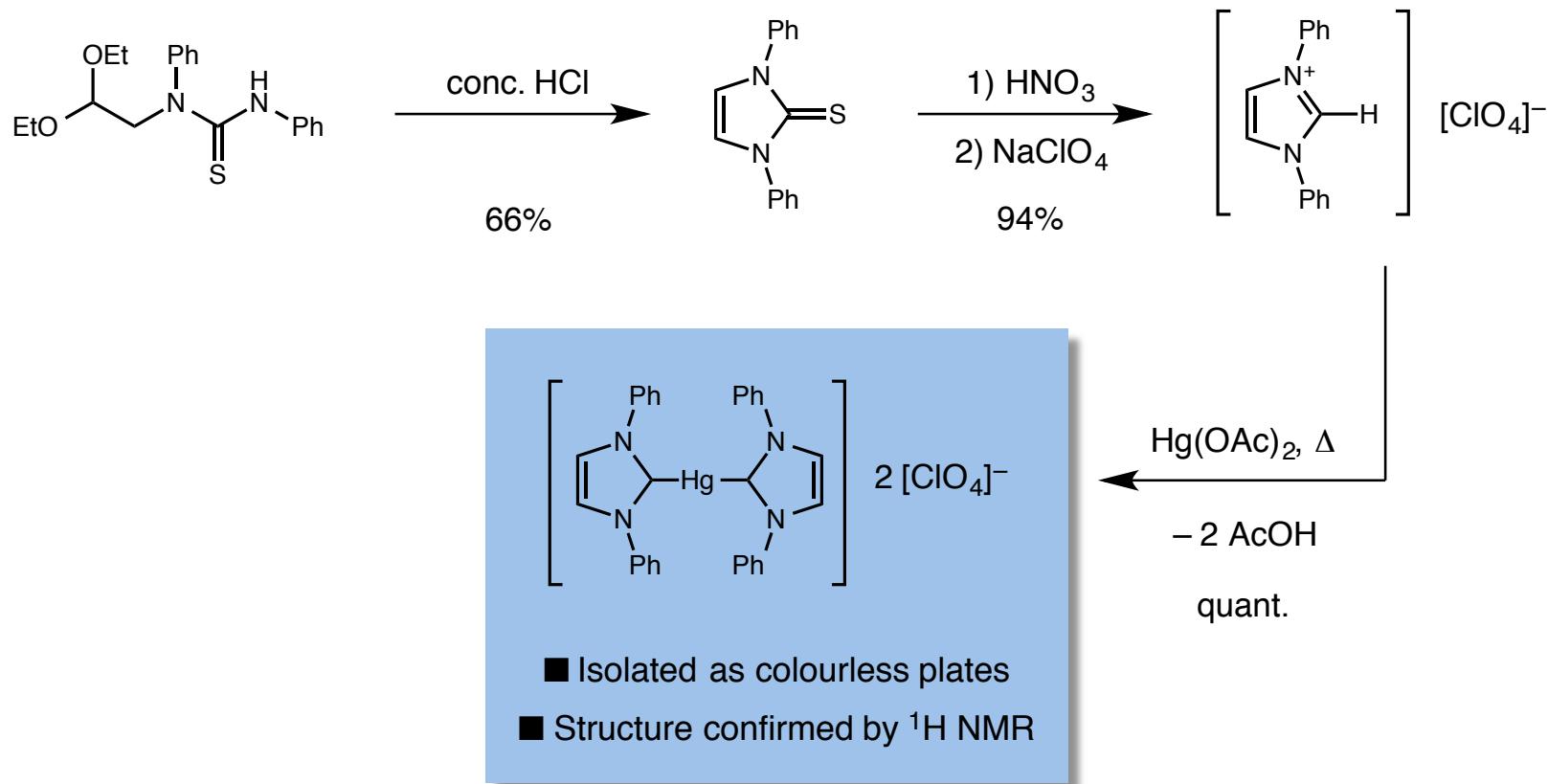
Rovis, T, Nolan, S. P. *Synlett* **2013**, 1188.

## *Wanzlick and Öfele*

1968: First isolation of ligated NHCs

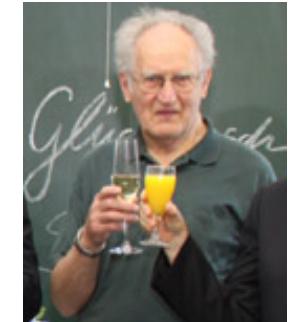


■ Wanzlick *et al* isolated a mercury complexed NHC

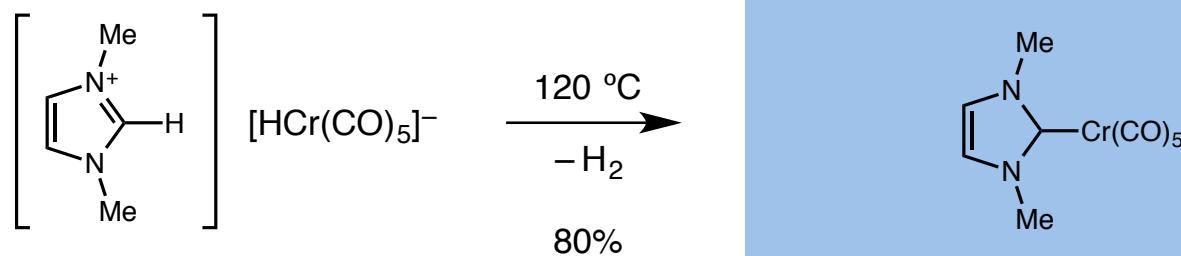
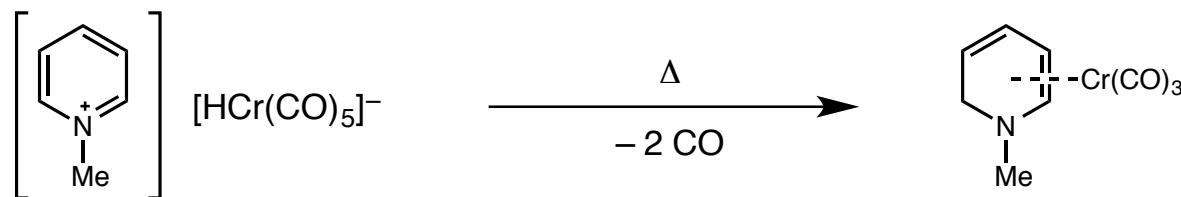


## *Wanzlick and Öfele*

1968: First isolation of ligated NHCs



- Öfele isolated a chromium NHC complex while trying to generate dehydro-complexes from heterocyclic salts



- Light yellow crystalline solid
- Structure confirmed by  $^1\text{H}$  NMR

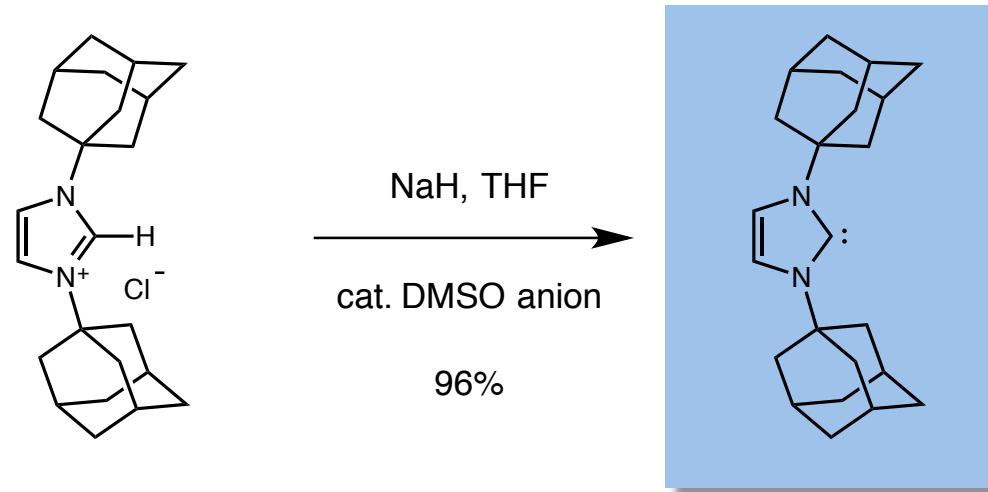
- Despite these advances, the field remained relatively inactive for 23 years until a breakthrough discovery by the group of Arduengo

## *Arduengo*

1991: First isolation of a stable crystalline NHC



- Isolated the free carbene by deprotonation of a bis-adamantyl imidazolium chloride

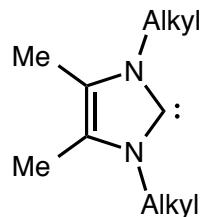


- The structure was unequivocally established by single-crystal X-ray analysis
  - Thermally stable in the absence of oxygen and moisture
- The synthesis of isolable NHCs was instrumental in causing the explosion in interest in *stable carbene chemistry*

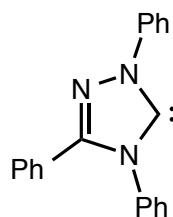
## *Isolable NHCs*

### *Explosion in the Number of Reported Isolations*

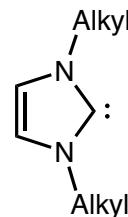
- After the first report from Arduengo in 1991, many other groups reported successful syntheses of a variety of new NHCs



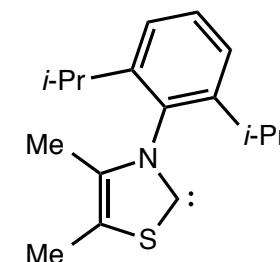
*Arduengo et al  
1992*



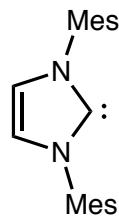
*Enders et al  
1995  
(first commercially  
available carbene)*



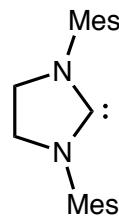
*Herrmann et al  
1996*



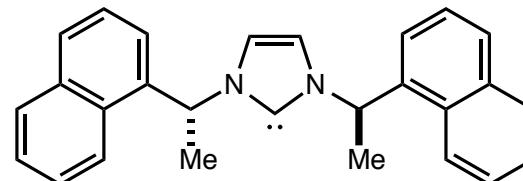
*Arduengo et al  
1997*



*Arduengo et al  
1992*



*Arduengo et al  
1995*

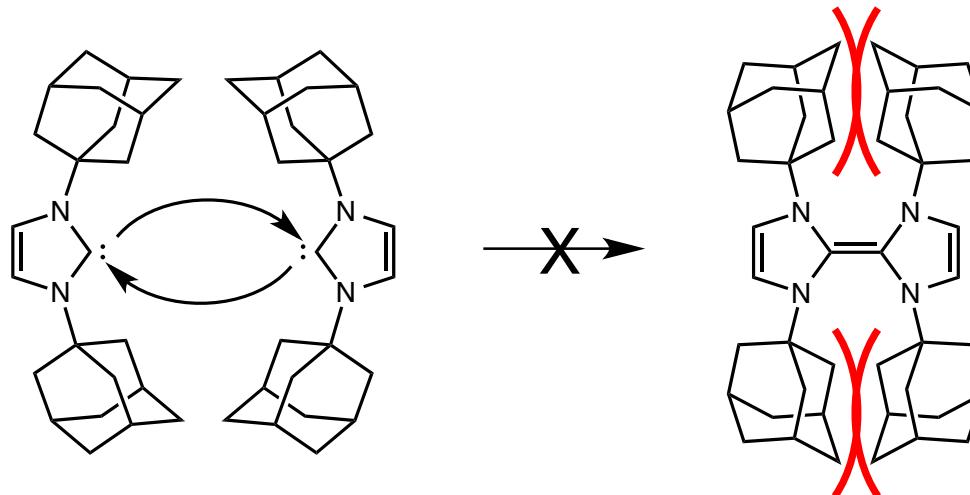


*Herrmann et al  
1996*

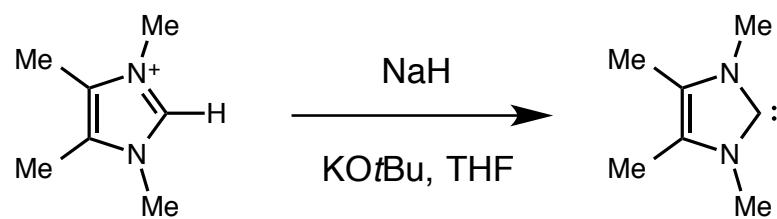
## *Isolable NHCs*

### *Stability*

- Original reports suggested that isolation was due to sterics preventing dimerization



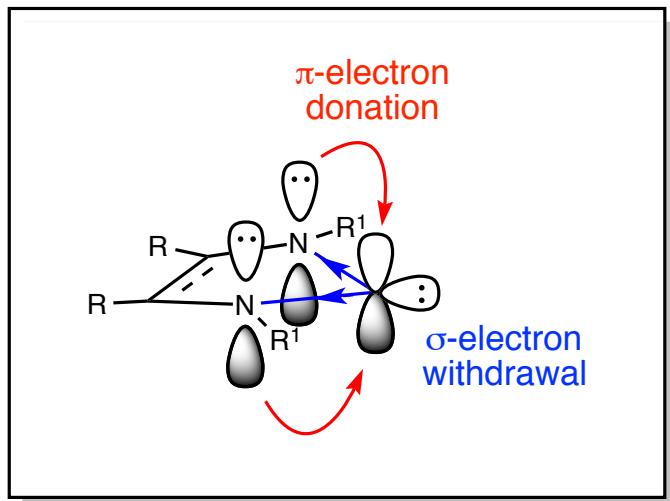
- The isolation of the carbene from 1,3,4,5-tetramethylimidazolium chloride suggested that electronic factors may have greater impact on the stability of carbenes than sterics.



## *Isolable NHCs*

### *Stability*

- Electronic factors operating in both the  $\pi$  and  $\sigma$  frameworks result in a "push-pull" synergistic effect to stabilize the carbene.



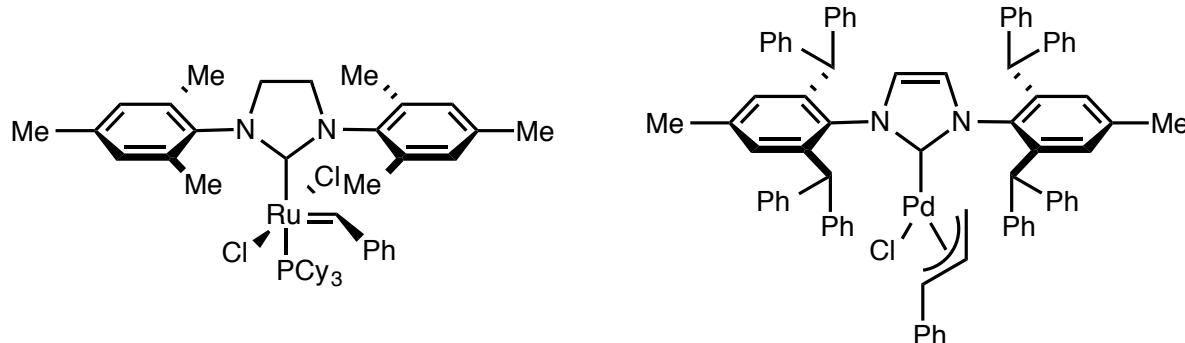
- $\pi$  donation into the carbene from the out-of-plane  $\pi$  orbital stabilizes electrophilic reactivity
- $\sigma$  withdrawal by electronegative atoms stabilizes nucleophilic reactivity
- The combined effect is to increase the singlet-triplet gap and stabilize the singlet-state carbene over the more reactive triplet-state carbene

## *Isolable NHCs*

*Reactivity: Why are they so useful?*

- NHCs are exceptionally good  $\sigma$  donors so form strong metal–carbon bonds:
- Compared to phosphines, NHCs form complexes that:

- are more straightforward to prepare (due to *in situ* NHC formation)
- show greater air and thermal stability
- often have catalytic activities 100 to 1000 times greater



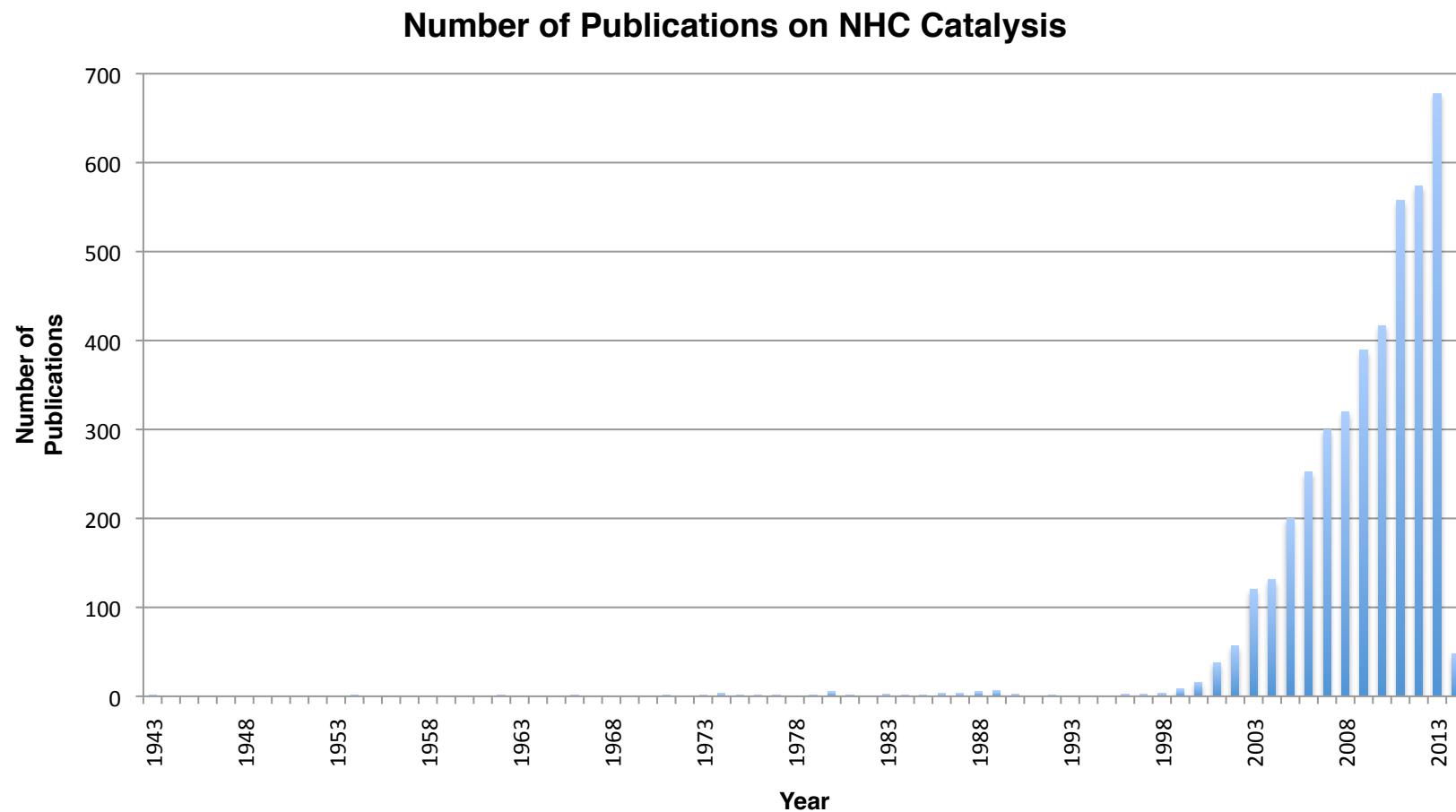
- Singlet carbenes of NHCs are distinct Lewis bases that show both  $\sigma$  basicity and  $\pi$  acidity:
  - Allows for the generation of a second nucleophile during a reaction (e.g. Breslow intermediate)
  - This unique "doubly" nucleophilic aspect allows NHCs to react as powerful organocatalysts

Rovis, T, Nolan, S. P. *Synlett* **2013**, 1188.  
Arnold, P. L.; Pearson, S. *Coord. Chem. Rev.* **2007**, 251, 596.  
Phillips, E. M.; Chan, A.; Scheidt, K. A. *Aldrichimica Act.* **2009**, 42, 55.

## *Isolable NHCs*

*Reactivity: Why are they so useful?*

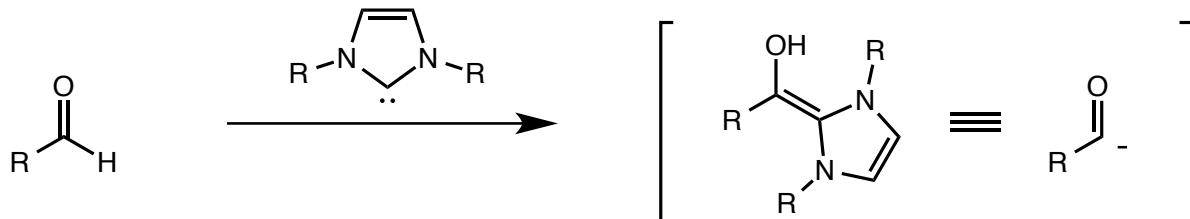
- These factors have resulted in a huge increase in interest in NHCs over the past 70 years



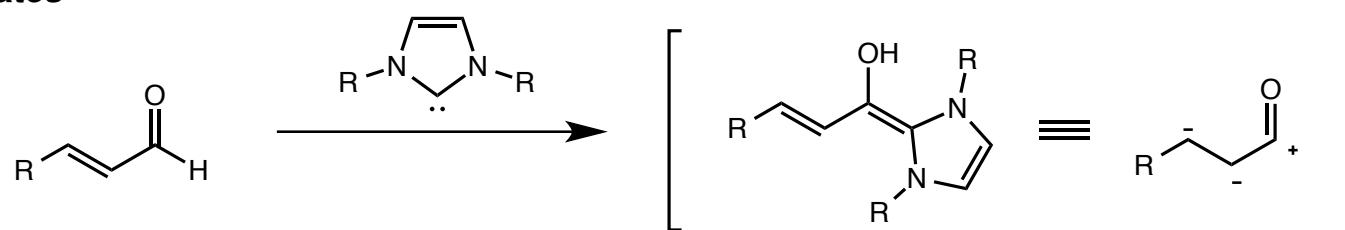
# *N-Heterocyclic Carbenes In Enantioselective Organocatalysis*

## *Modes of Reactivity*

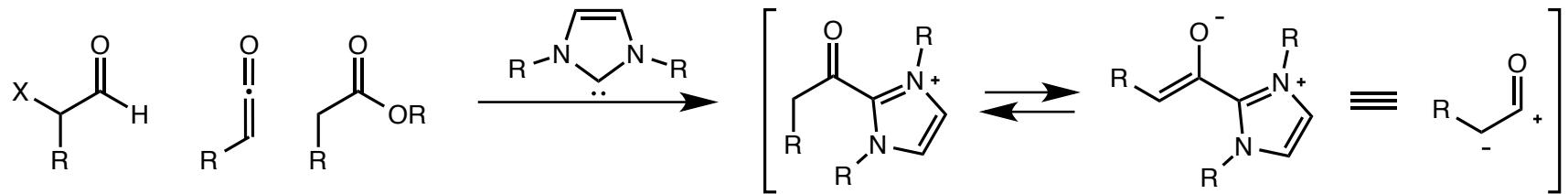
### **Acyl Anions**



### **Homoenolates**



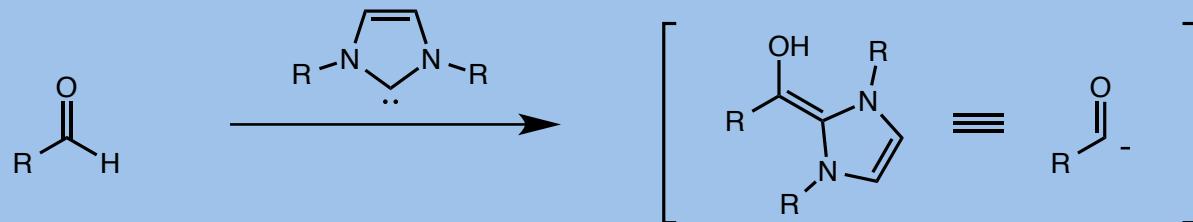
### **Azolium Enolates / Acyl Azoliums**



# *N-Heterocyclic Carbenes In Enantioselective Organocatalysis*

## *Modes of Reactivity*

### **Acyl Anions**



■ Benzoin Condensations

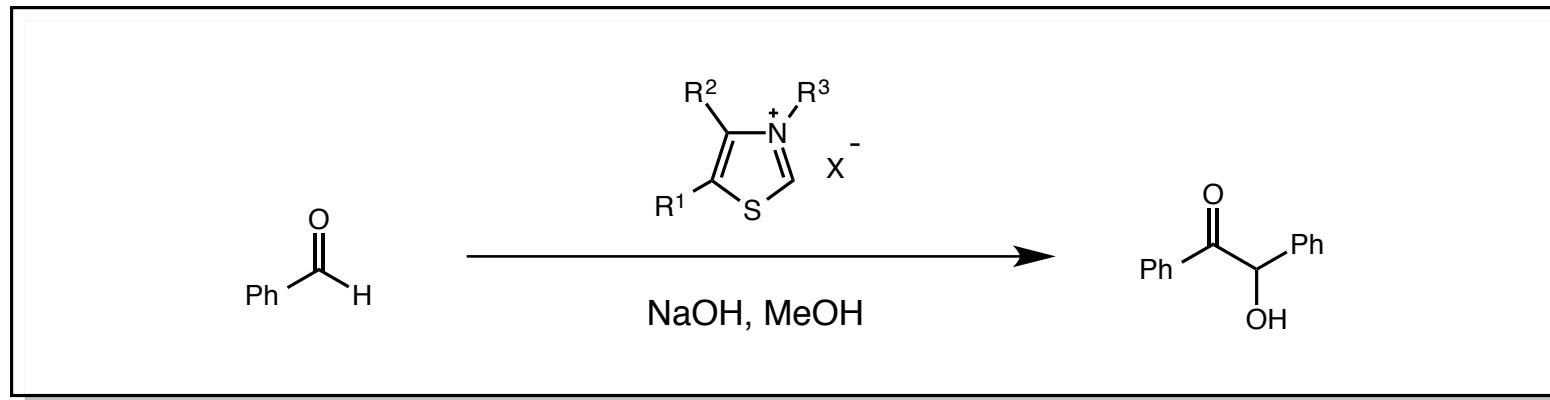
■ Stetter Reactions

■ Hydroacylations

## *The Use of NHCs for the Generation of Acyl Anion Equivalents*

### *Early Developments*

- 1943: Ugai discovered the thiazolium-catalyzed benzoin condensation

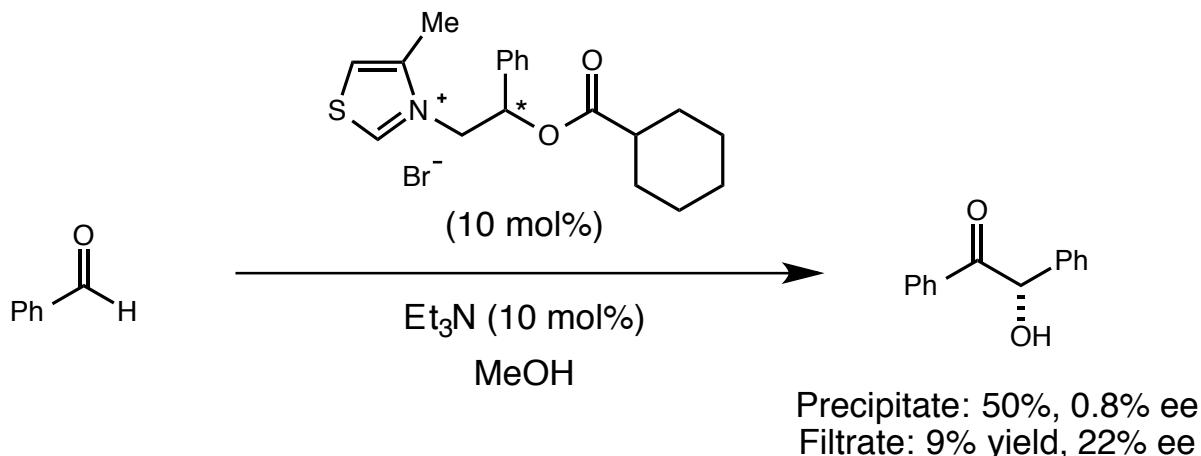


Ugai, T.; Tanaka, R.; Dokawa, T. *J. Pharm. Soc. Jpn.* **1943**, 63, 296.

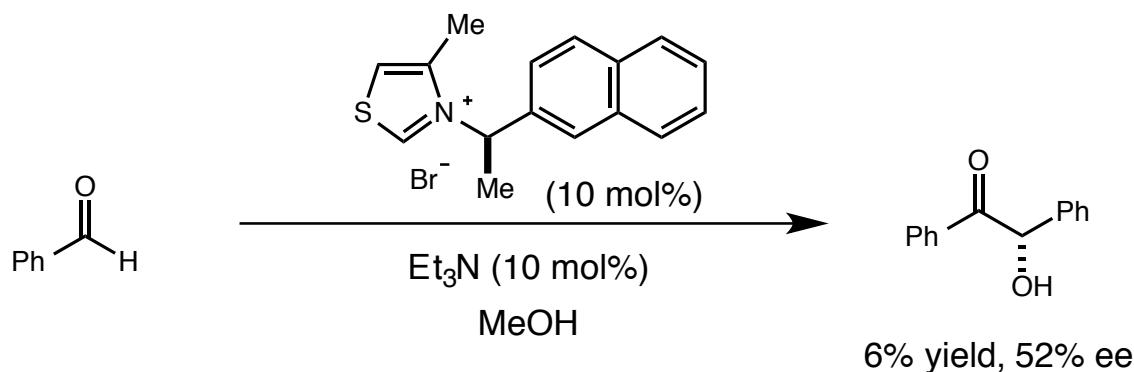
## *The Use of NHCs for the Generation of Acyl Anion Equivalents*

### *The First Asymmetric Examples*

- 1966: Sheehan described the first asymmetric benzoin condensations catalyzed by chiral thiazolium salts



- 1974: Sheehan reported slight improvements to enantioselectivity but still low yield



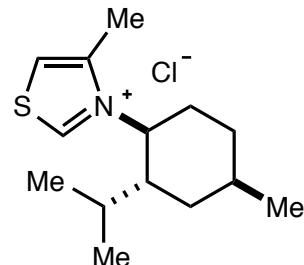
Sheehan, J. C.; Hunneman, D. H. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1966**, *88*, 3666.

Sheehan, J. C.; Hara, T. *J. Org. Chem.* **1974**, *39*, 1196.

## *The Use of NHCs for the Generation of Acyl Anion Equivalents*

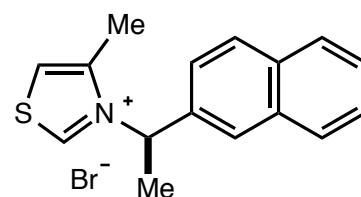
### *The First Asymmetric Examples*

■ Following the work of Sheehan, a number of other groups reported the use of similar NHCs to catalyze benzoin condensations



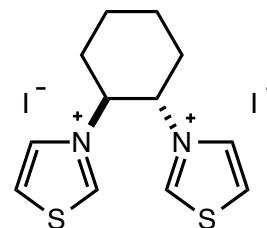
20%, 35% ee

*Takagi et al, 1980*



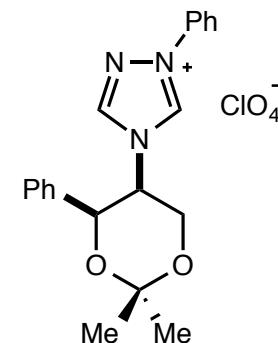
47-57%, 20-30% ee

*Zhao et al, 1988*



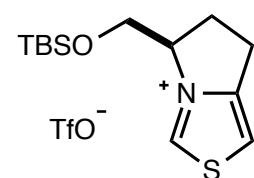
21%, 26% ee

*López-Calahorra et al, 1993*



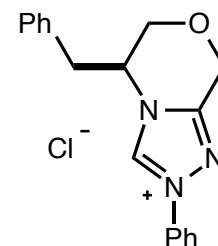
66%, 75% ee

*Enders et al, 1996*



50%, 21% ee

*Leeper et al, 1997*



45%, 80% ee

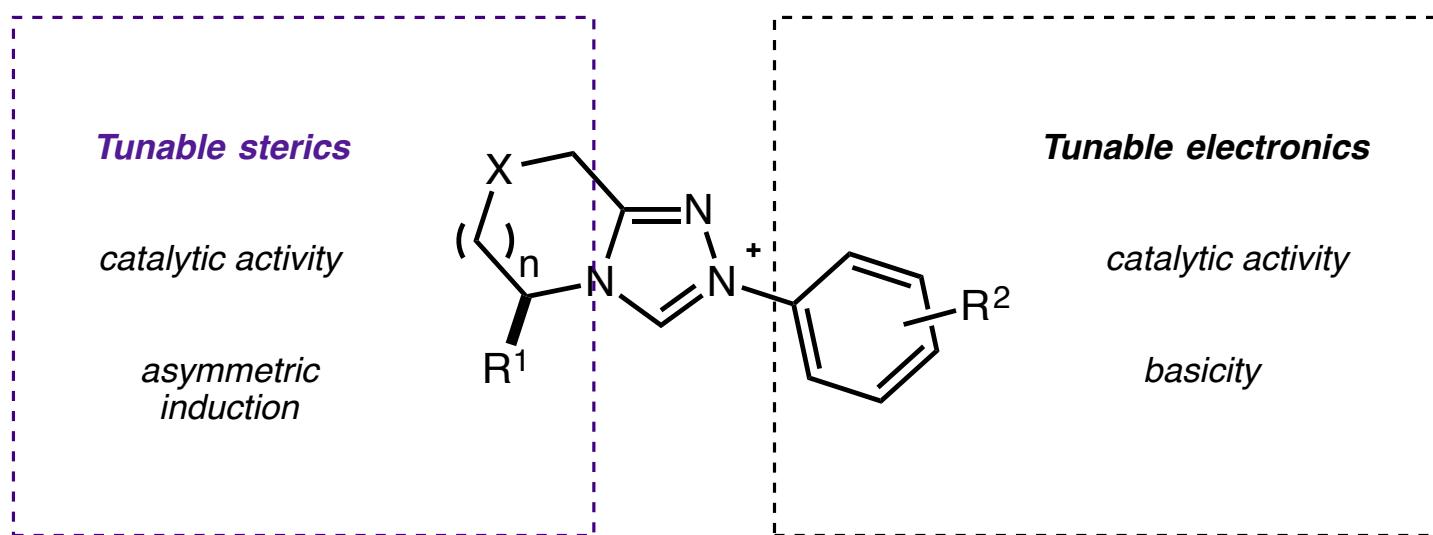
*Leeper et al, 1998*

**Bicyclic triazoliums are key!**

# *The Use of NHCs for the Generation of Acyl Anion Equivalents*

## *The First Asymmetric Examples*

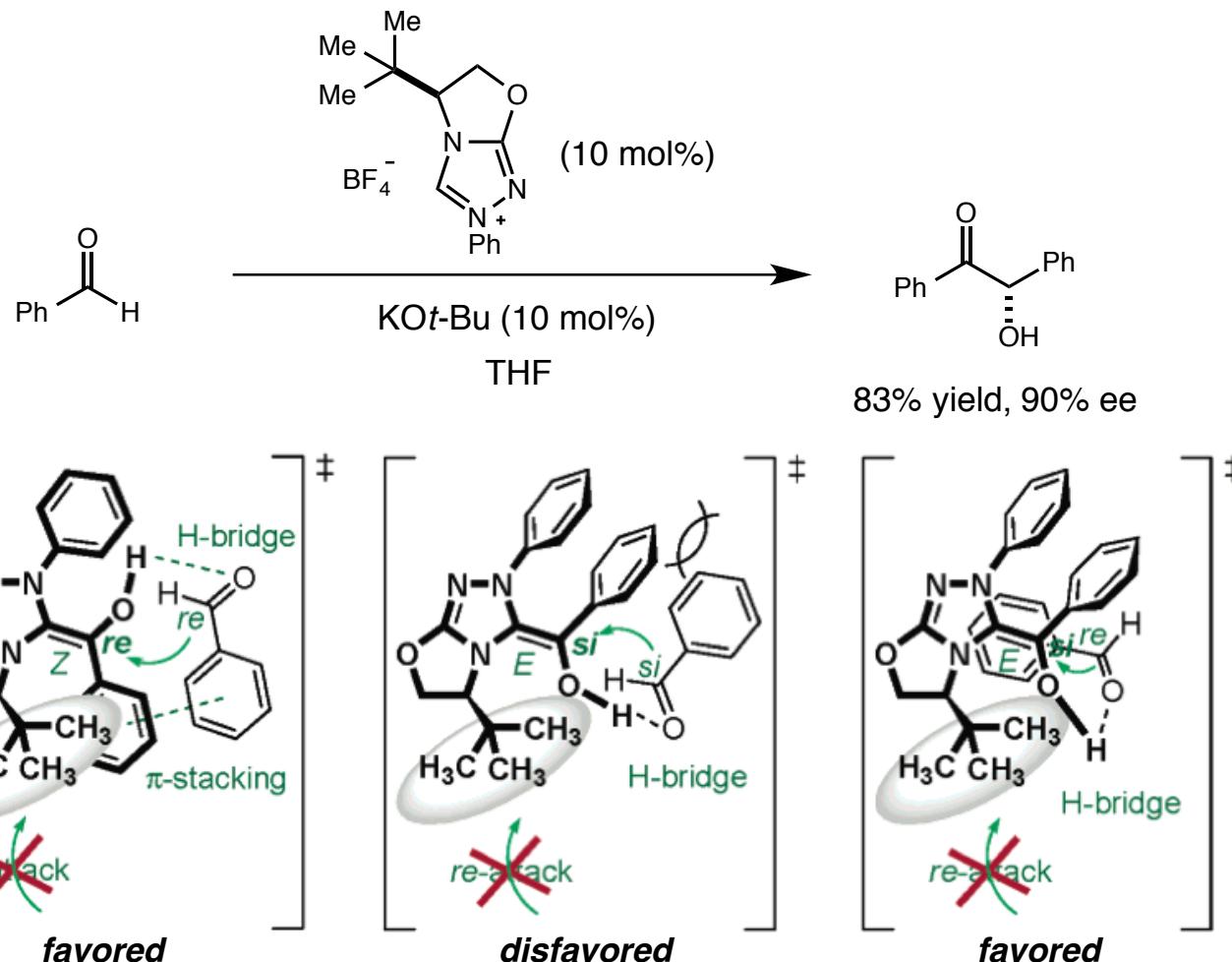
- The initial development of *N*-aryl-bicyclic triazoliums led the way to improved catalyst efficiency



## The Use of NHCs for the Generation of Acyl Anion Equivalents

Bicyclic Triazolium Salts Give High Enantioselectivities

■ Modification of Leepers bicyclic triazoliums allowed Enders to develop a highly efficient NHC catalysts

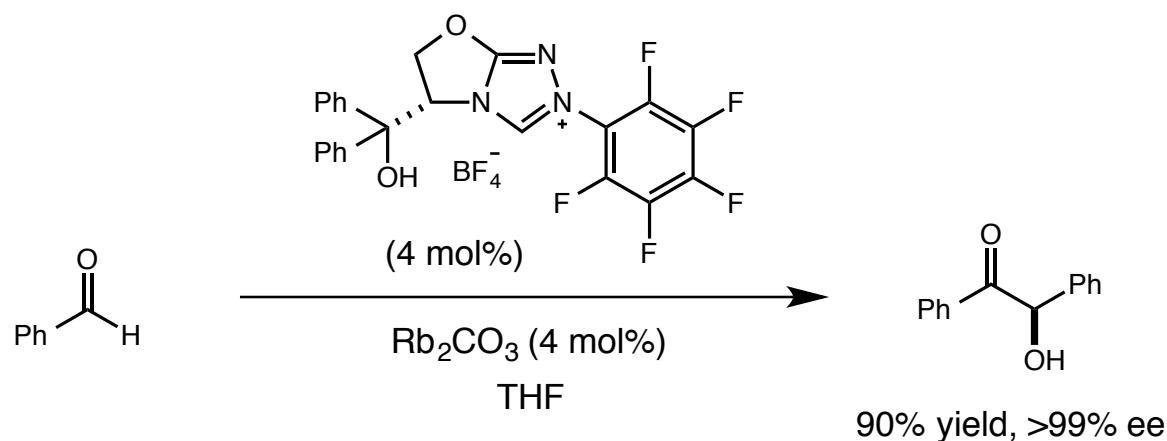


Dudding, T.; Houk, K. N. *Proc. Nat. Acad. Sci.* **2004**, *101*, 5770.  
Enders, D.; Kallfass, U. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2002**, *41*, 1743.

## *The Use of NHCs for the Generation of Acyl Anion Equivalents*

### *Bicyclic Triazolium Salts Give High Enantioselectivities*

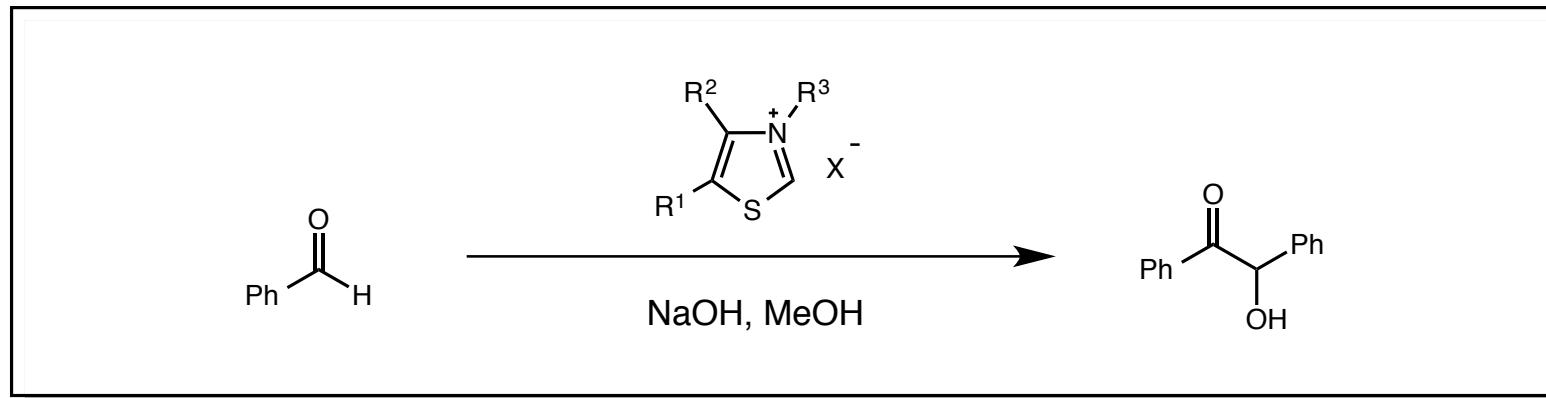
■ Connon *et al* demonstrated the NHCs bearing alcohol directing groups can give exceptional levels of enantioinduction



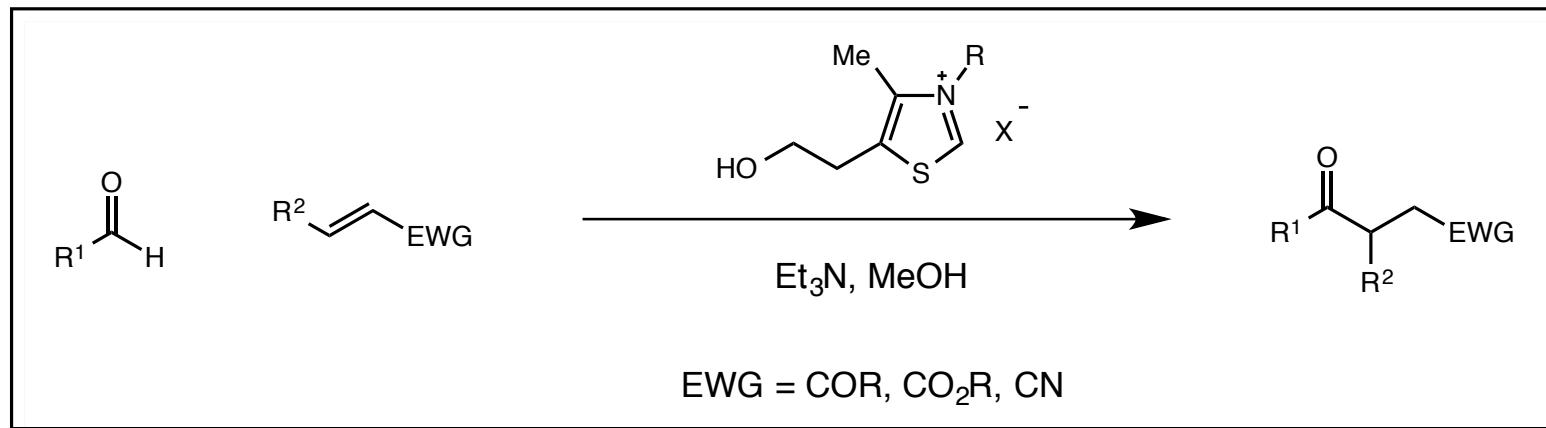
## *The Use of NHCs for the Generation of Acyl Anion Equivalents*

### *Early Developments*

- 1943: Ugai discovered the thiazolium-catalyzed benzoin condensation



- 1974: Stetter reported the 1,4-addition variant = ***The Stetter Reaction***

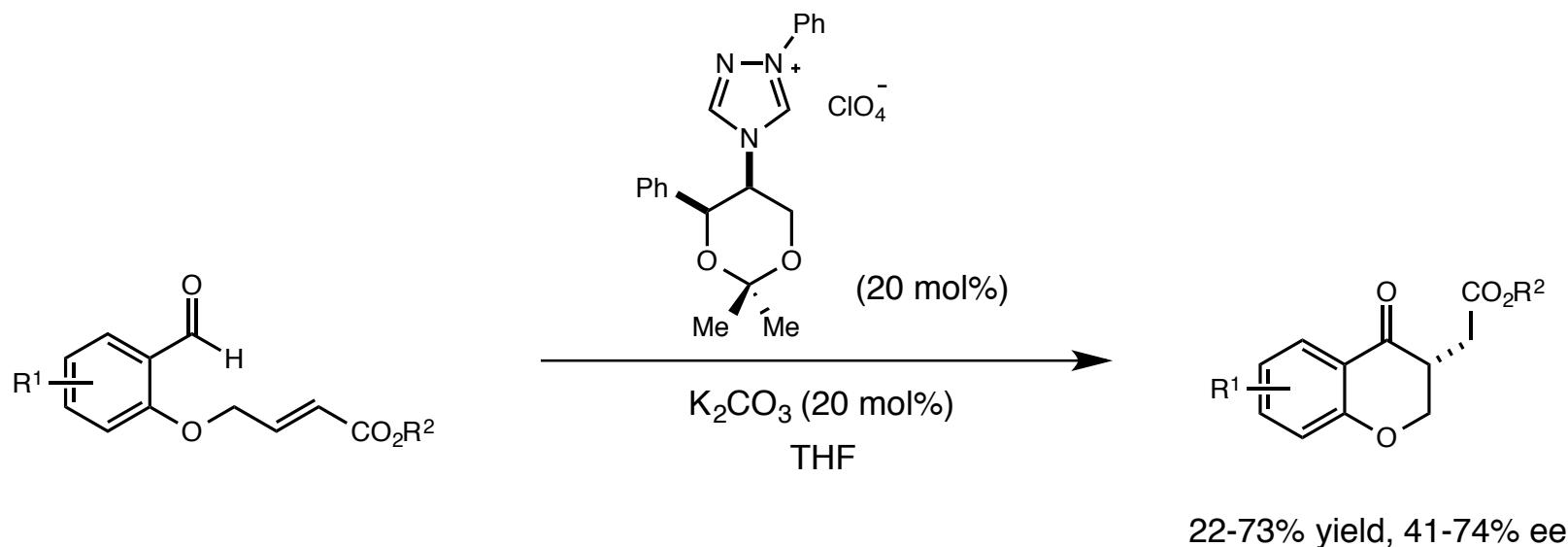


Ugai, T.; Tanaka, R.; Dokawa, T. *J. Pharm. Soc. Jpn.* **1943**, *63*, 296.  
Stetter, H.; Kuhlmann, H. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. Engl.* **1974**, *13*, 539.

## *The Use of NHCs for the Generation of Acyl Anion Equivalents*

### *Intramolecular Stetter Reactions*

■ In 1996 Enders *et al.* reported the first asymmetric Stetter Reaction

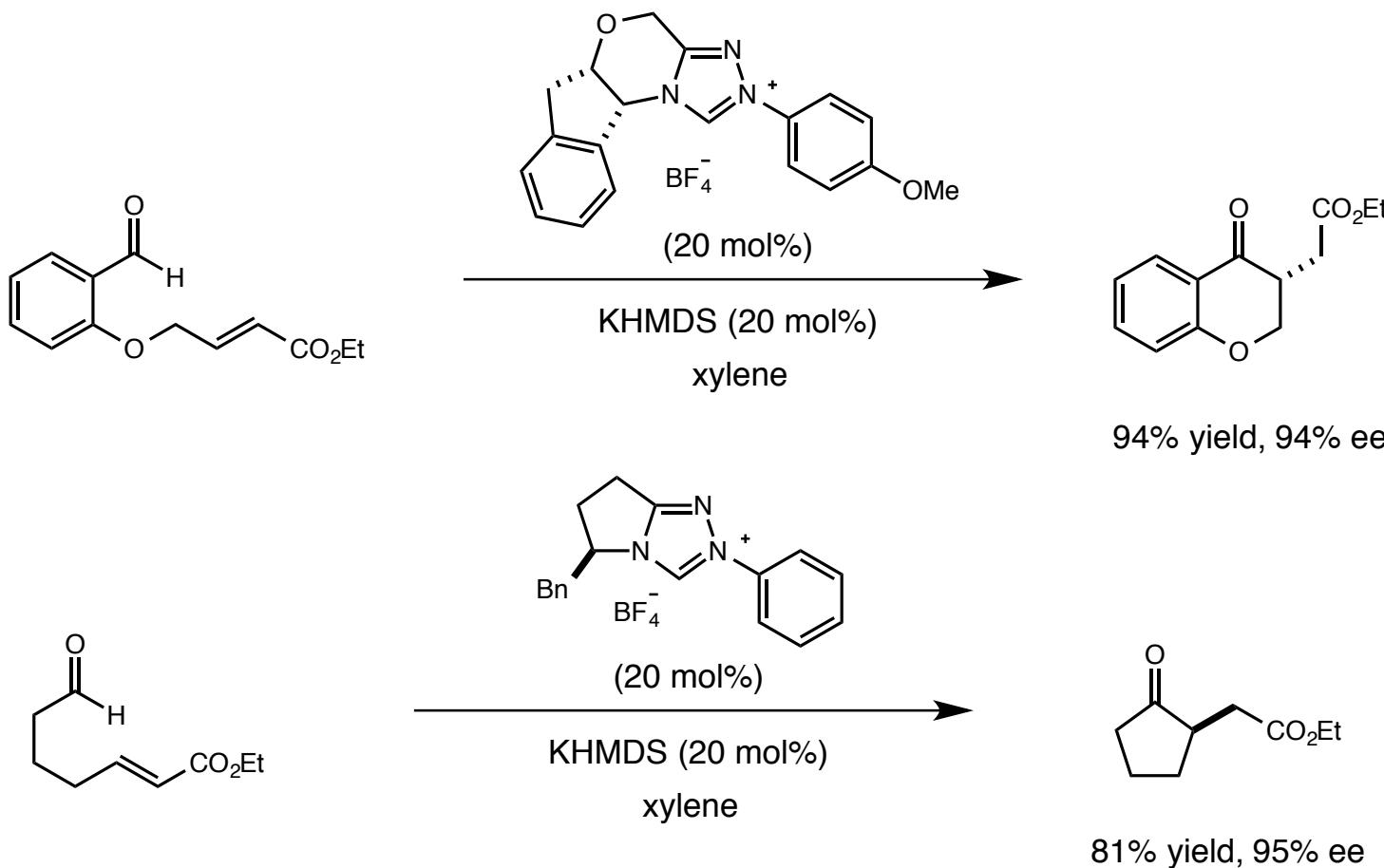


Enders, D.; Breuer, K.; Rumsink, J.; Teles, J. H. *Helv. Chim. Act.* **1996**, 79, 1899.

## The Use of NHCs for the Generation of Acyl Anion Equivalents

### Intramolecular Stetter Reactions

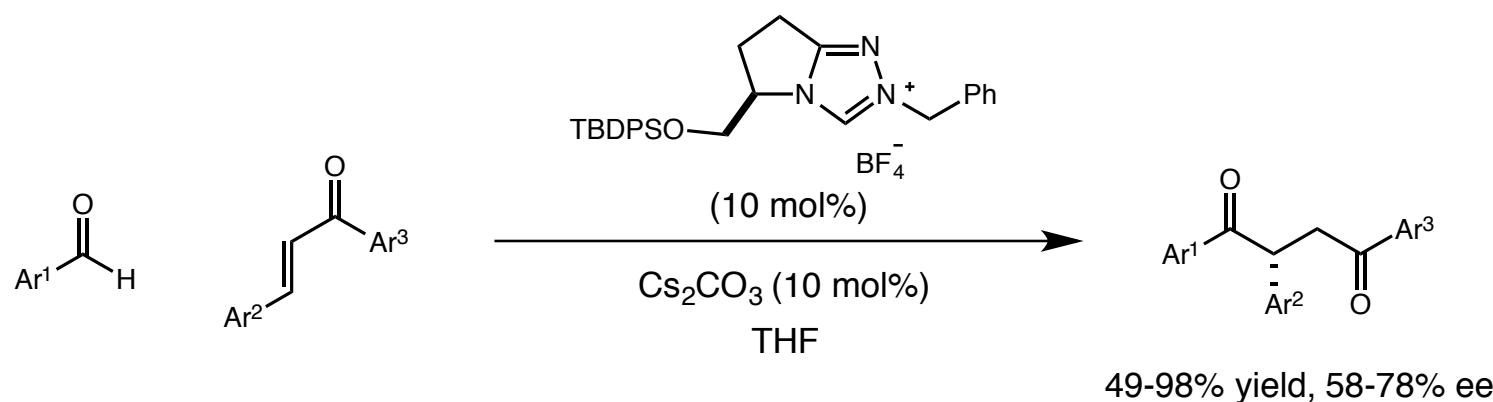
■ Following the original report by Enders, Rovis *et al.* developed the first highly enantioselective intramolecular Stetter reactions



## *The Use of NHCs for the Generation of Acyl Anion Equivalents*

### *Intermolecular Stetter Reactions*

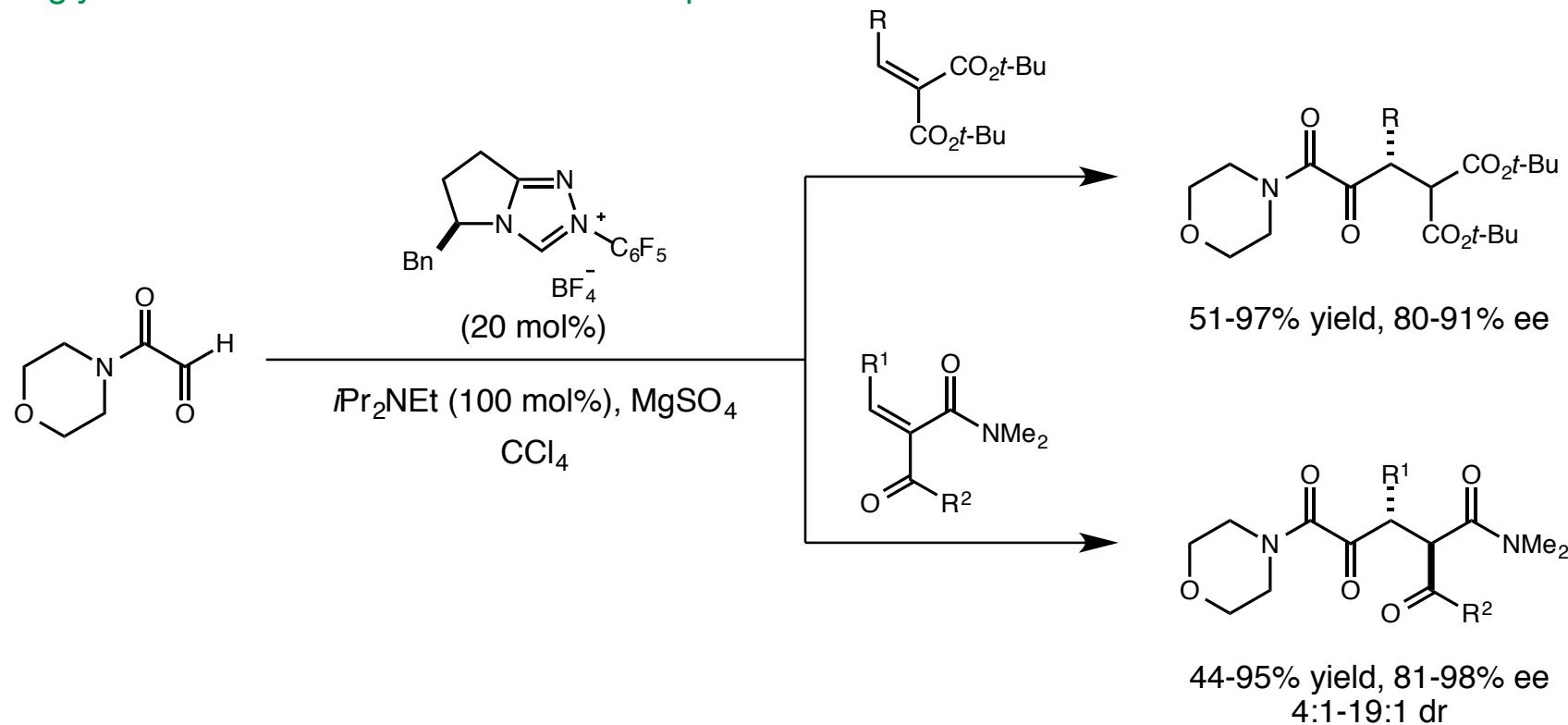
- Development of asymmetric intermolecular Stetter reactions still remains a formidable challenge
- This is due to the diminished reactivity of Michael acceptors containing a  $\beta$ -substituent
- Enders *et al.* developed a high yielding protocol taking advantage of the higher reactivity of chalcones, although the enantioselectivities were only moderate



## The Use of NHCs for the Generation of Acyl Anion Equivalents

### Intermolecular Stetter Reactions

- In the same year Rovis *et al.* reported a highly enantioselective intermolecular Stetter reaction of glyoxamides a number of Michael acceptors



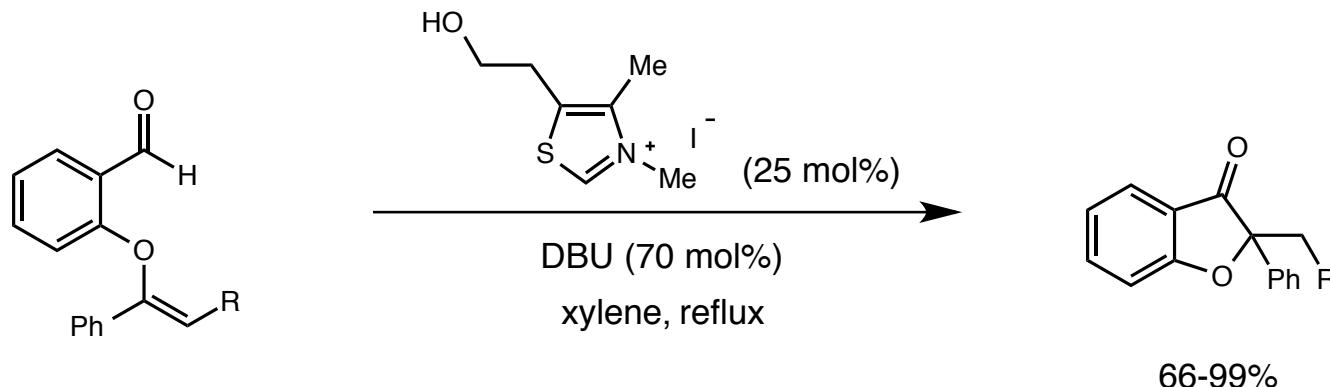
- A limitation was the need for highly activated alkylidene dicarbonyls

**A general strategy for asymmetric intermolecular Stetter reactions has not yet been developed!**

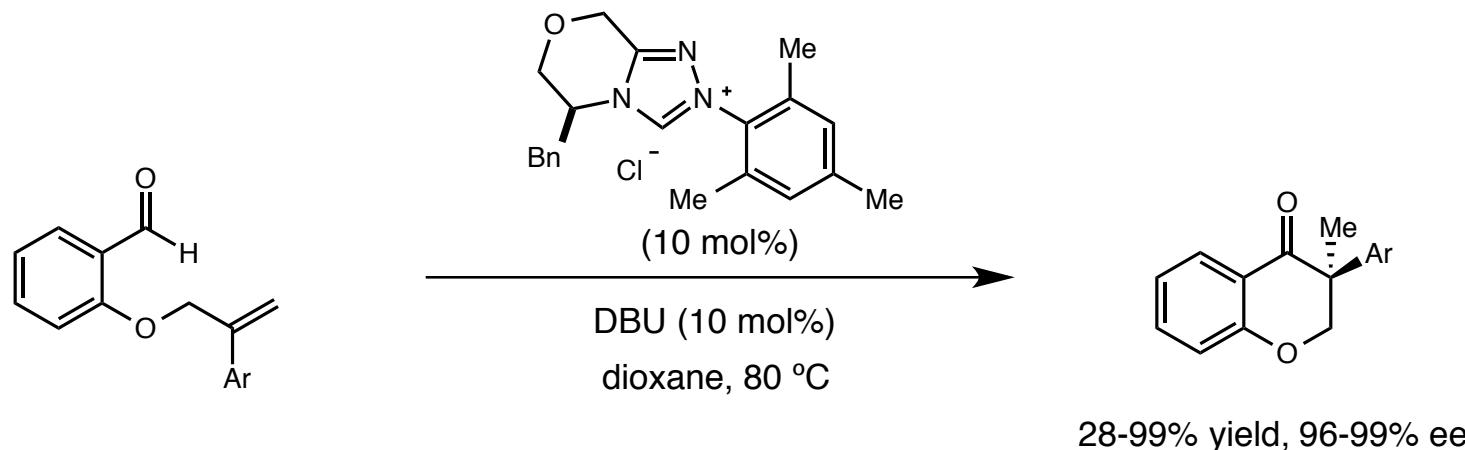
## *The Use of NHCs for the Generation of Acyl Anion Equivalents*

### *Hydroacylation of Unactivated Double Bonds*

- In 2008, She *et al.* reported the intramolecular hydroacylation of enol ethers



- In 2011, Glorius *et al.* reported a highly asymmetric variant



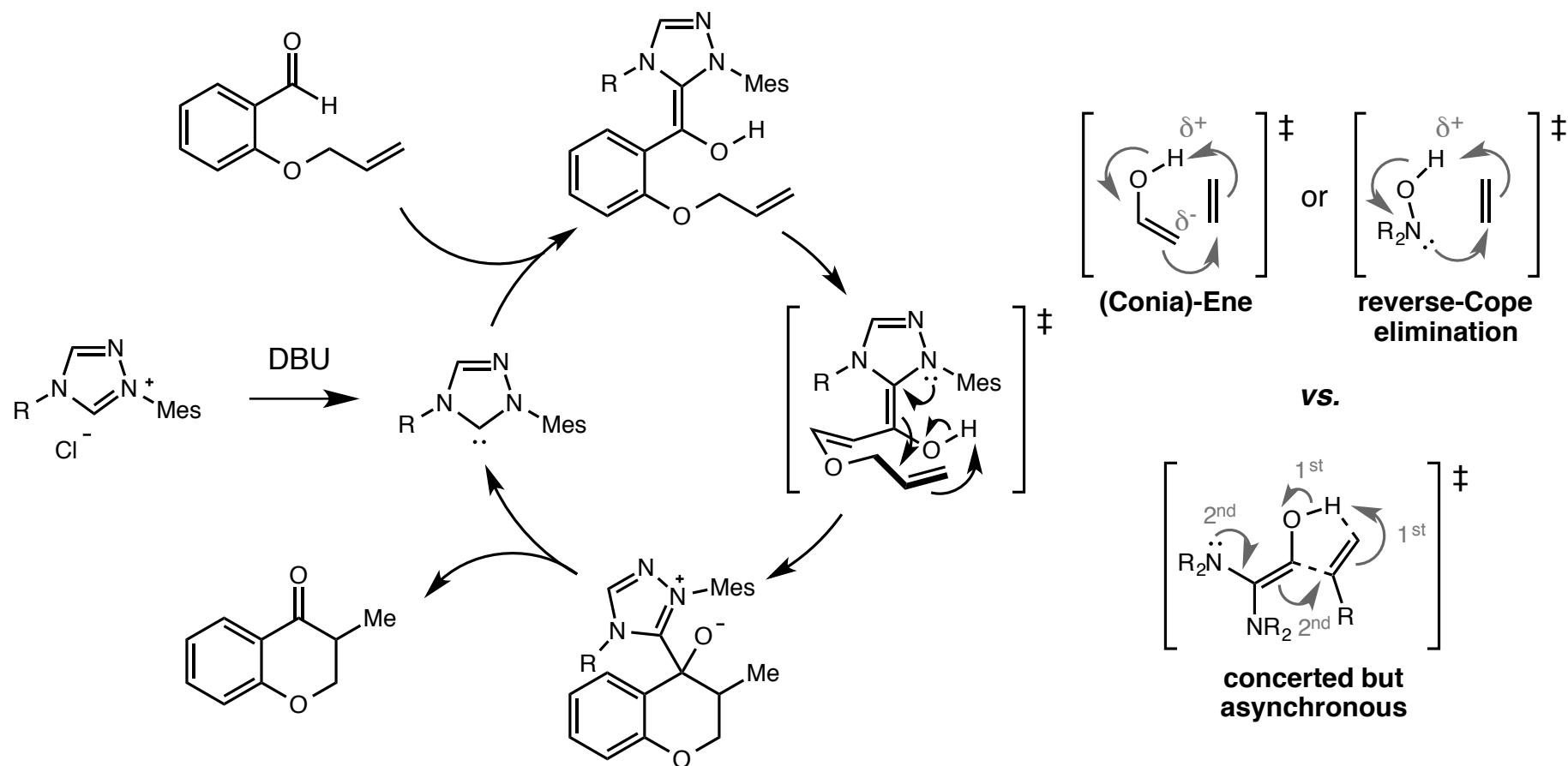
Piel, I.; Steinmetz, M.; Hirano, K.; Fröhlich, R.; Grimme, S.; Glorius, F. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2011**, *50*, 4983.

He, J.; Tang, S.; Liu, J.; Su, Y.; Pan, X.; She, X. *Tetrahedron* **2008**, *64*, 8797.

## The Use of NHCs for the Generation of Acyl Anion Equivalents

### Hydroacylation of Unactivated Double Bonds

■ The mechanism was investigated by Glorius and Grimme and found to likely proceed via a concerted but highly asynchronous transition state.



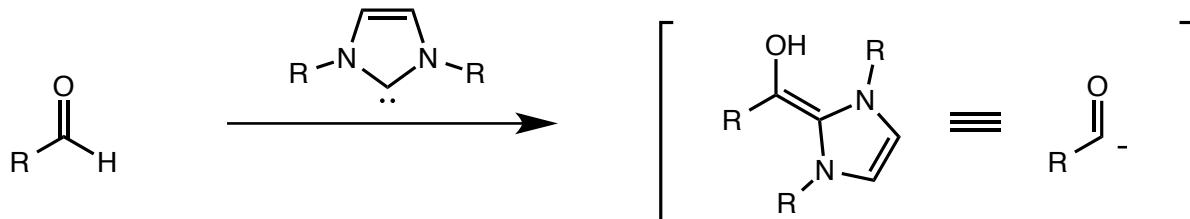
Hirano, K.; Biju, A. T.; Piel, K.; Grimme, S.; Glorius, F. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2009**, *131*, 14190.

Piel, I.; Steinmetz, M.; Hirano, K.; Fröhlich, R.; Grimme, S.; Glorius, F. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2011**, *50*, 4983.

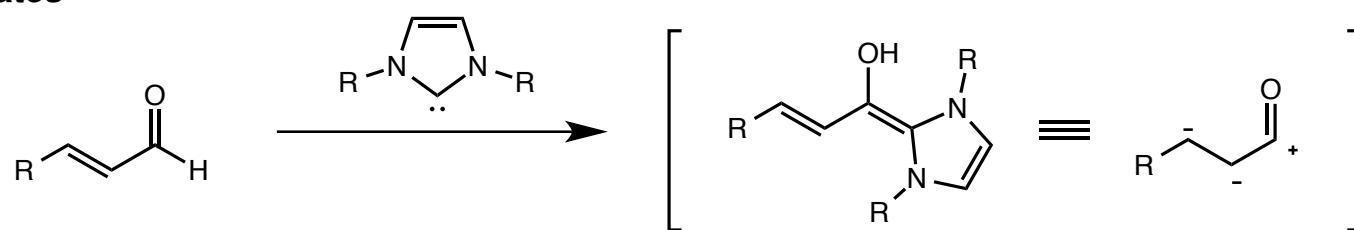
# *N-Heterocyclic Carbenes In Enantioselective Organocatalysis*

## *Modes of Reactivity*

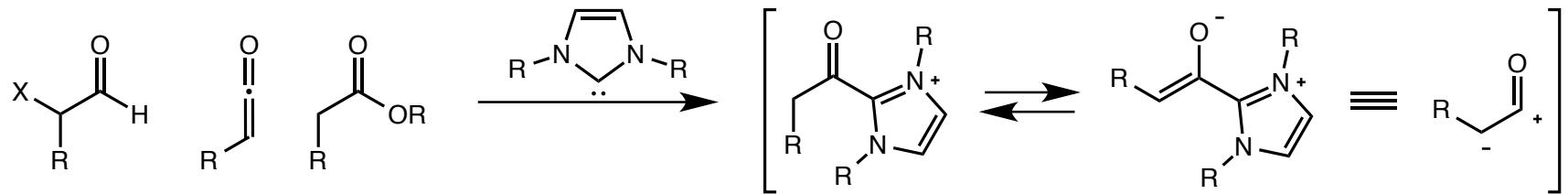
### **Acyl Anions**



### **Homoenolates**



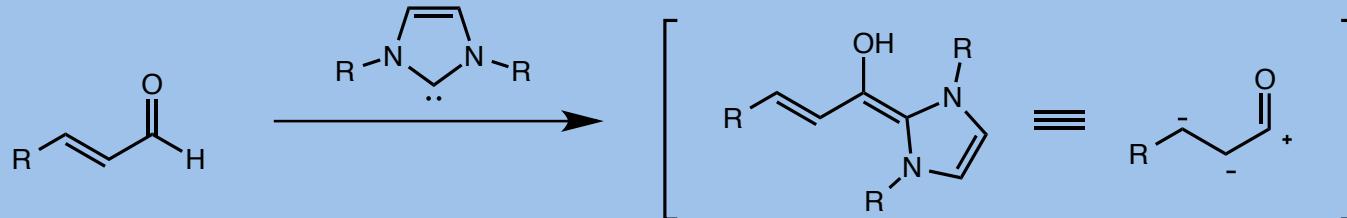
### **Azolium Enolates / Acyl Azoliums**



# *N-Heterocyclic Carbenes In Enantioselective Organocatalysis*

## *Modes of Reactivity*

### **Homoenolates**



■ Cyclopentene Synthesis

■ Spiroannulations

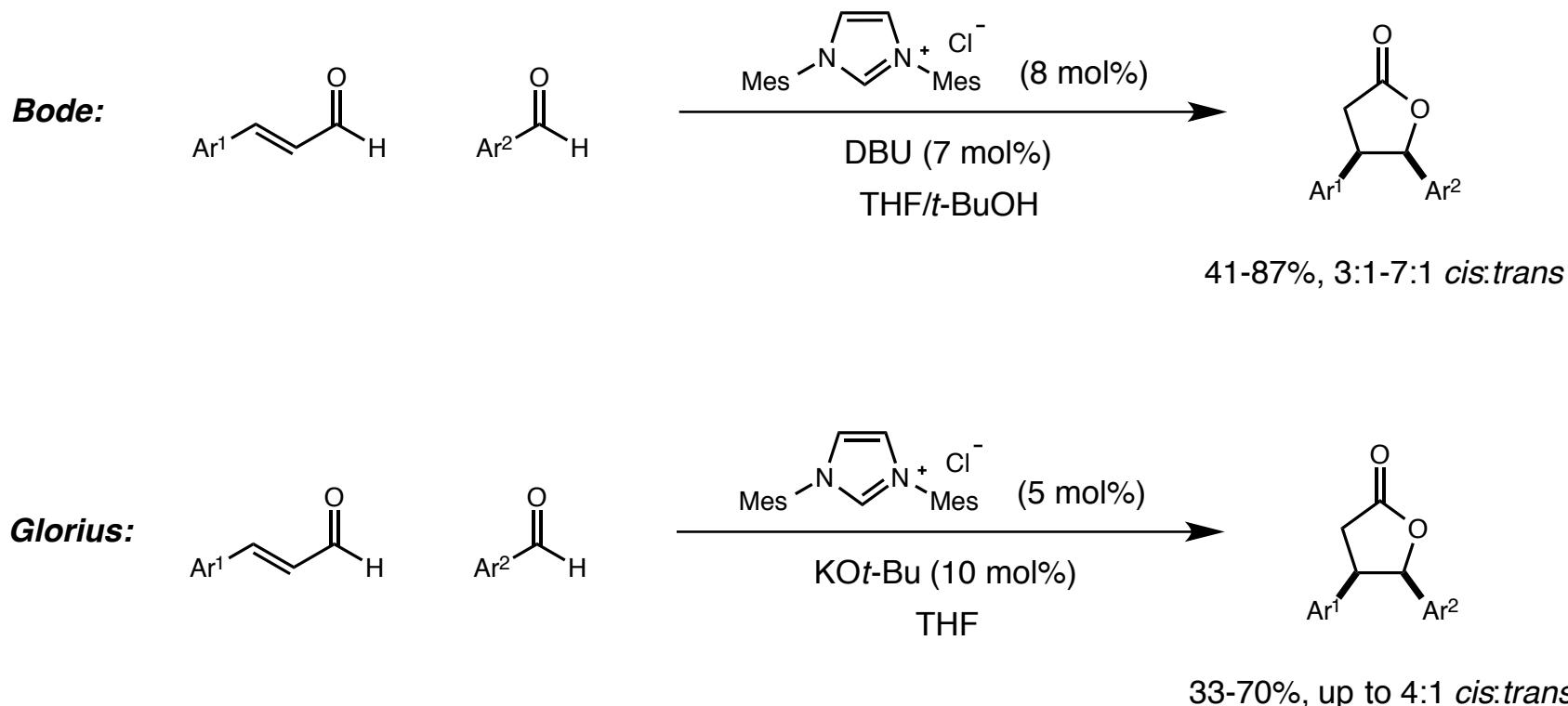
■ Lactam/Lactone Synthesis

■ Conversion of Enals to Saturated Esters

## The Use of NHCs for the Generation of Homoenolates

### The First Examples

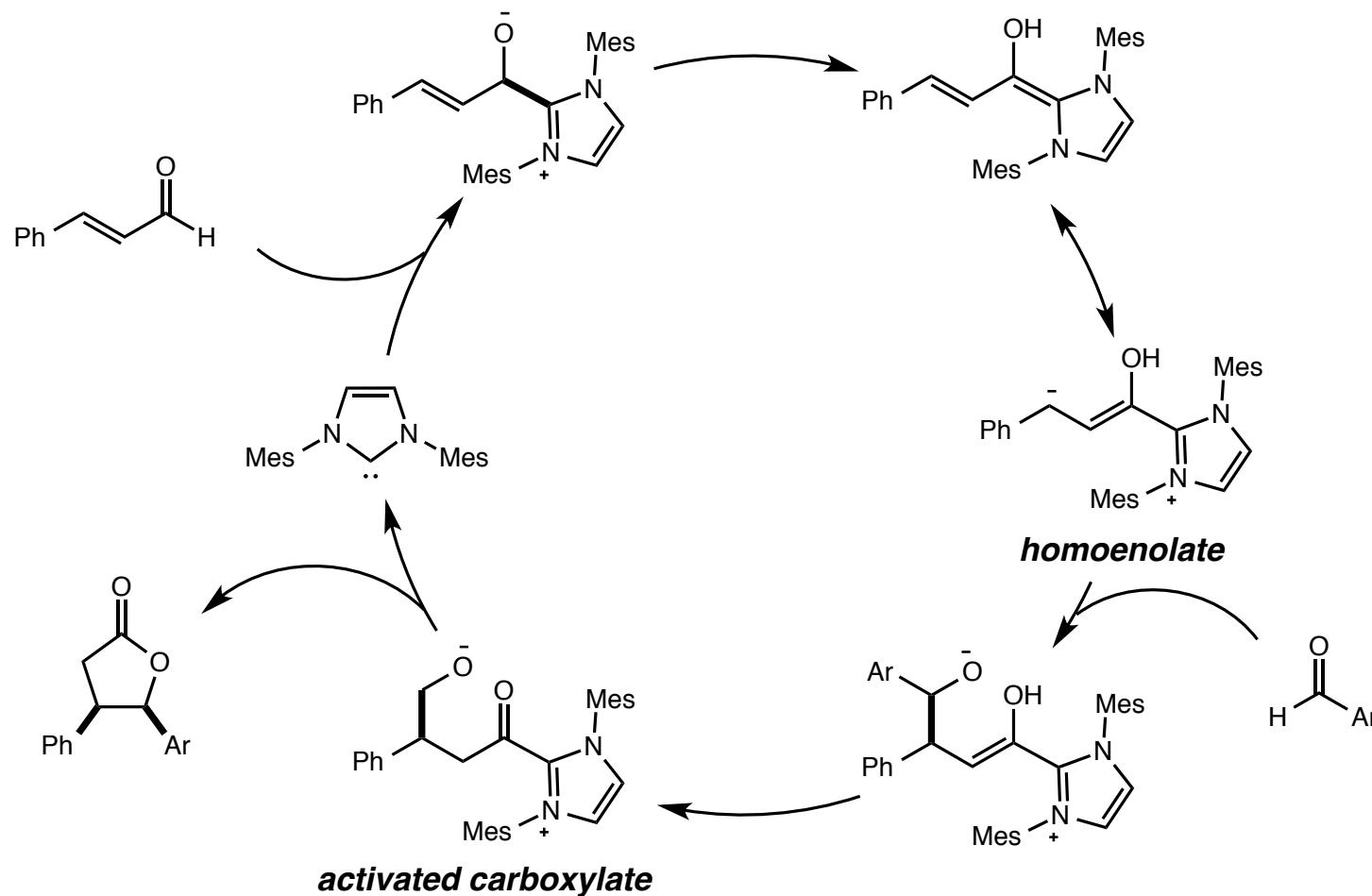
■ In 2004, the groups of Bode and Glorius reported the use of NHC-catalyzed homoenolate formation for the synthesis of  $\gamma$ -butyrolactones



## *The Use of NHCs for the Generation of Homoenolates*

### *The First Examples*

#### ■ Proposed mechanism for the NHC-catalyzed formation $\gamma$ -butyrolactones



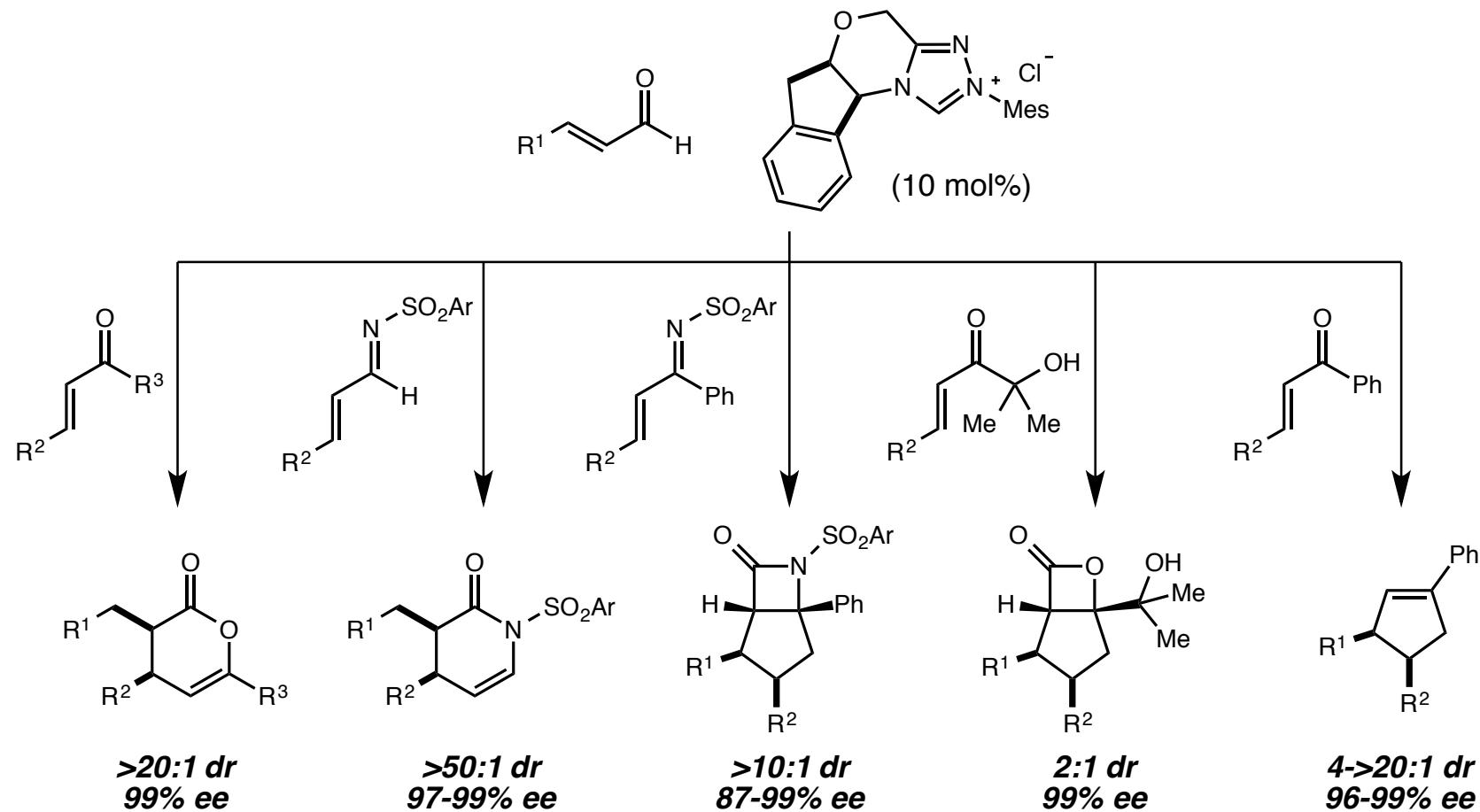
Burstein, C.; Glorius, F. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2004**, *116*, 6331.

Sohn, S. S.; Rosen, E. L.; Bode, J. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2004**, *126*, 14370.

## The Use of NHCs for the Generation of Homoenolates

Many Asymmetric Examples Followed

■ Bode *et al.* demonstrated a variety of highly enantioselective transformations of homoenolates



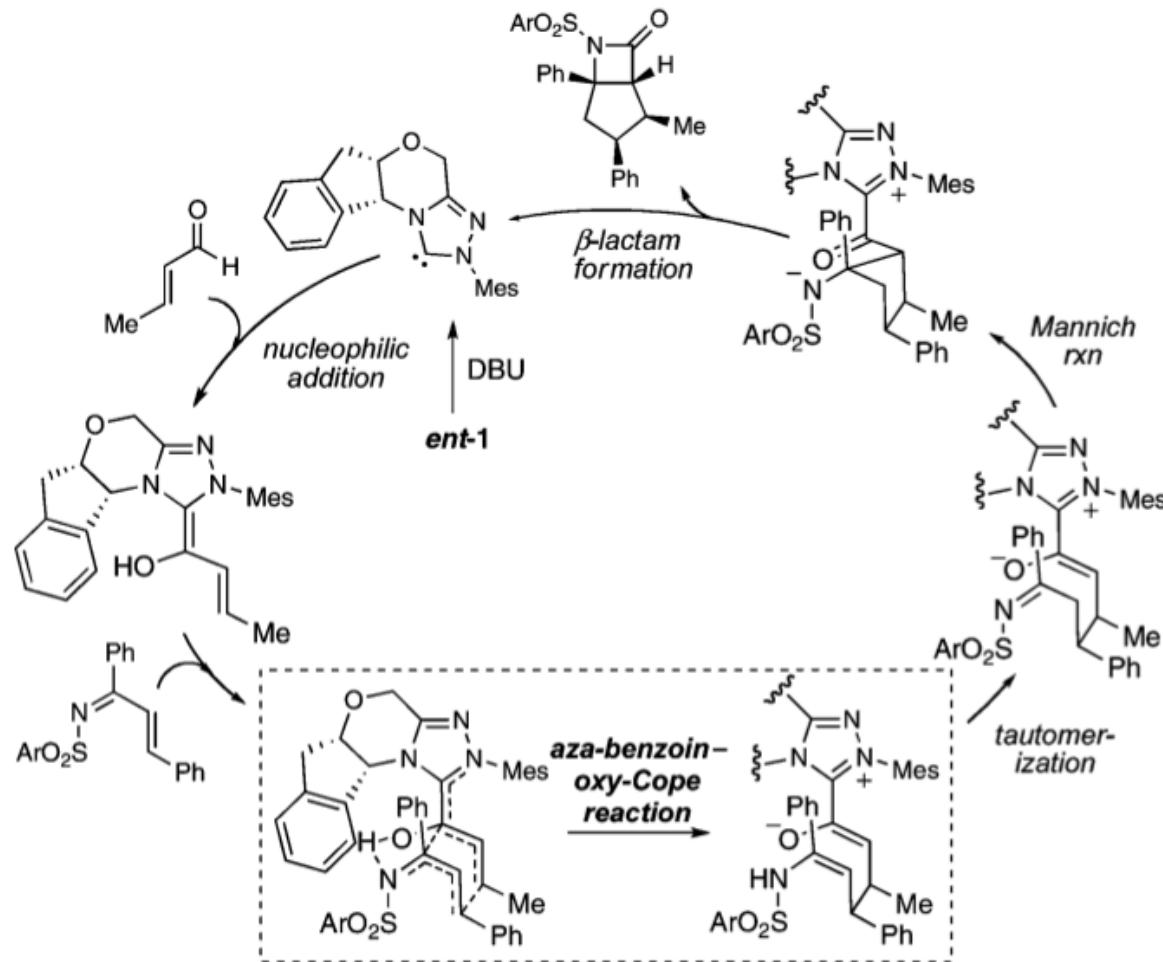
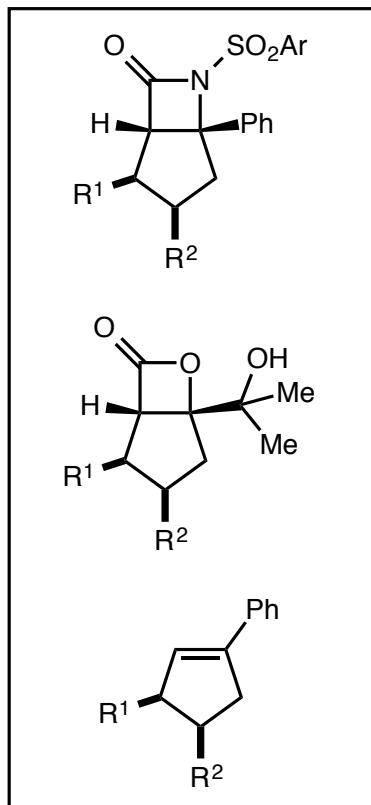
He, M.; Bode, J. W. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* 2008, 130, 418.  
Kaeobamrung, J.; Bode, J. W. *Org. Lett.* 2009, 11, 677.

He, M.; Struble, J. R.; Bode, J. W. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* 2006, 128, 8418.  
Chiang, P.-C.; Kaeobamrung, J.; Bode, J. W. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* 2007, 129, 3520.  
Kaeobamrung, J.; Kozlowski, M. C.; Bode, J. W. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci.* 2010, 107, 20661.

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*Many Asymmetric Examples Followed*

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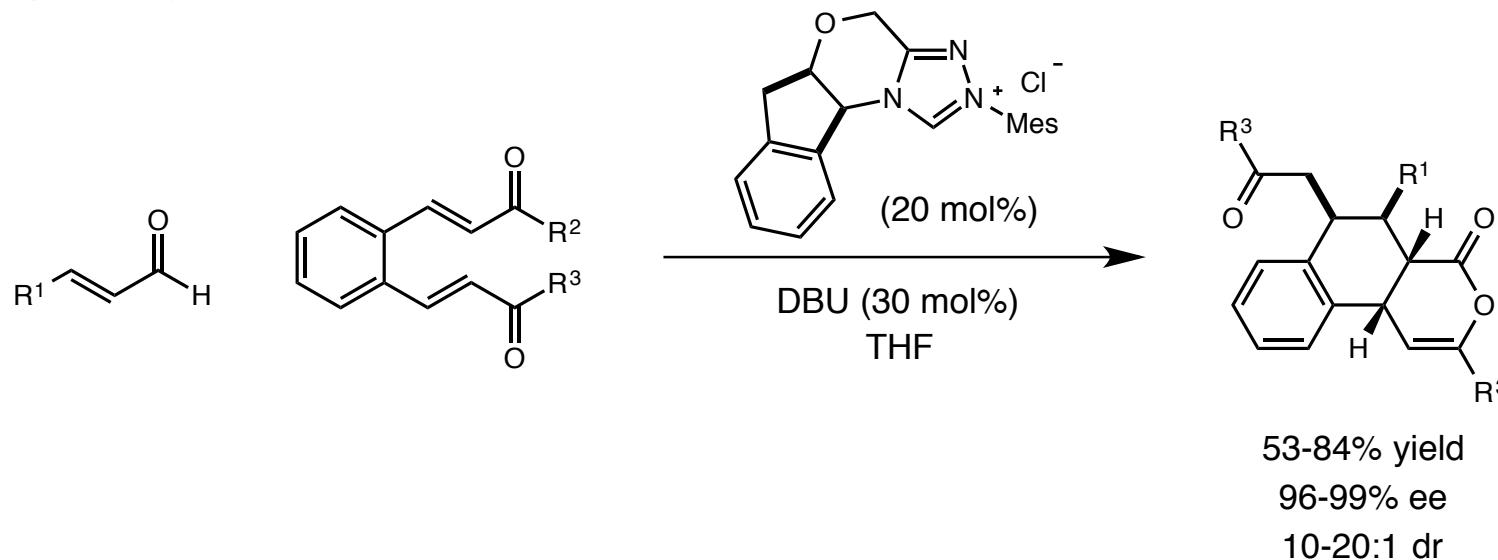


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## *The Use of NHCs for the Generation of Homoenolates*

*Many Asymmetric Examples Followed*

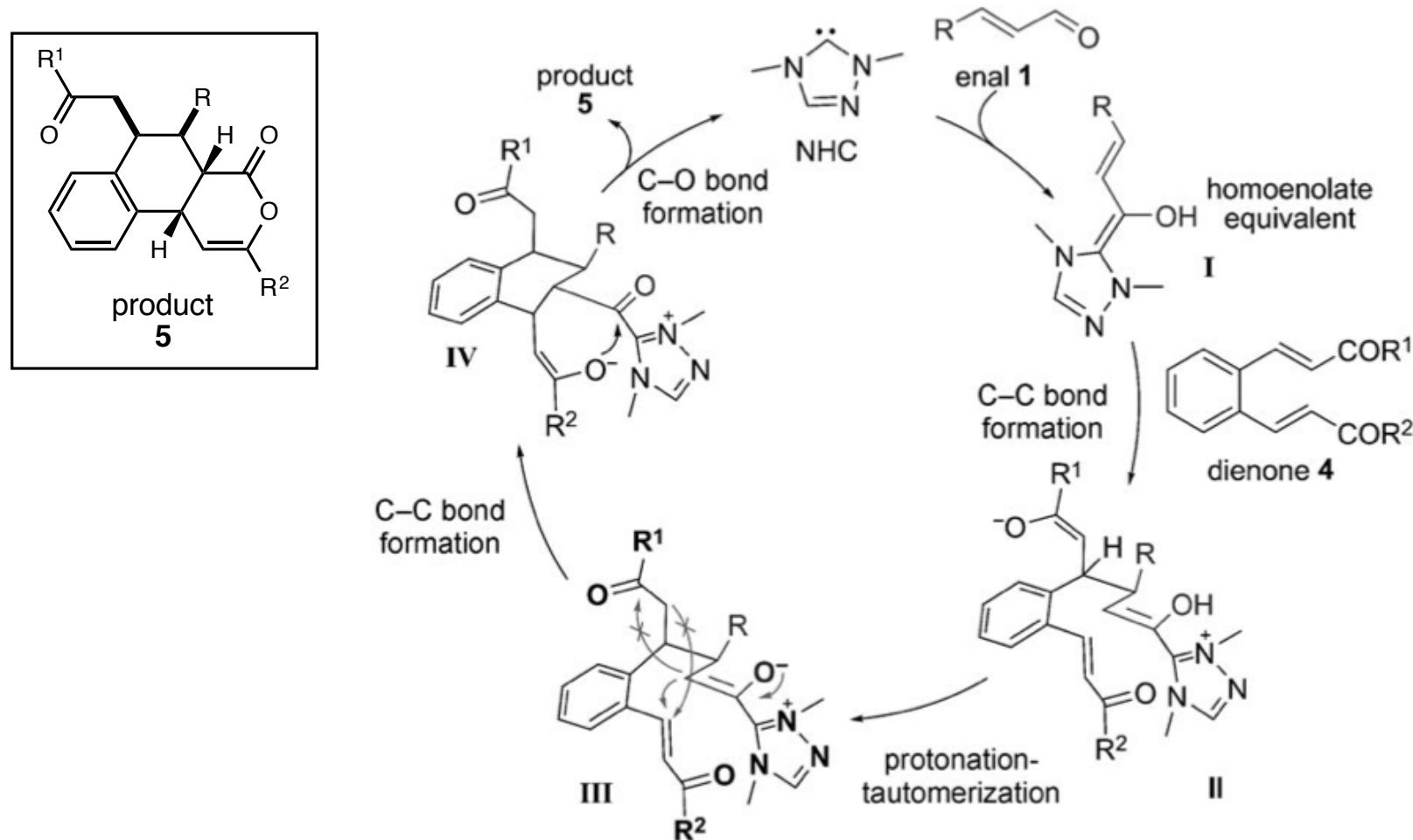
■ Recently, Chi *et al.* demonstrated a homoenolate coupling with benzodi(enone)s for the synthesis of complex tricyclic structures



## *The Use of NHCs for the Generation of Homoenolates*

*Many Asymmetric Examples Followed*

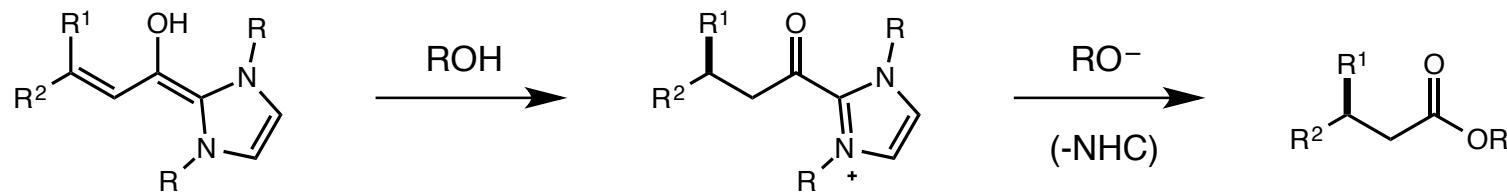
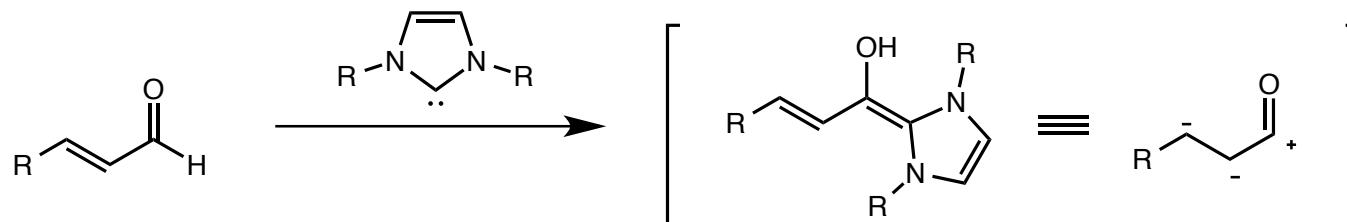
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# *N-Heterocyclic Carbenes As Enantioselective Organocatalysts*

## *Alternative Applications of Homoenolates*

### **Homoenolates**

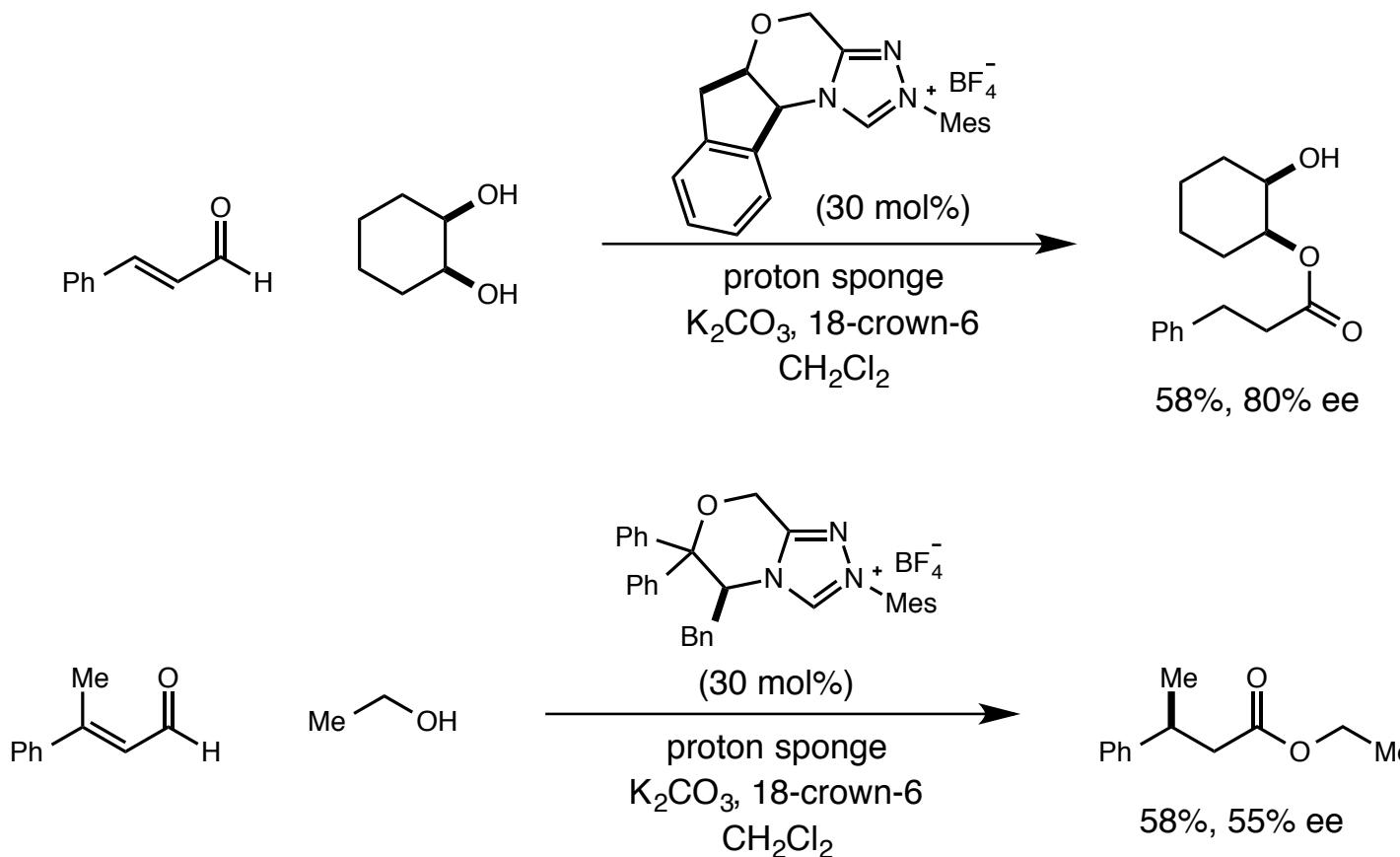


**"Redox Relay"**

## The Use of NHCs for the Generation of Homoenolates

### Alternative Applications of Homoenolates

■ Using this ester formation reaction they could perform desymmetrizations of *meso* diols and enantioselective protonations of  $\beta,\beta$ -disubstituted enals



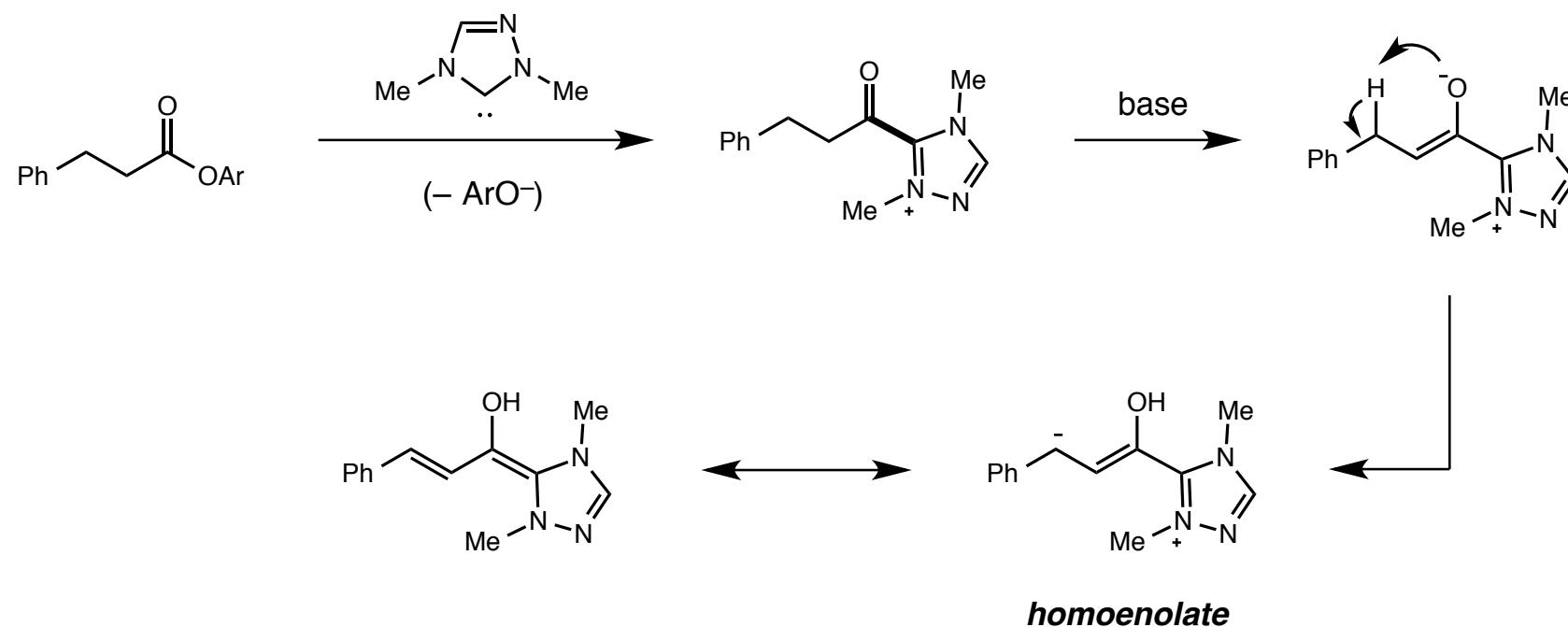
Maki, B.; Chan, A.; Phillips, E. M.; Scheidt, K. A. *Org. Lett.* **2007**, *9*, 371.

Chan, A.; Scheidt, K. A. *Org. Lett.* **2005**, *7*, 905.

## *The Use of NHCs for the Generation of Homoenolates*

### *Alternative Applications of Homoenolates*

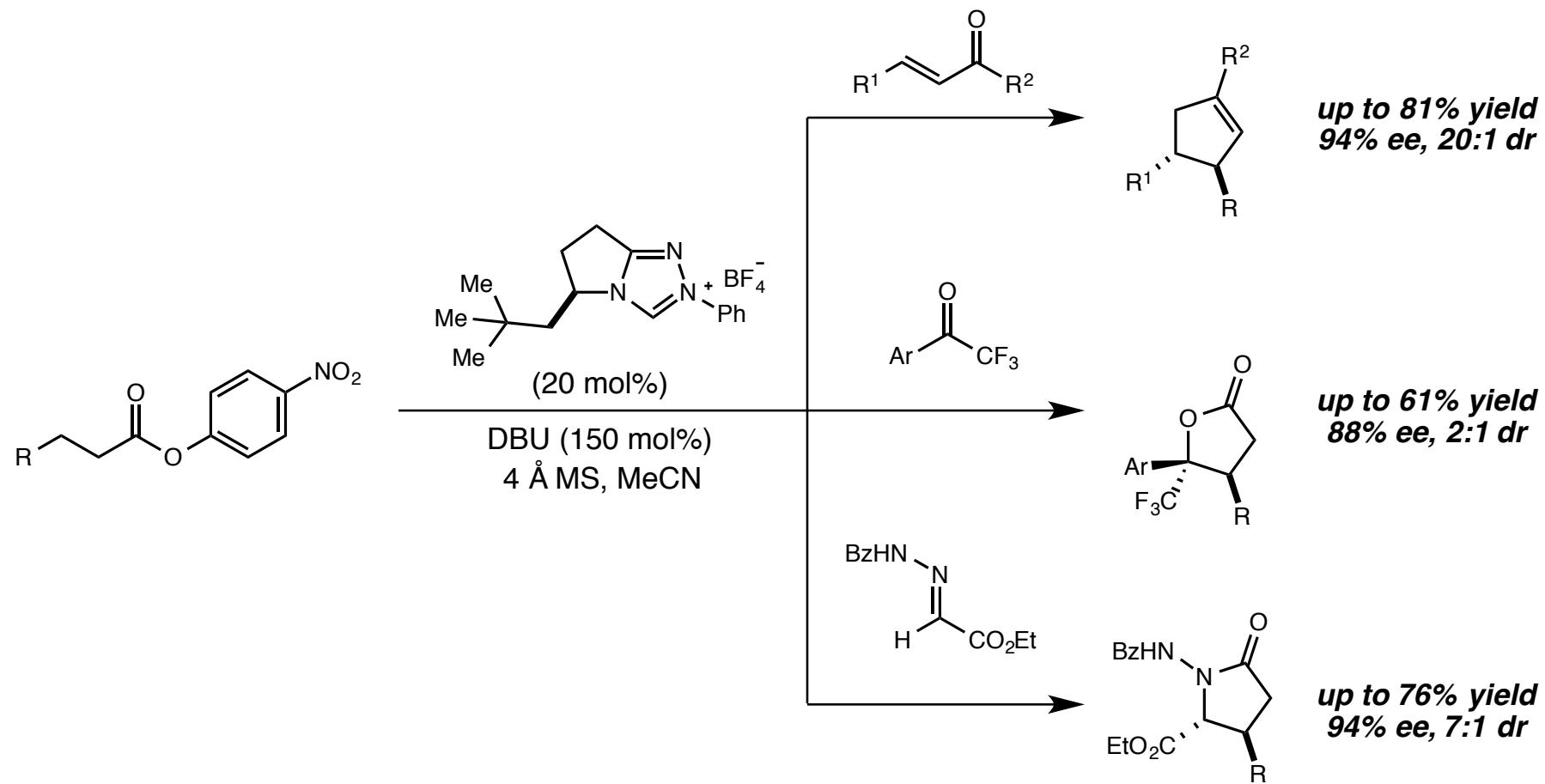
■ The group of Chi has reported the reversed process for the generation of homoenolates from saturated esters, allowing for direct  $\beta$ -substitution.



## *The Use of NHCs for the Generation of Homoenolates*

### *Alternative Applications of Homoenolates*

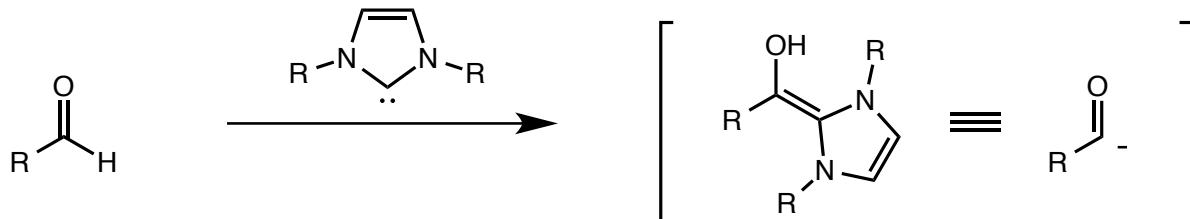
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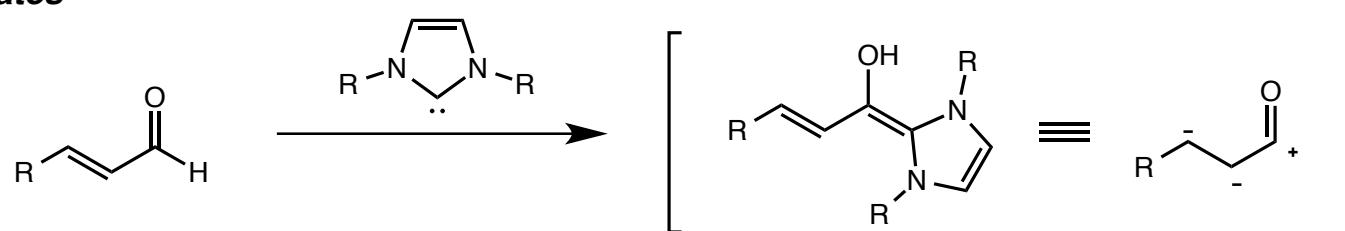
# *N-Heterocyclic Carbenes In Enantioselective Organocatalysis*

## *Modes of Reactivity*

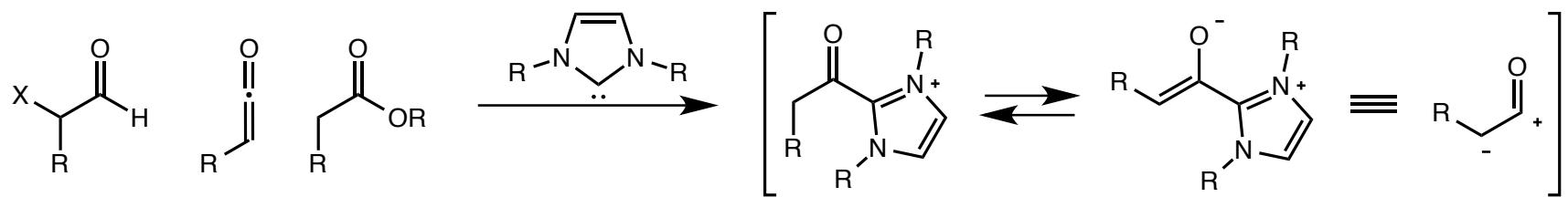
### **Acyl Anions**



### **Homoenolates**



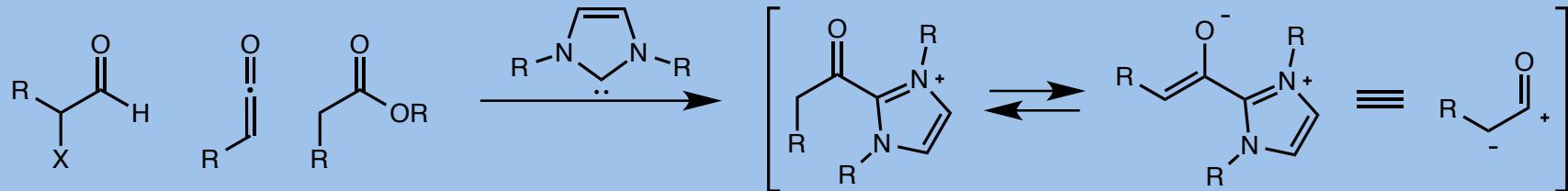
### **Azolium Enolates / Acyl Azoliums**



# *N-Heterocyclic Carbenes In Enantioselective Organocatalysis*

## *Modes of Reactivity*

### **Azolium Enolates / Acyl Azoliums**

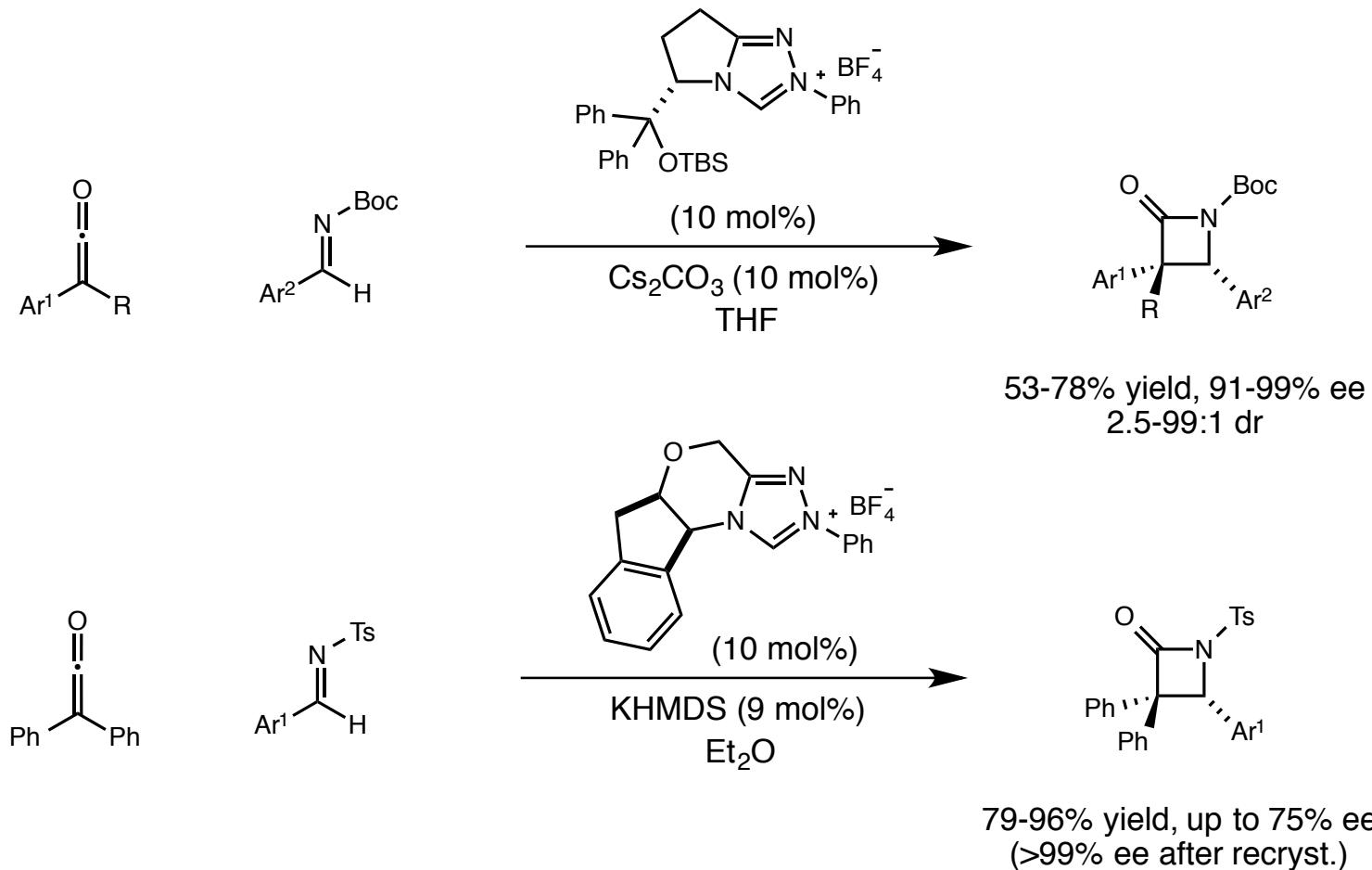


- [2+2] Cycloadditions
- [4+2] Cycloadditions
- [3+2] cycloadditions
- Enolate Chemistry

## The Use of NHCs for the Generation of Azolium Enolates

### The First Examples

■ The groups of Ye and Smith independently developed formal [2+2] cycloadditions promoted by the addition of NHCs to ketenes

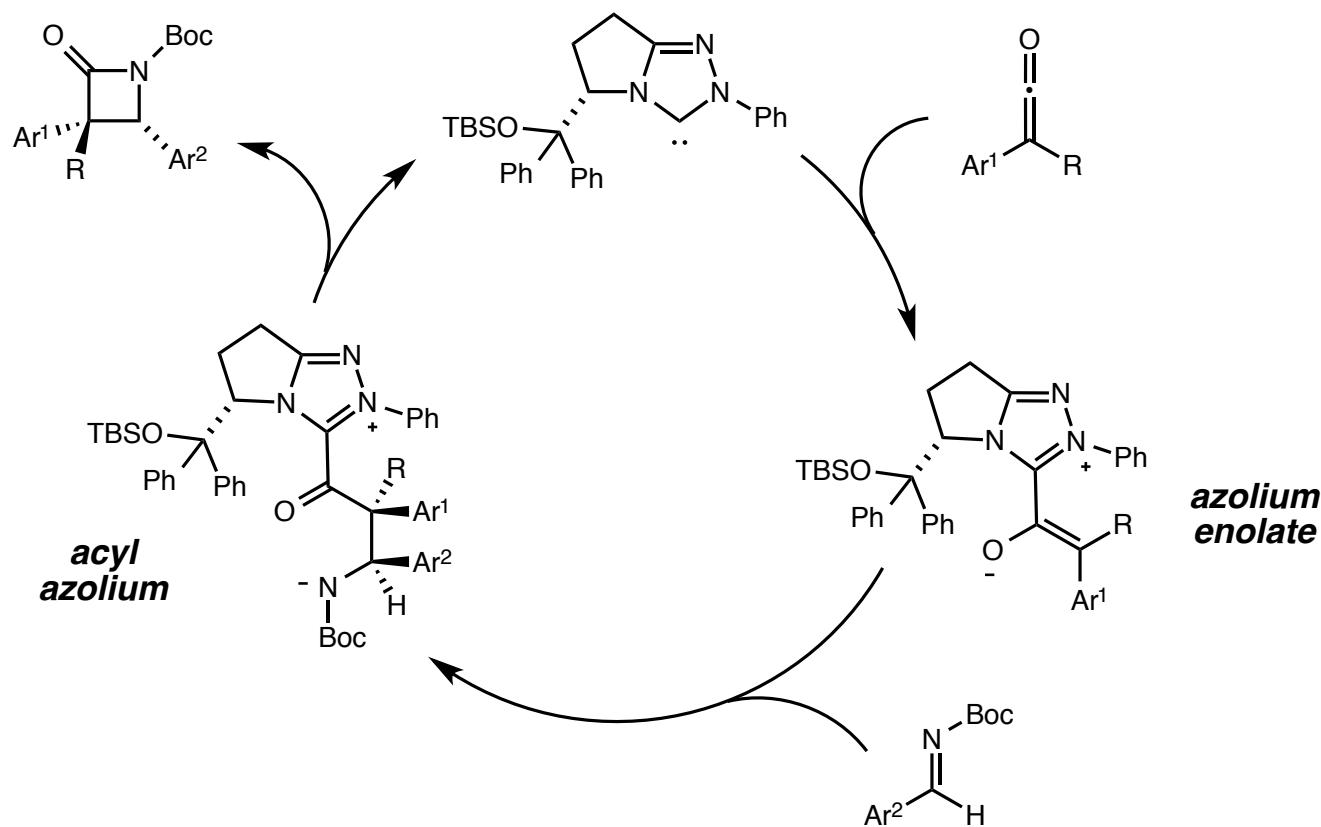


Zhang, Y.-R.; He, L.; Wu, X.; Shao, P.-L.; Ye, S.; *Org. Lett.* **2008**, *10*, 277.  
Duguet, N.; Campbell, C. D.; Slawin, A. M. Z.; Smith, A. C. *Org. Biomol. Chem.* **2008**, *6*, 1108.

# *The Use of NHCs for the Generation of Azolium Enolates*

## *The First Examples*

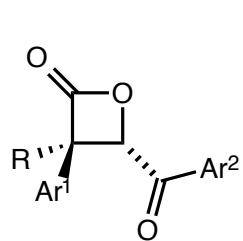
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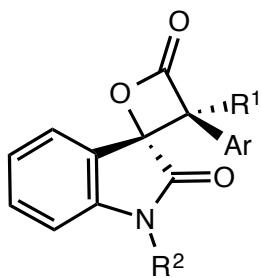
## *The Use of NHCs for the Generation of Azolium Enolates*

### *Expanding the Scope of [2+2] Cycloadditions*

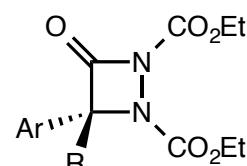
- Since 2008, Ye *et al.* have reported numerous other enantioselective [2+2] cycloadditions



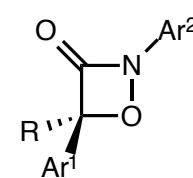
**2008**



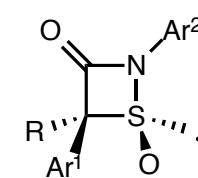
**2010**



**2010**



**2011**

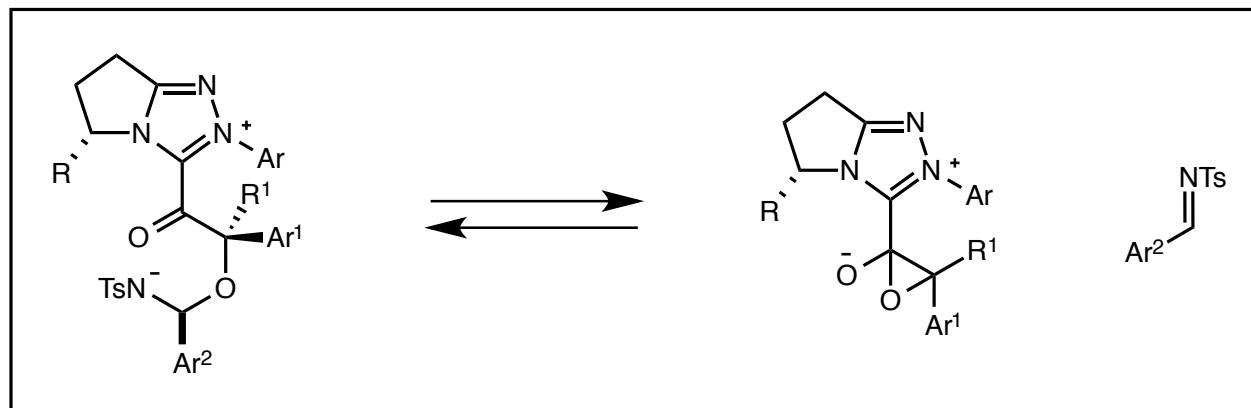
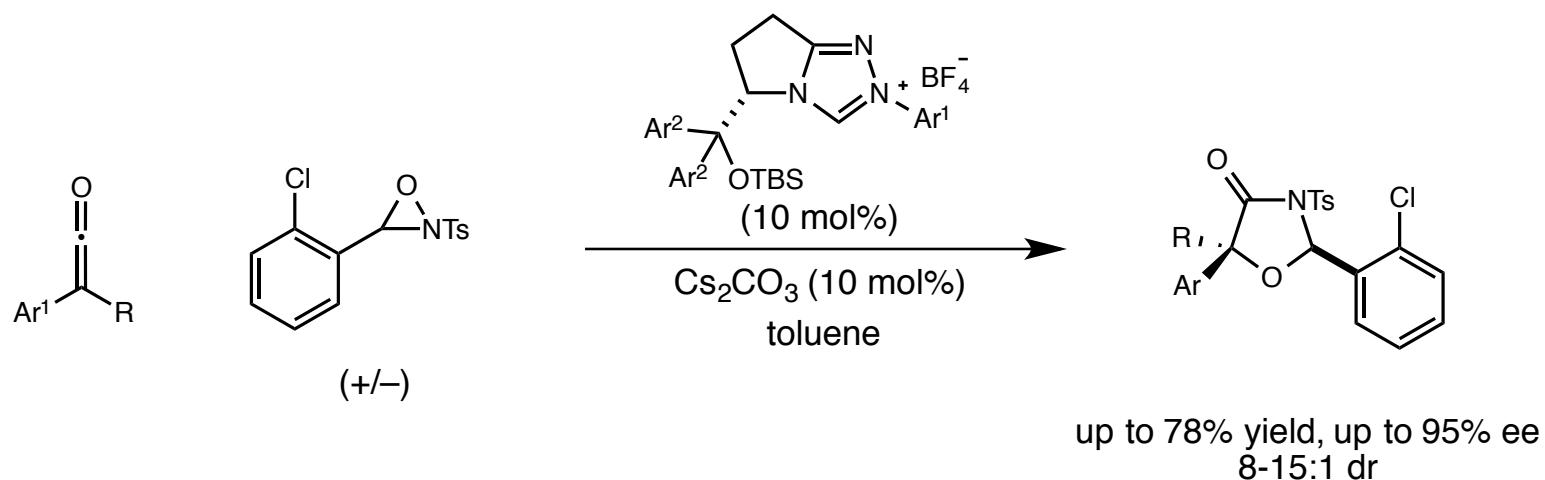


**2011**

## *The Use of NHCs for the Generation of Azolium Enolates*

### [3+2] Cycloadditions

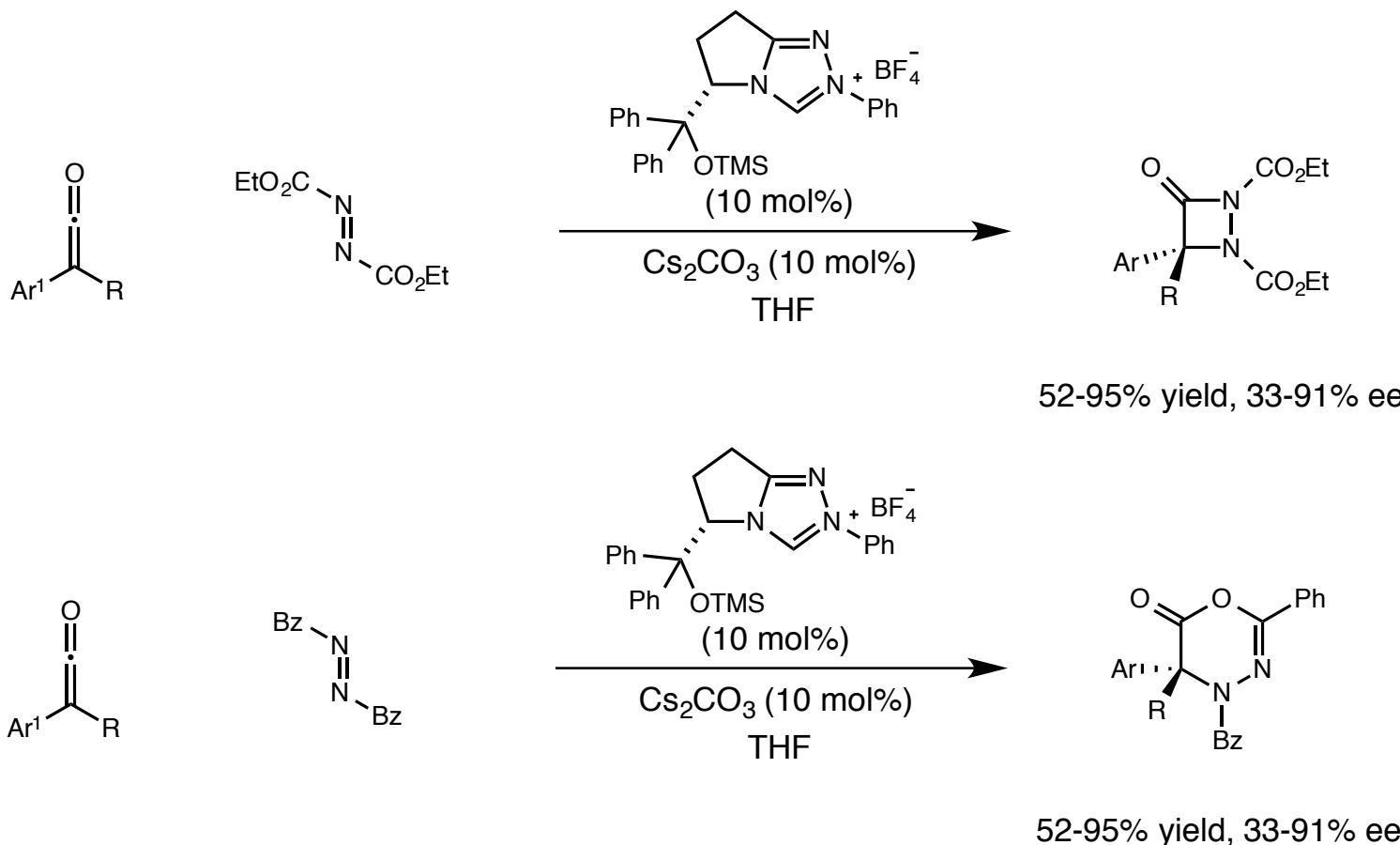
- The same group also reported an analogous [3+2] cycloaddition using oxaziridines



## *The Use of NHCs for the Generation of Azolium Enolates*

### [4+2] Cycloadditions

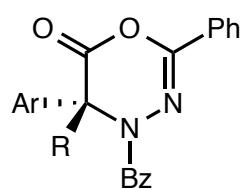
■ Ye *et al.* also demonstrated a number [4+2] cycloaddition reactions



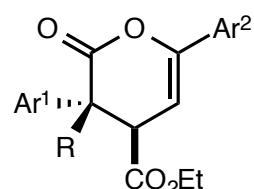
## *The Use of NHCs for the Generation of Azolium Enolates*

### [4+2] Cycloadditions

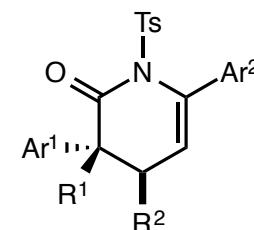
■ Ye *et al.* reported the use of a variety of other 'dienes' in [4+2] cycloaddition reactions



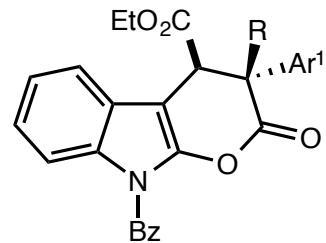
**50-92% yield**  
**>90% ee**



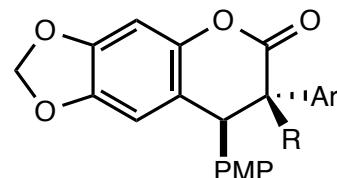
**>80% yield**  
**57-93% ee**  
**>15:1 dr**



**>80% yield**  
**83-93% ee**  
**>10:1 dr**



**88-99% yield**  
**69-90% ee**  
**3-10:1 dr**

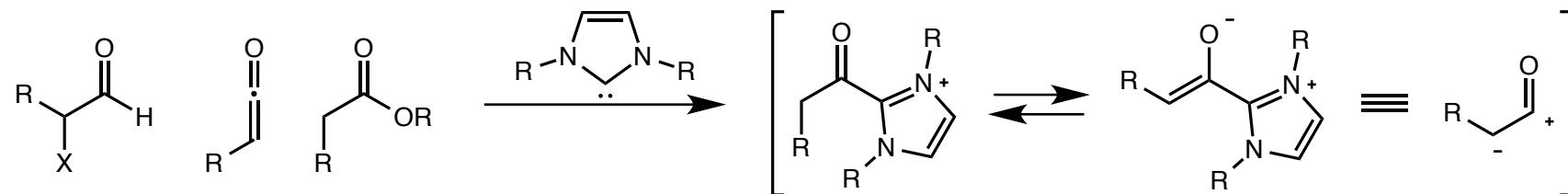


**30-96% yield**  
**51-99% ee**  
**2-9:1 dr**

# *N-Heterocyclic Carbenes As Enantioselective Organocatalysts*

## *Modes of Reactivity*

### **Azolium Enolates / Acyl Azoliums**

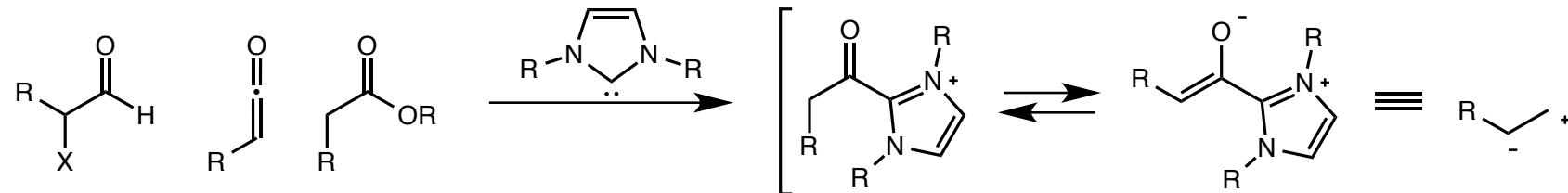


- [2+2] Cycloadditions
- [4+2] Cycloadditions
- [3+2] cycloadditions
- Enolate Chemistry

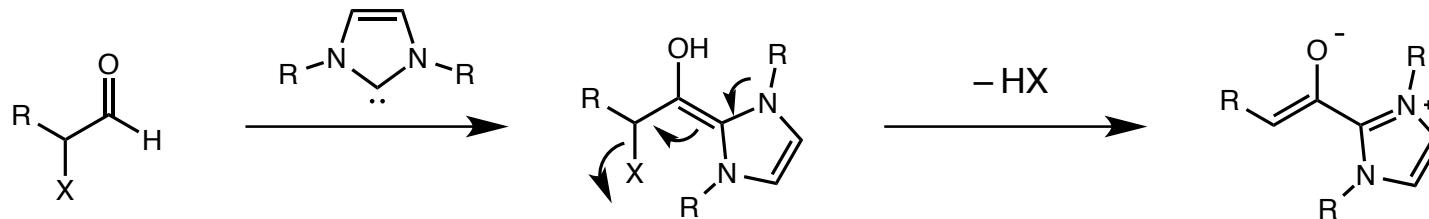
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## *Modes of Reactivity*

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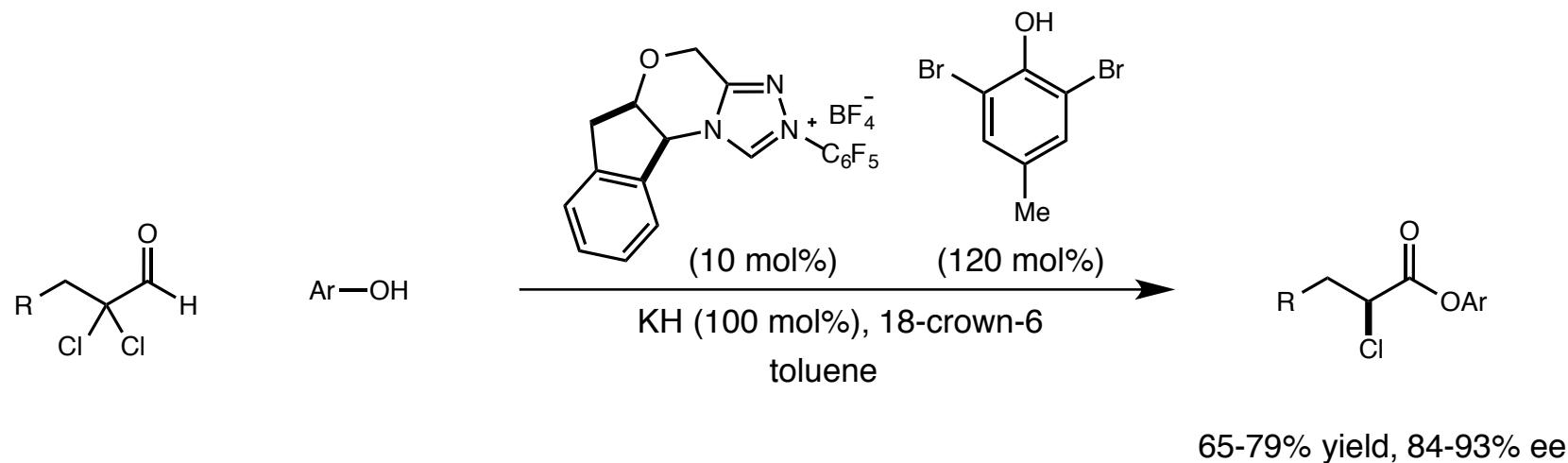
### ■ Enolate chemistry of $\alpha$ -functionalized aldehydes



## *The Use of NHCs for the Generation of Azolium Enolates*

## *Utilizing $\alpha$ Functionalized Aldehydes*

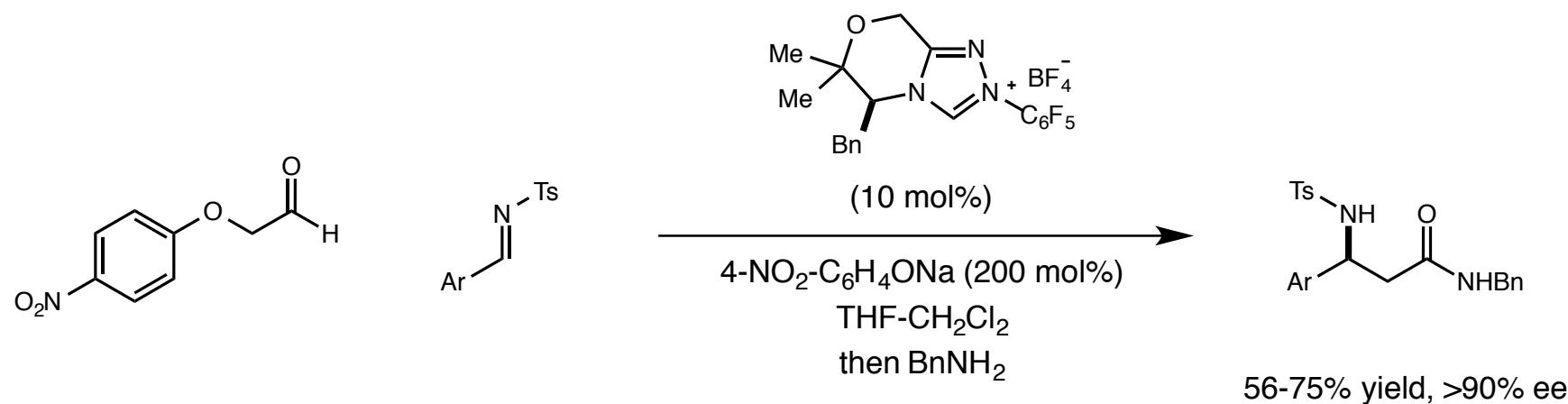
- In 2005, Rovis *et al.* developed a synthesis of  $\alpha$ -chloro esters utilizing an enantioselective protonation of an *in situ* generated  $\alpha$ -chloro enolate



## *The Use of NHCs for the Generation of Azolium Enolates*

### *Utilizing $\alpha$ Functionalized Aldehydes*

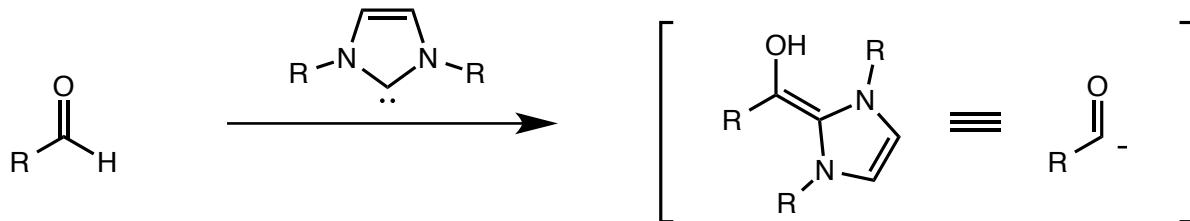
- In 2009, Scheidt *et al.* demonstrated that  $\alpha$ -aryloxyacetaldehyde to be competent enolate equivalents in Mannich reactions, giving  $\beta$ -amino amide derivatives



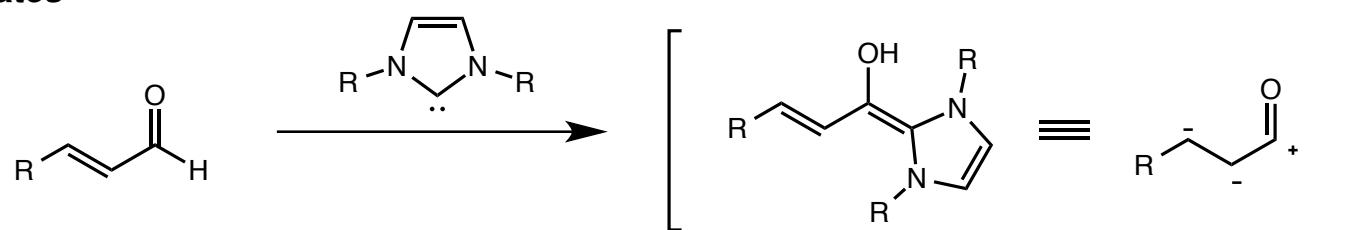
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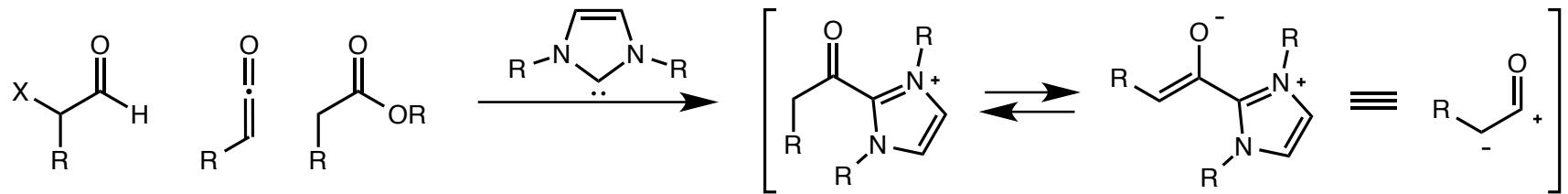
### **Acyl Anions**



### **Homoenolates**



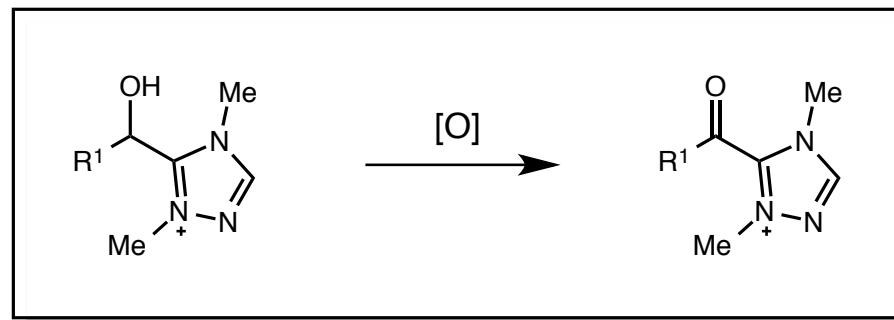
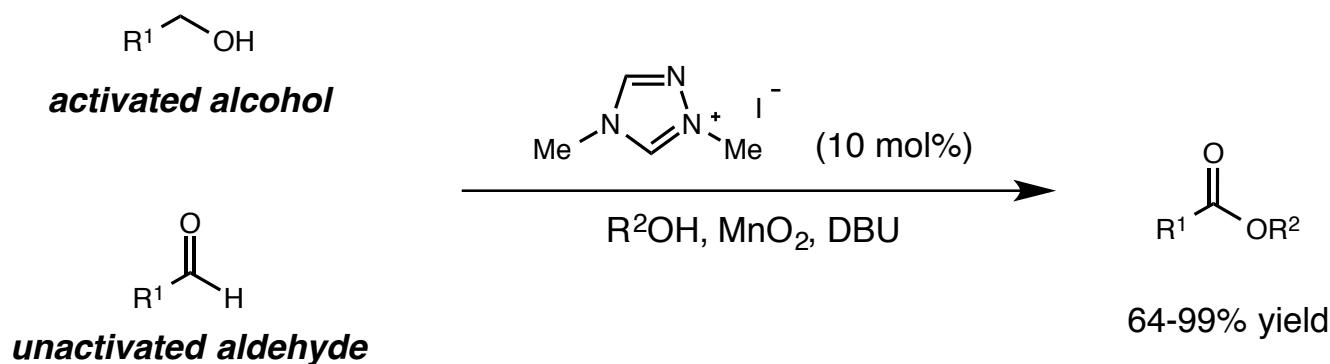
### **Azolium Enolates / Acyl Azoliums**



## Oxidative NHC Catalysis

### Oxidative Functionalization of Aldehydes

■ In 2007 and 2008, Scheidt *et al.* demonstrated NHCs could catalyze the  $\text{MnO}_2$ -promoted oxidation of benzylic and vinylic alcohols to esters, and unactivated aldehydes to esters



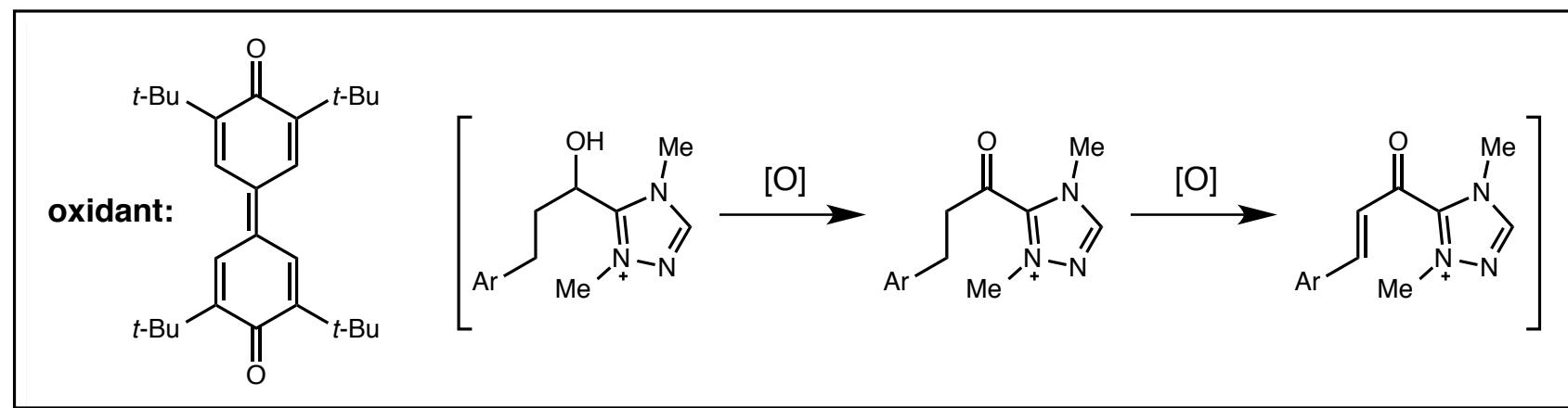
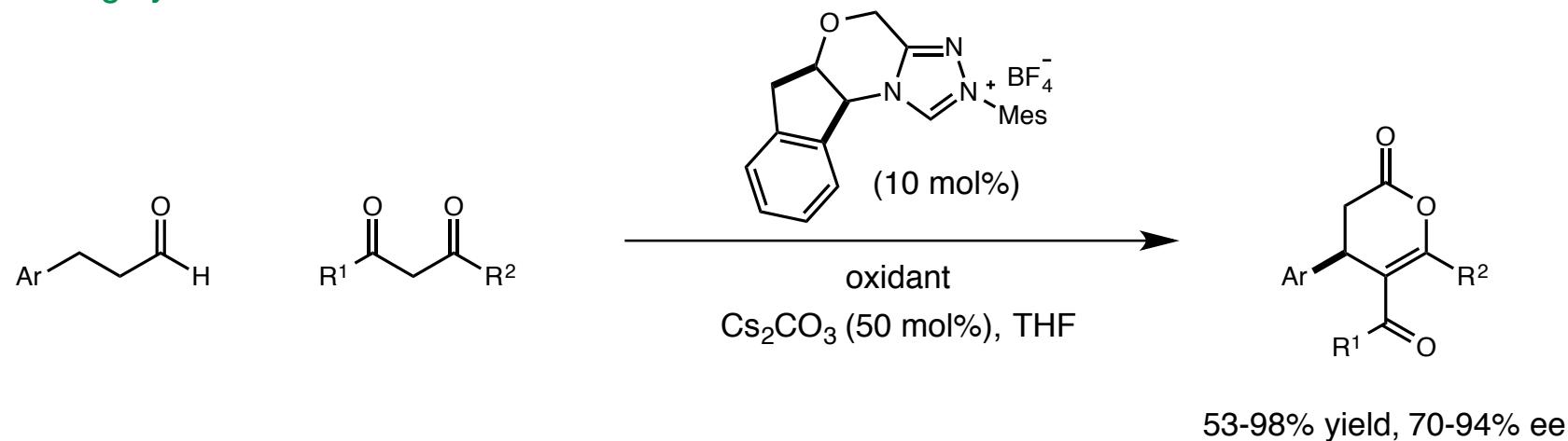
Maki, B. E.; Chan, A.; Phillips, E. M.; Scheidt, K. A. *Org. Lett.* **2007**, *9*, 371.

Maki, B. E.; Scheidt, K. A. *Org. Lett.* **2008**, *10*, 4331.

## Oxidative NHC Catalysis

### Oxidative Functionalization of Aldehydes

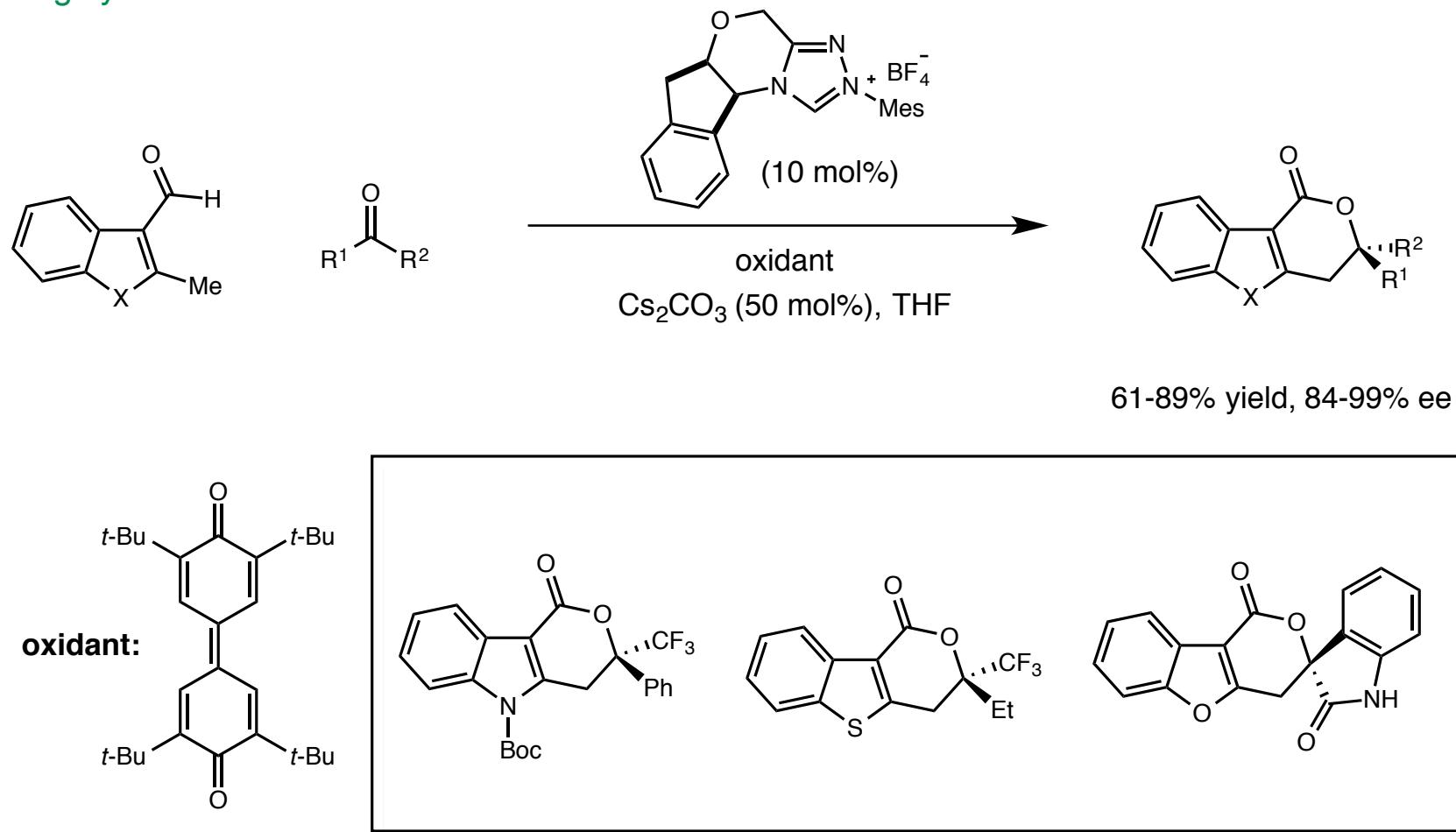
■ Since these reports, Chi *et al.* have demonstrated the use of oxidative NHC catalysis in a variety of highly enantioselective reactions



## Oxidative NHC Catalysis

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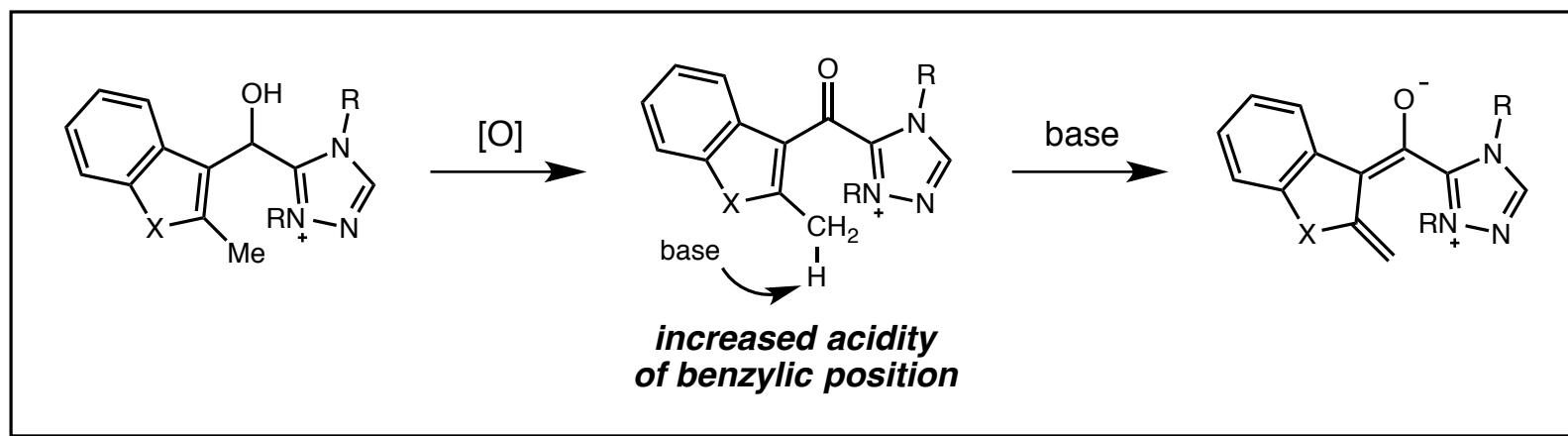
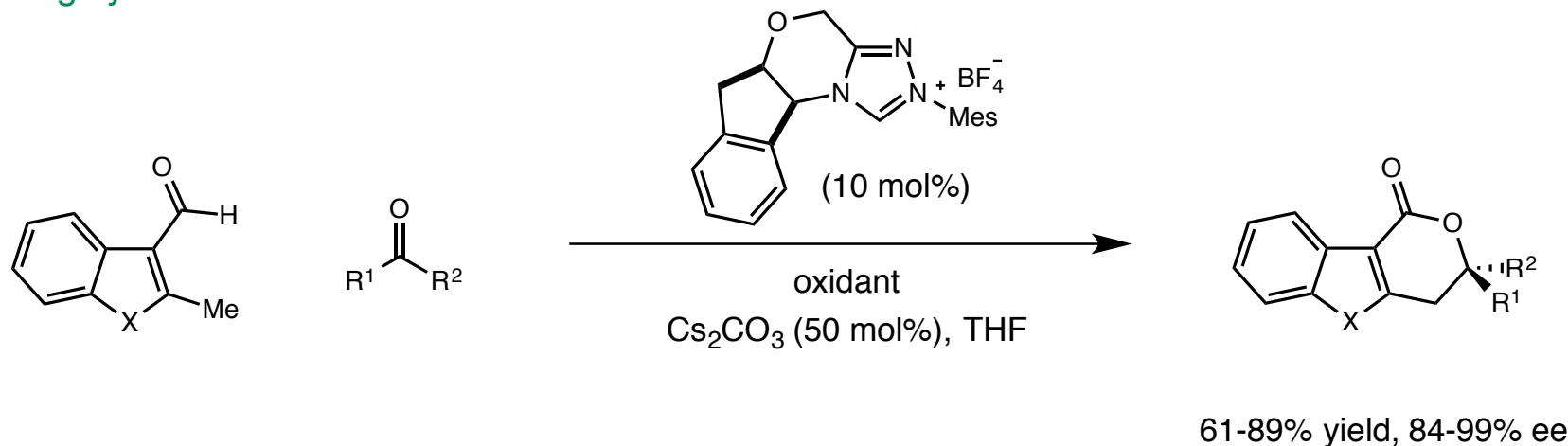
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## Oxidative NHC Catalysis

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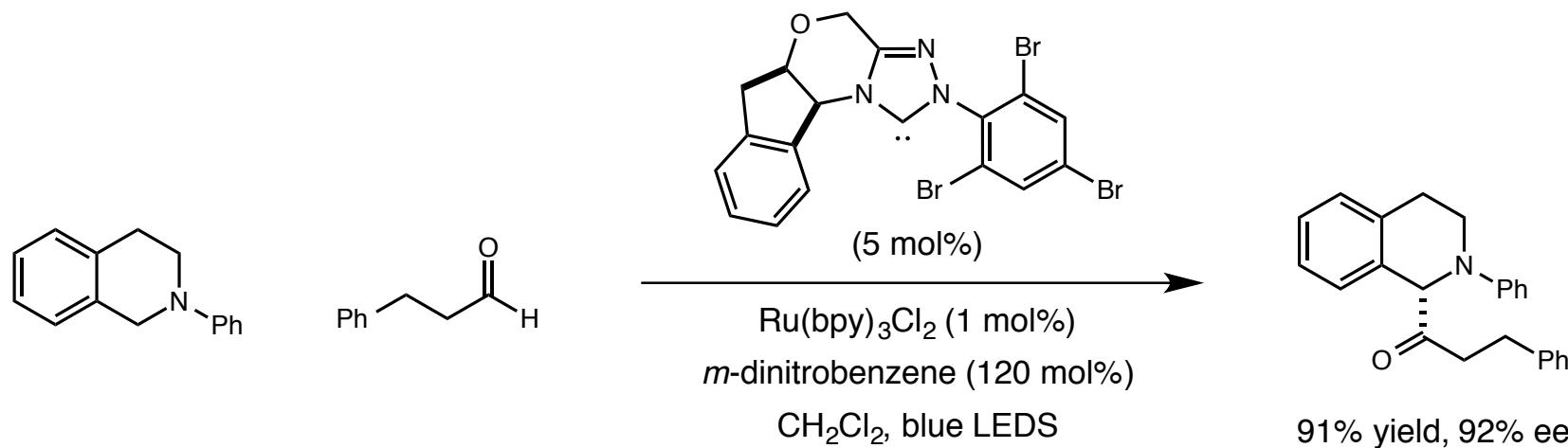
■ Since these reports, Chi *et al.* have demonstrated the use of oxidative NHC catalysis in a variety of highly enantioselective reactions



## Oxidative NHC Catalysis

### An Enantioselective Oxidative Aza-Acyloin Reaction

■ In 2012, Rovis *et al.* reported the merger of photoredox and NHC catalysis for the enantioselective  $\alpha$ -acylation of tertiary amines



*via:*

