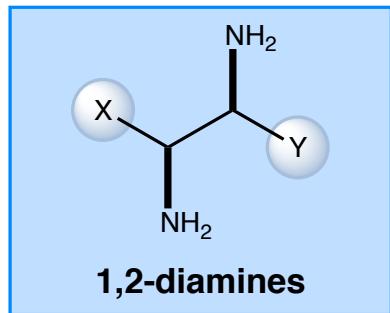


1,2-Diamines: Synthesis and Utility



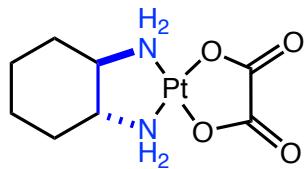
Wei Li

MacMillan Group Meeting

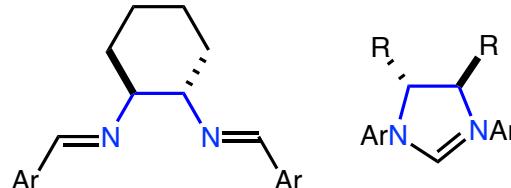
November 6, 2013

1,2-Diamines: Synthesis and Utility

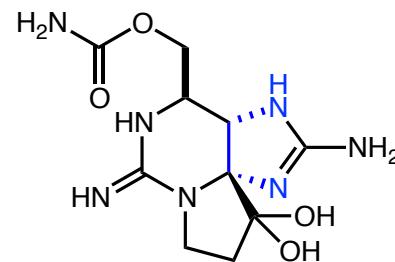
■ part 1: importance



Medicinal agents

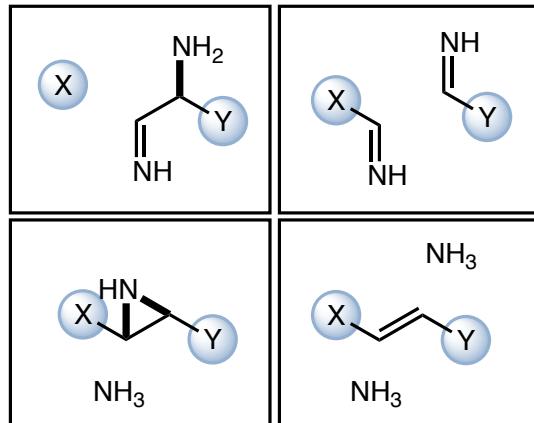


Ligands in catalysis



Natural product

■ part 2: synthetic methods



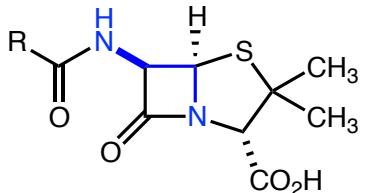
1,2-diamines

■ part 3: utilization

- resolution
- chiral auxiliaries
- chiral ligands
- natural product synthesis
- medicinal use

Importance of 1,2-Diamines in Chemical Fields

■ Penicillin



■ Penicillin: a group of antibiotics

- *Penicillium* fungi
- Discovered by Sir Alexander Fleming in 1928
- Fleming, Florey and Chain - Nobel Prize, 1945
- saved millions of people from bacterial infection

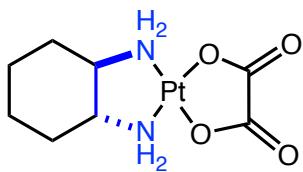


" When I woke up just after dawn on September 28, 1928, I certainly didn't plan to revolutionise all medicine by discovering the world's first antibiotic, or bacteria killer, but I suppose that was exactly what I did"

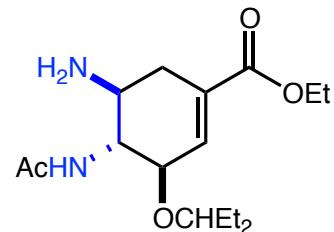
- Sir Alexander Fleming

Importance of 1,2-Diamines in Chemical Fields

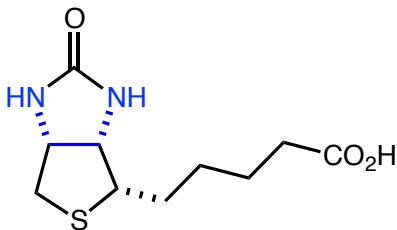
■ Medicinal agents



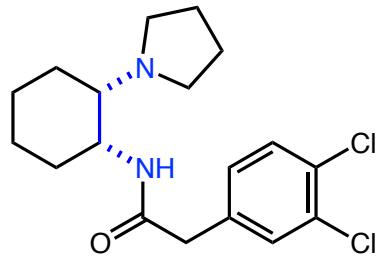
Eloxatin: anticancer drug



Tamiflu: antiviral drug



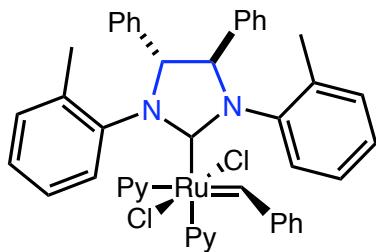
Biotin: vitamin H



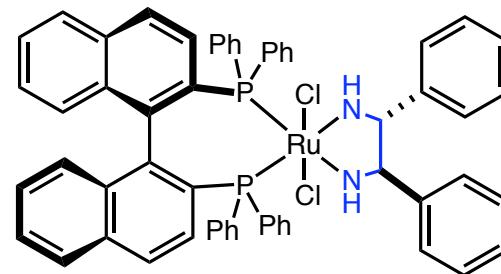
diaminocyclohexane:
opioid receptor agonist

Importance of 1,2-Diamines in Chemical Fields

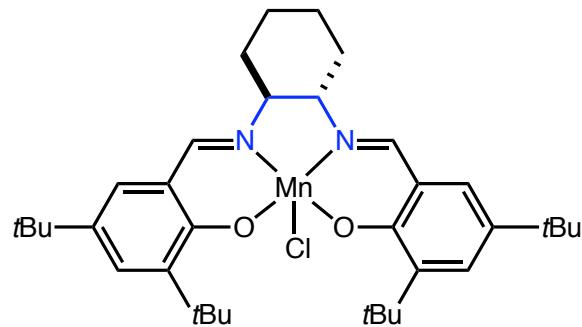
■ Ligands in catalysis



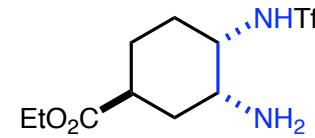
Grubbs metathesis catalyst



Noyori hydrogenation catalyst



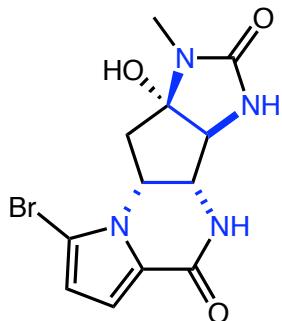
Jacobsen epoxidation catalyst



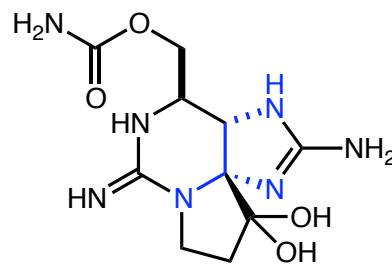
Maruoka organocatalyst

Importance of 1,2-Diamines in Chemical Fields

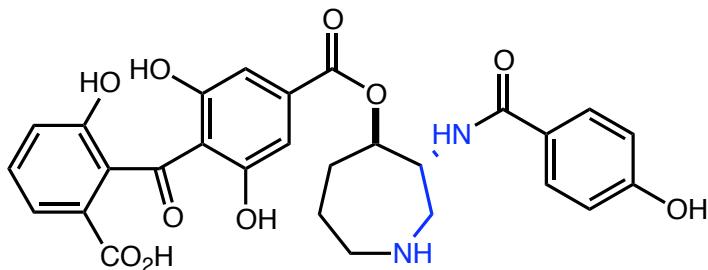
- Structural motif in natural products



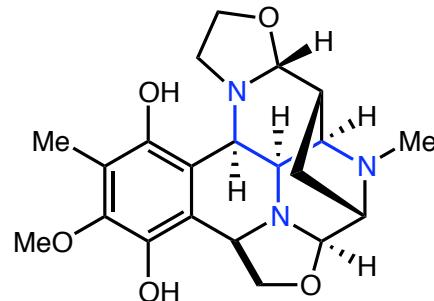
agelastatin A



Sextoxin



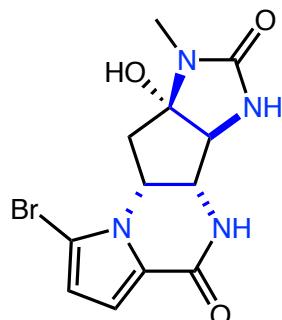
balanol



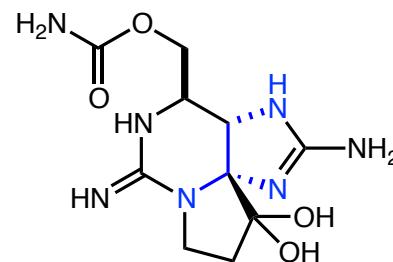
Bioxalomycin $\alpha 2$

Importance of 1,2-Diamines in Chemical Fields

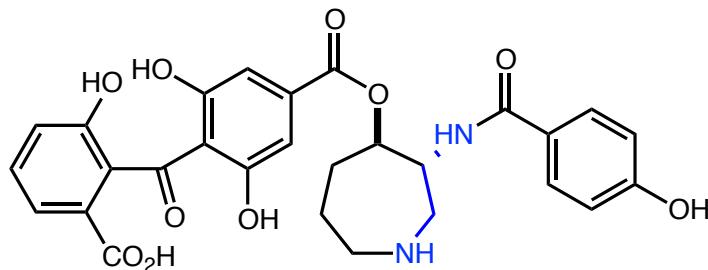
■ Structural motif in natural products



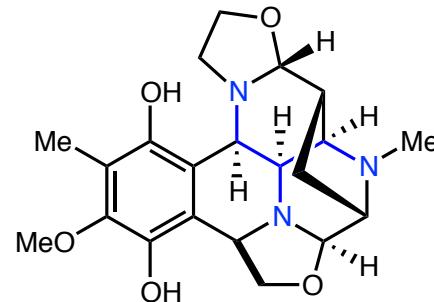
agelastatin A



Saxitoxin



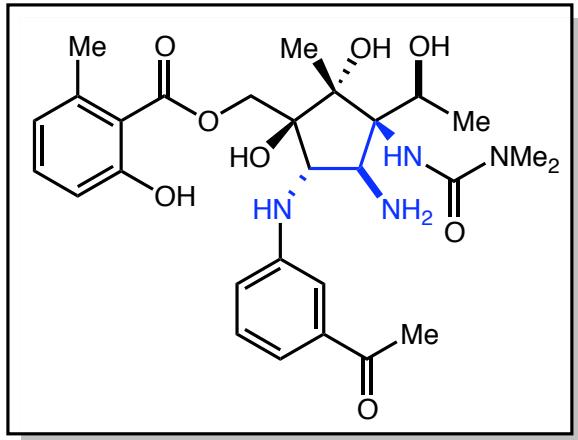
balanol



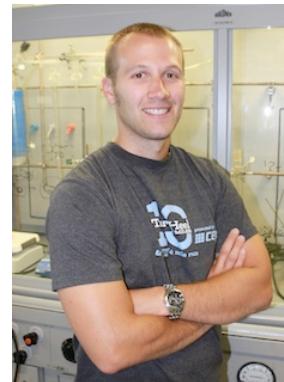
Bioxalomycin α 2

Importance of 1,2-Diamines in Chemical Fields

- total synthesis of pactamycin

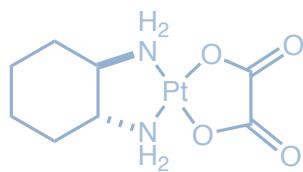


pactamycin

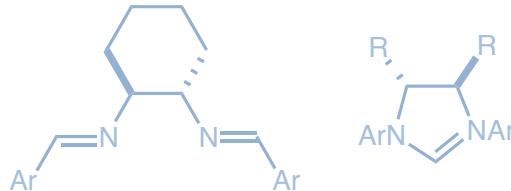


1,2-Diamines: Synthesis and Utility

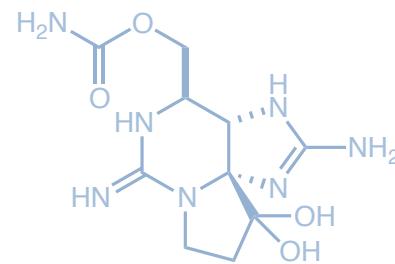
■ part 1: importance



Medicinal agents

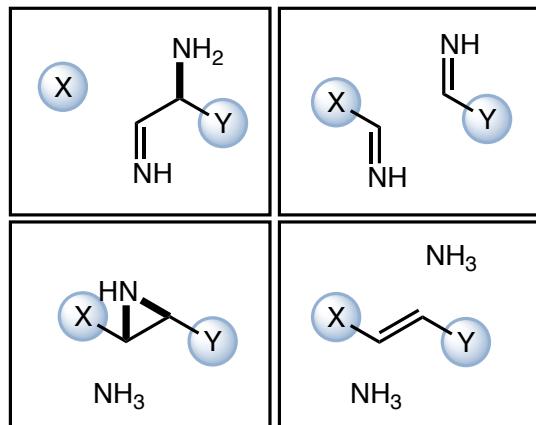


Ligands in catalysis



Natural product

■ part 2: synthetic methods

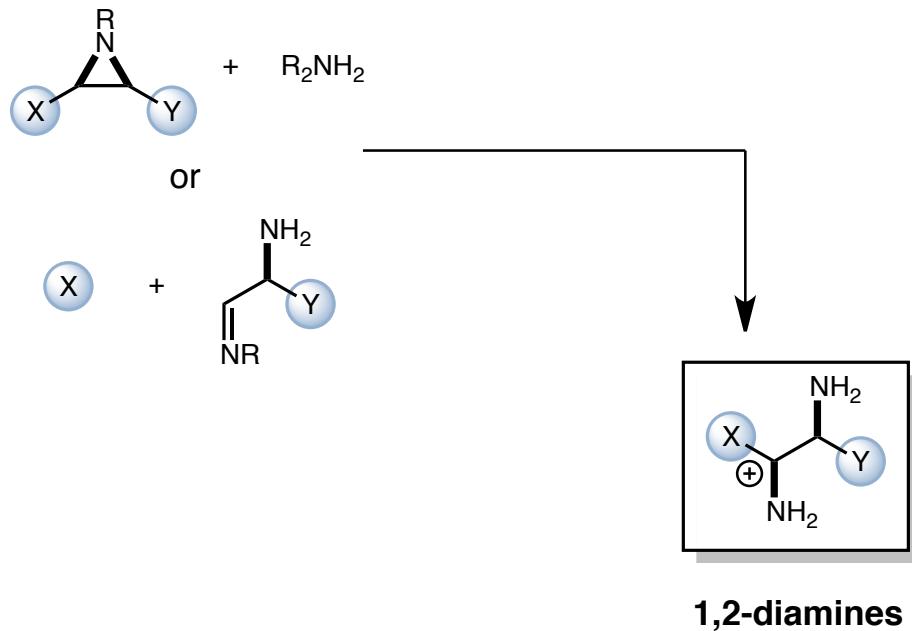


1,2-diamines

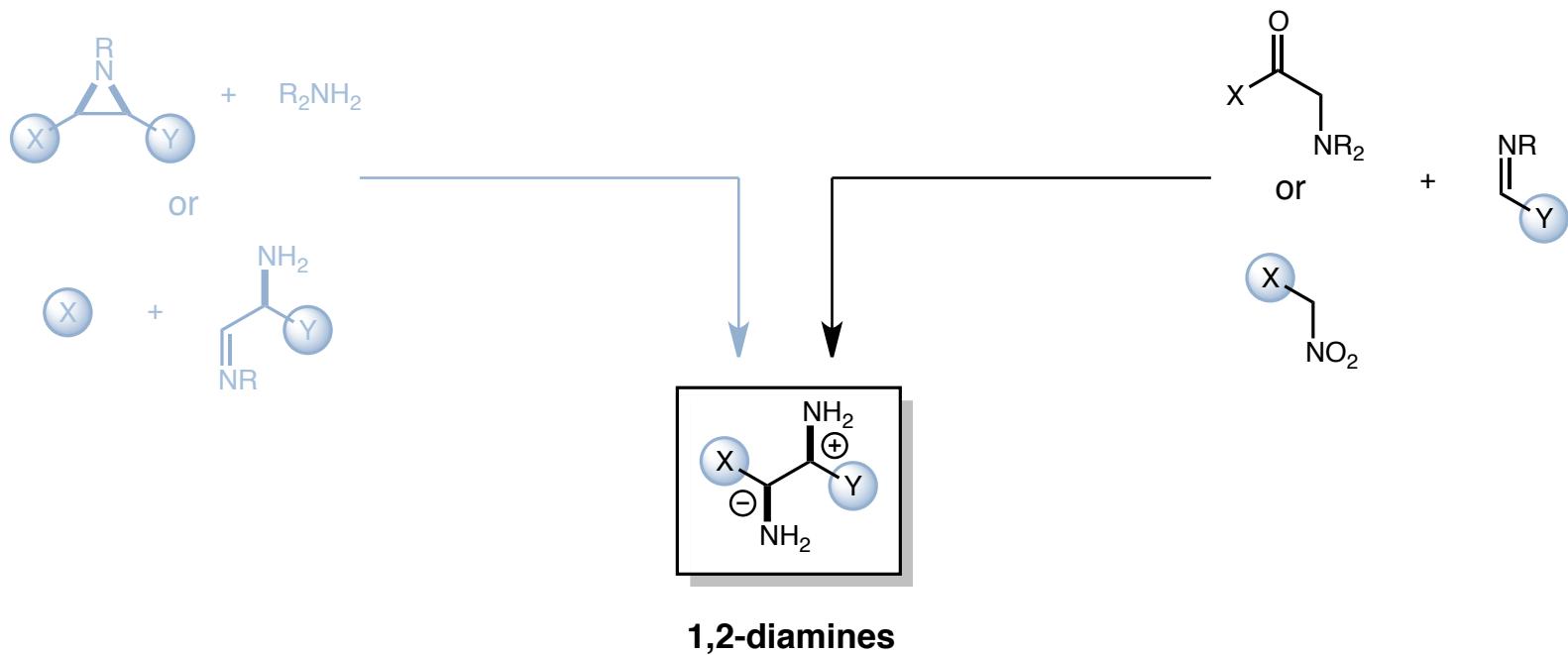
■ part 3: utilization

- resolution
- chiral auxiliaries
- chiral ligands
- natural product synthesis
- medicinal use

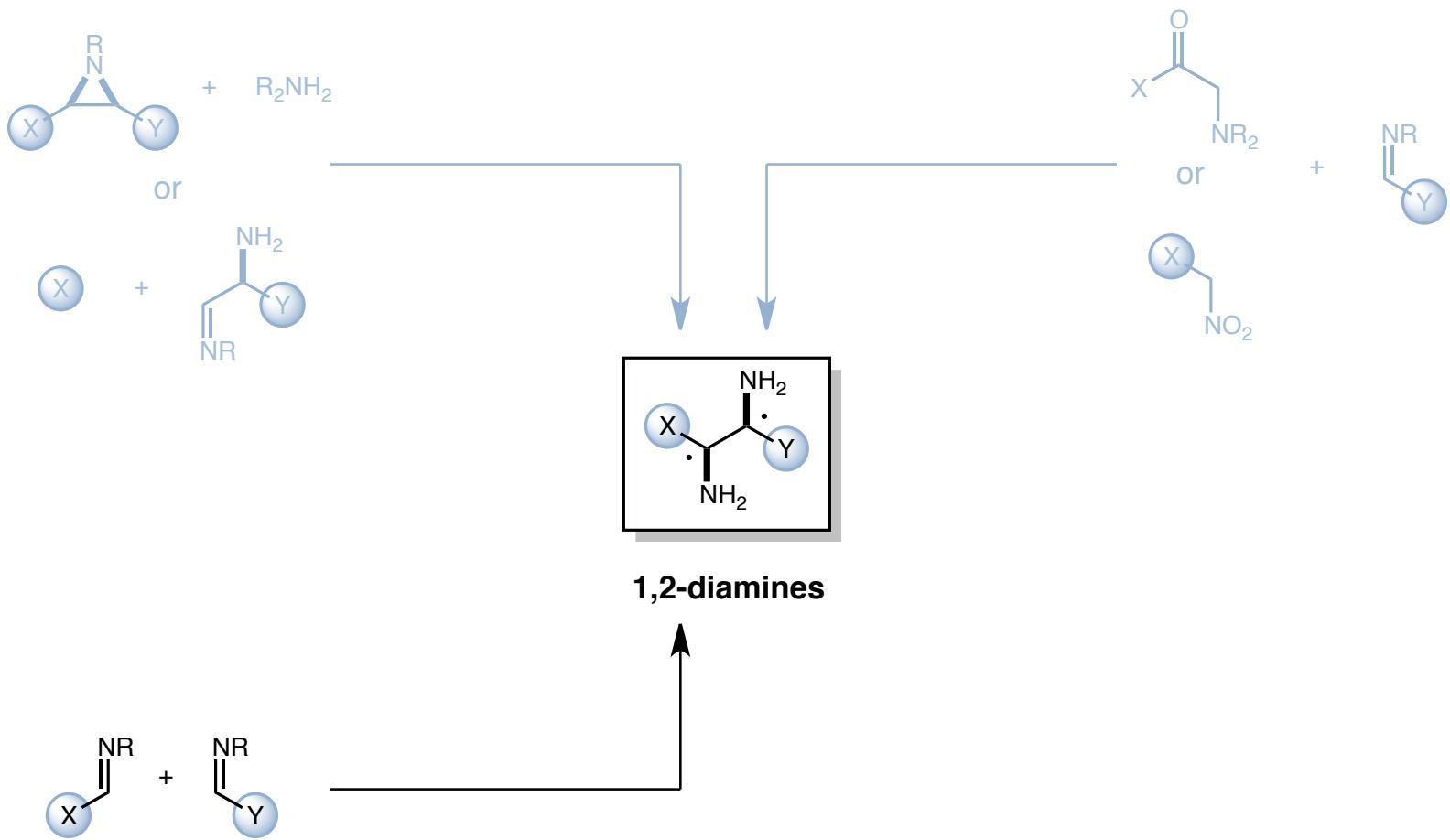
Synthesis of 1,2-Diamines



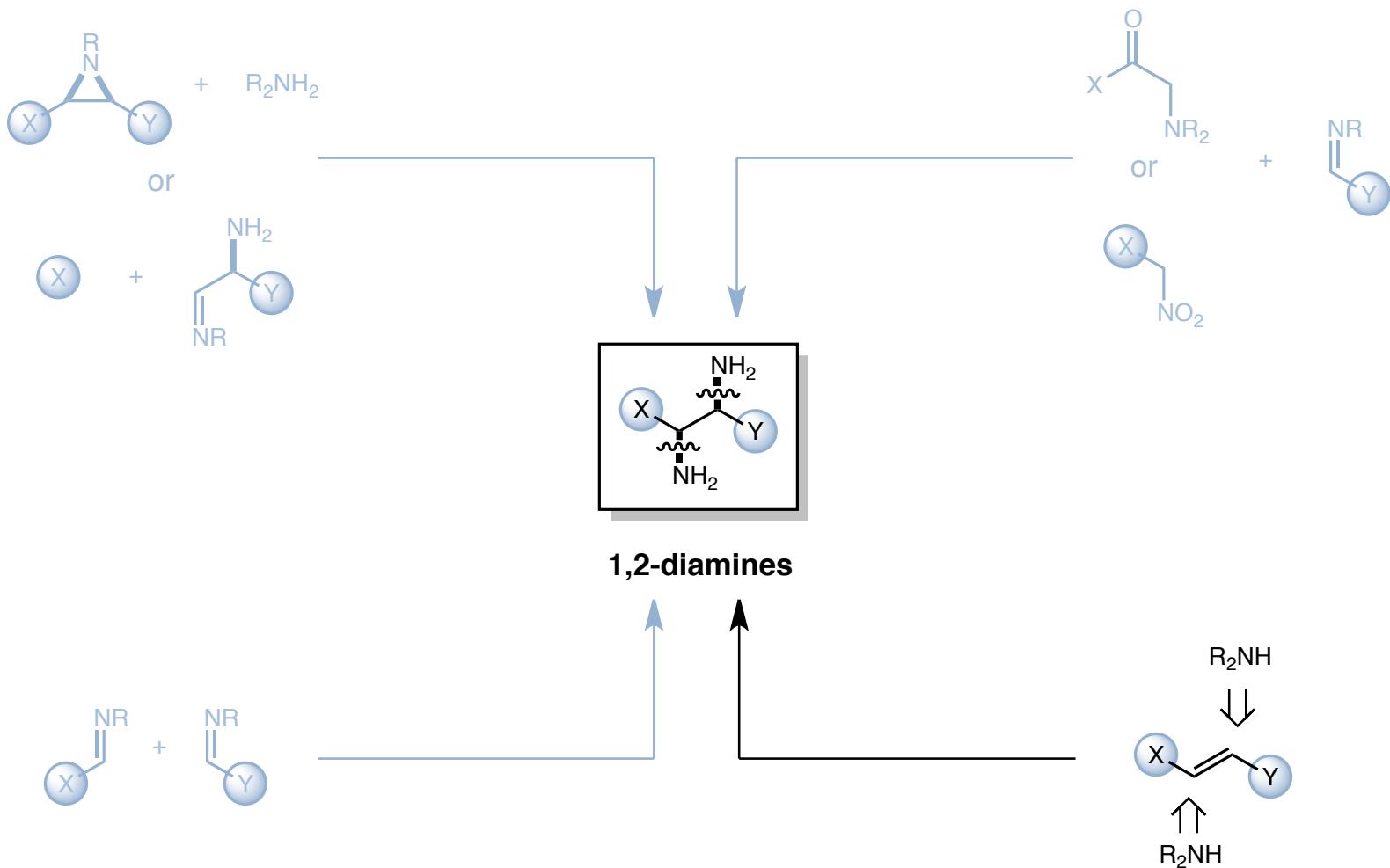
Synthesis of 1,2-Diamines



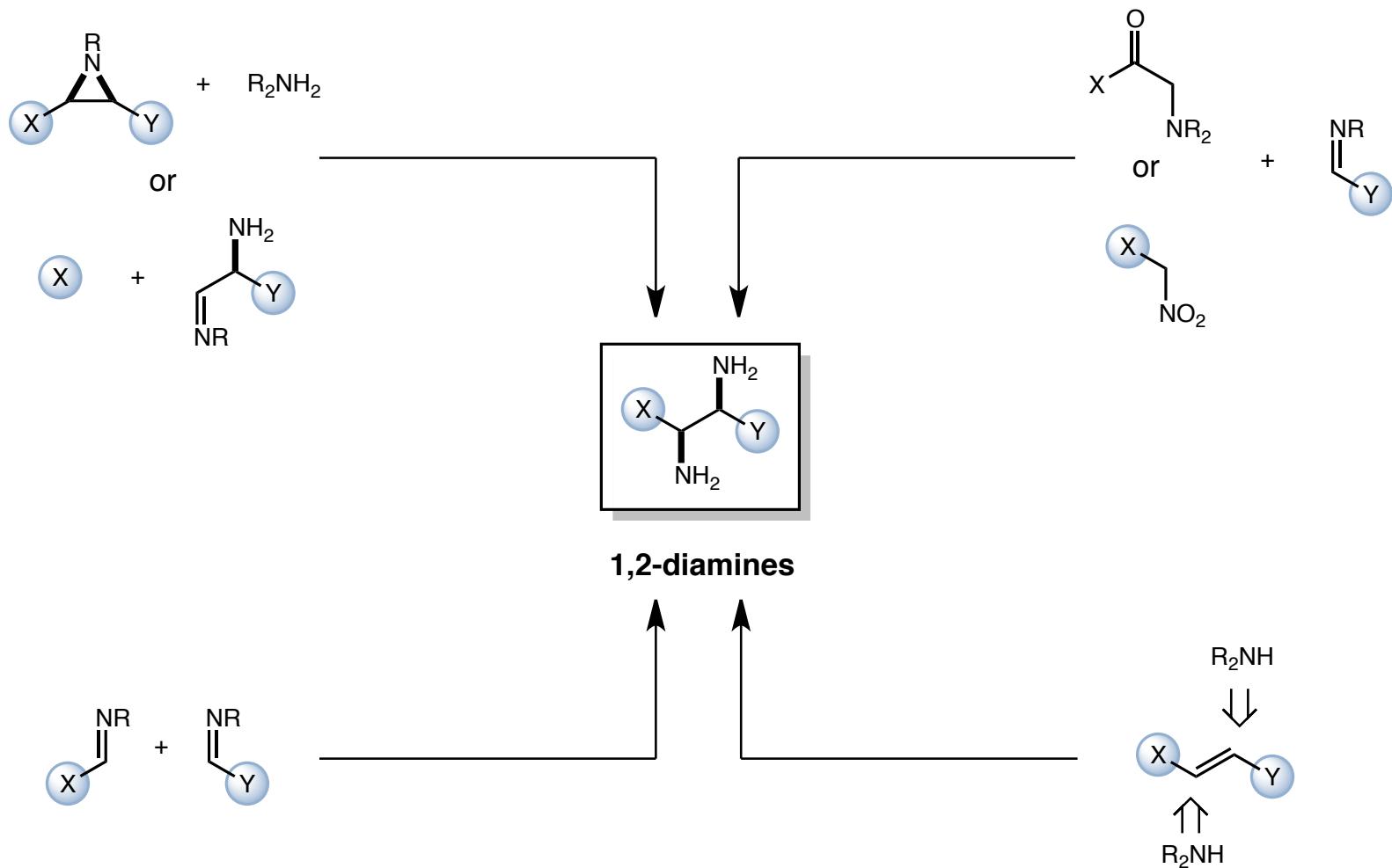
Synthesis of 1,2-Diamines



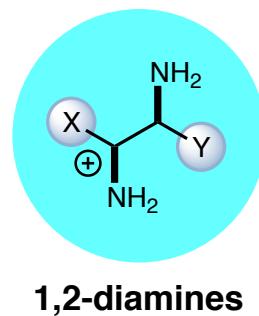
Synthesis of 1,2-Diamines



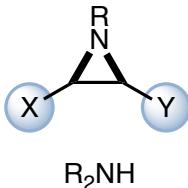
Synthesis of 1,2-Diamines



Synthesis of 1,2-Diamines

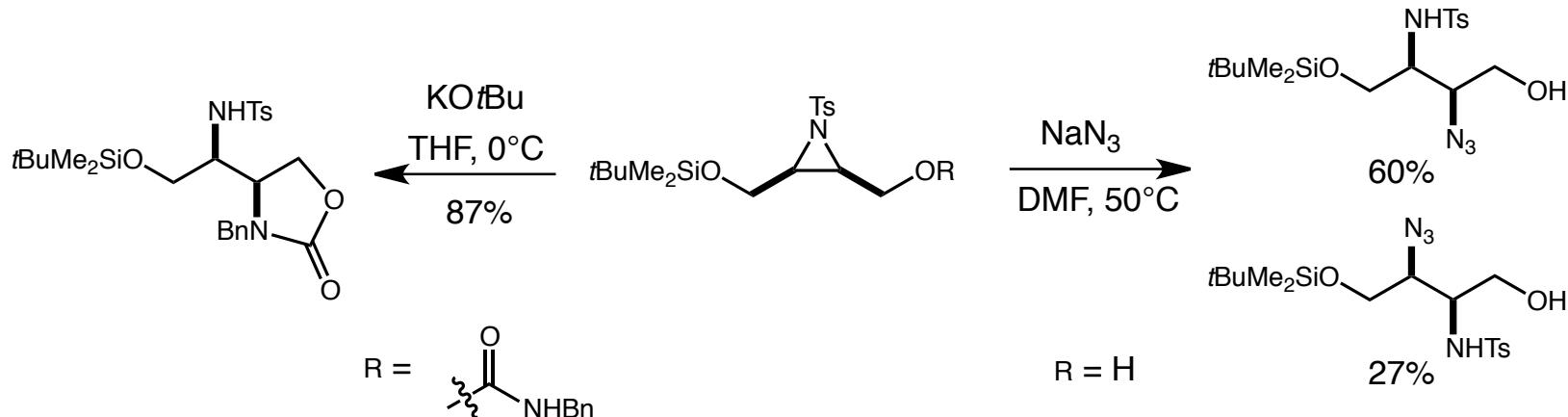


aziridine opening by nitrogen nucleophiles

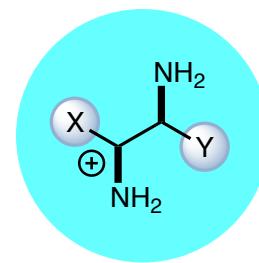


- N-aziridines protection is necessary
- "unactivated" aziridines - protonation, or quaternarization, or activation by a Lewis acid
- "activated" aziridines - Ts, Ns, Acyl, etc.
- regioselectivity

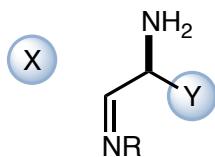
aziridine opening by nitrogen nucleophiles



Synthesis of 1,2-Diamines

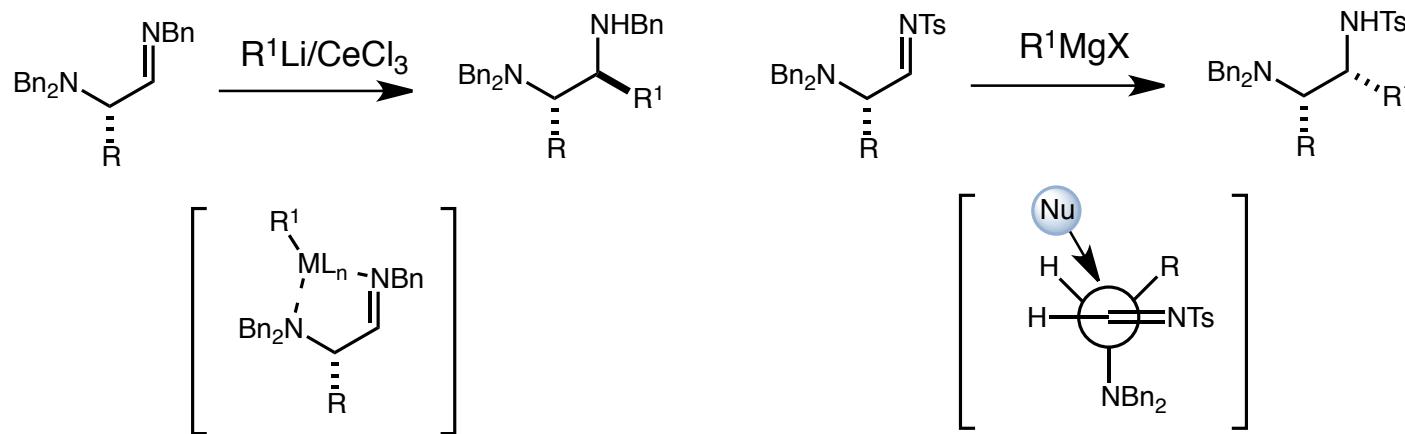


■ nucleophile addition into α -amino imines

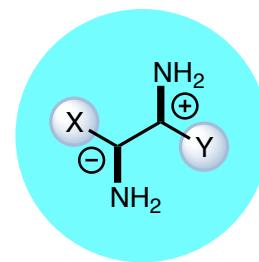


- chiral pool
- chelation control feasible
- non-chelation - Felkin-Anh model
- syn or anti diamine

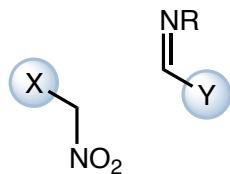
■ access to both syn and anti diamines



Synthesis of 1,2-Diamines

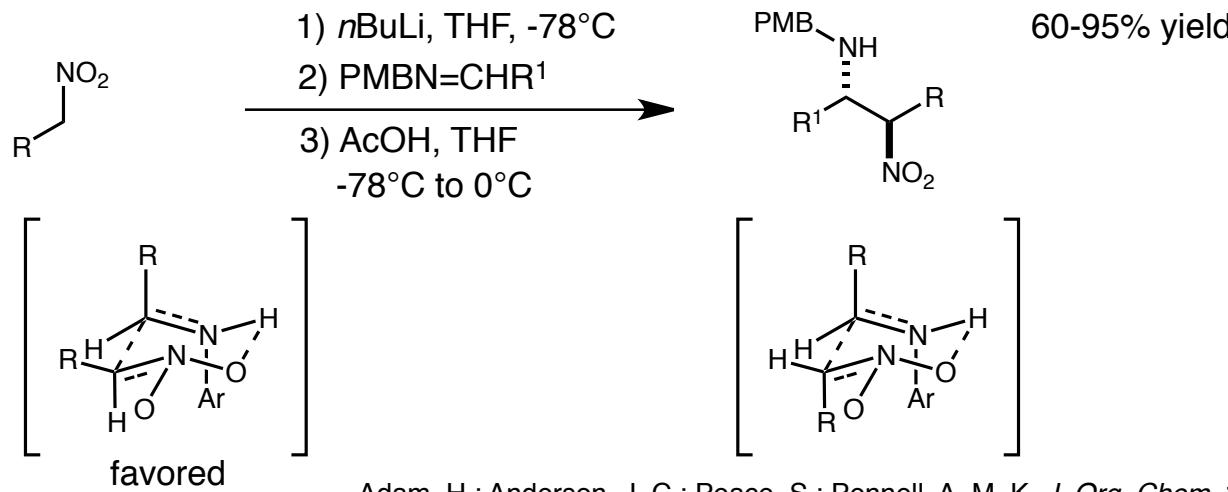


■ nitro-Mannich or aza-Henry

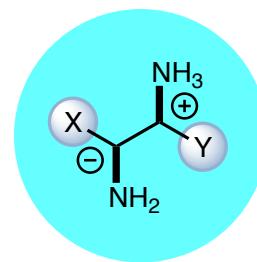


Noble, A.; Anderson, J. C. *Chem. Rev.* **2013**, *113*, 2887.

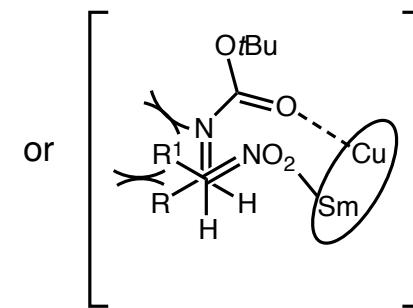
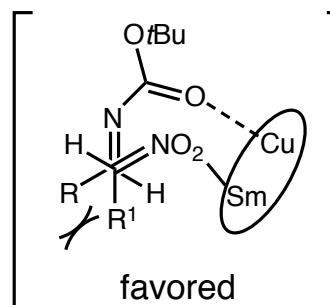
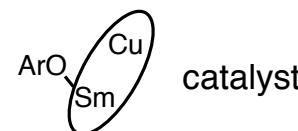
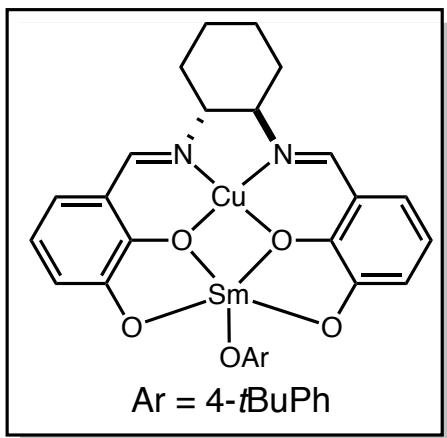
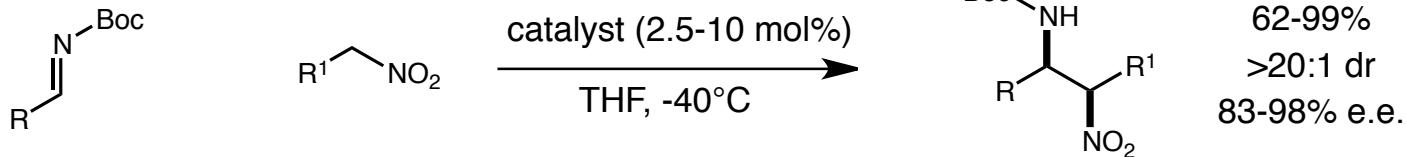
■ diastereoselective example - Anderson



Synthesis of 1,2-Diamines

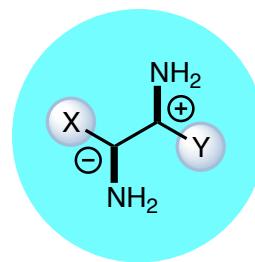


■ enantioselective *syn* nitro-Mannich reaction - Shibasaki



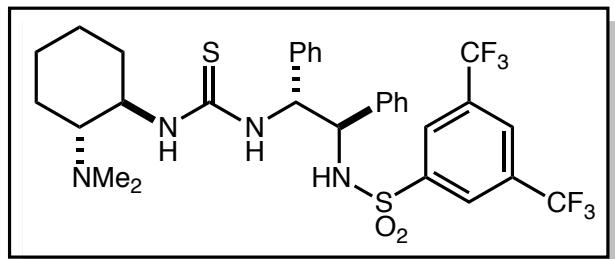
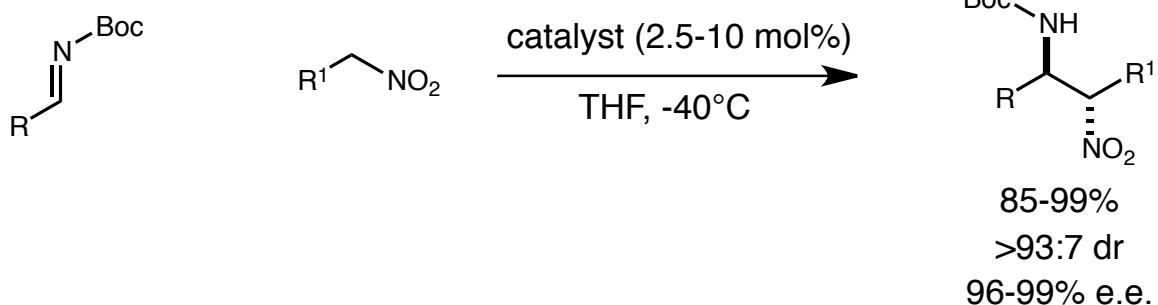
Handa, S.; Gnanadesikan, V.; Matsunaga, S.; Shibasaki, M. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2007**, *129*, 4900.
Handa, S.; Gnanadesikan, V.; Matsunaga, S.; Shibasaki, M. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2010**, *132*, 4925.

Synthesis of 1,2-Diamines

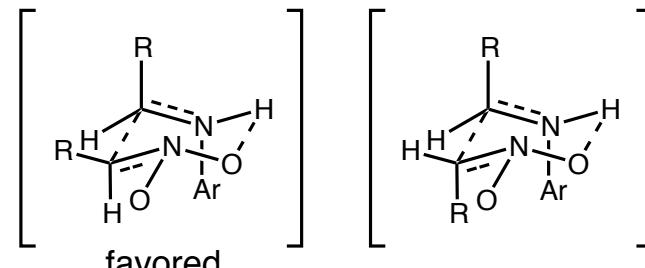


■ enantioselective *anti* nitro-Mannich reaction - Wang

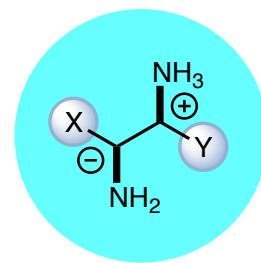
1,2-diamines



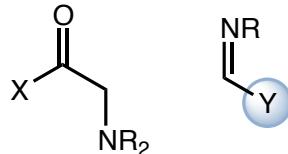
catalyst



Synthesis of 1,2-Diamines



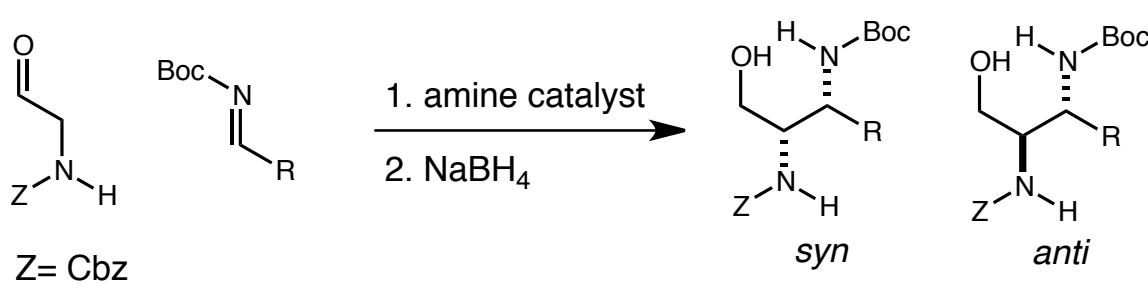
1,2-diamines



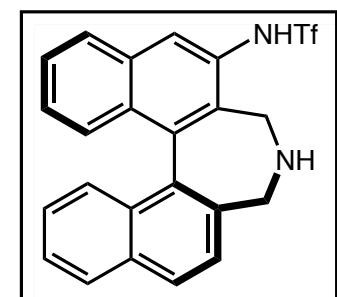
- NR₂ is often Ph-C(=N)Ph
- *Syn*-diastereoselectivity
- both *syn* and *anti* can be obtained
- enantioselective processes - well precedented

Arrayas. R. G.; Carretero, J. C. *Chem. Soc. Rev.* **2009**, 38, 1940.

■ recent examples - Maruoka



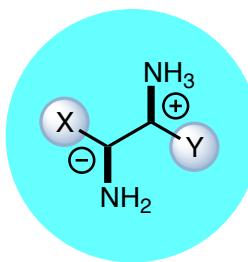
L-proline : *syn* major, > 98% ee
(S)-1 : *anti* major, > 97% ee



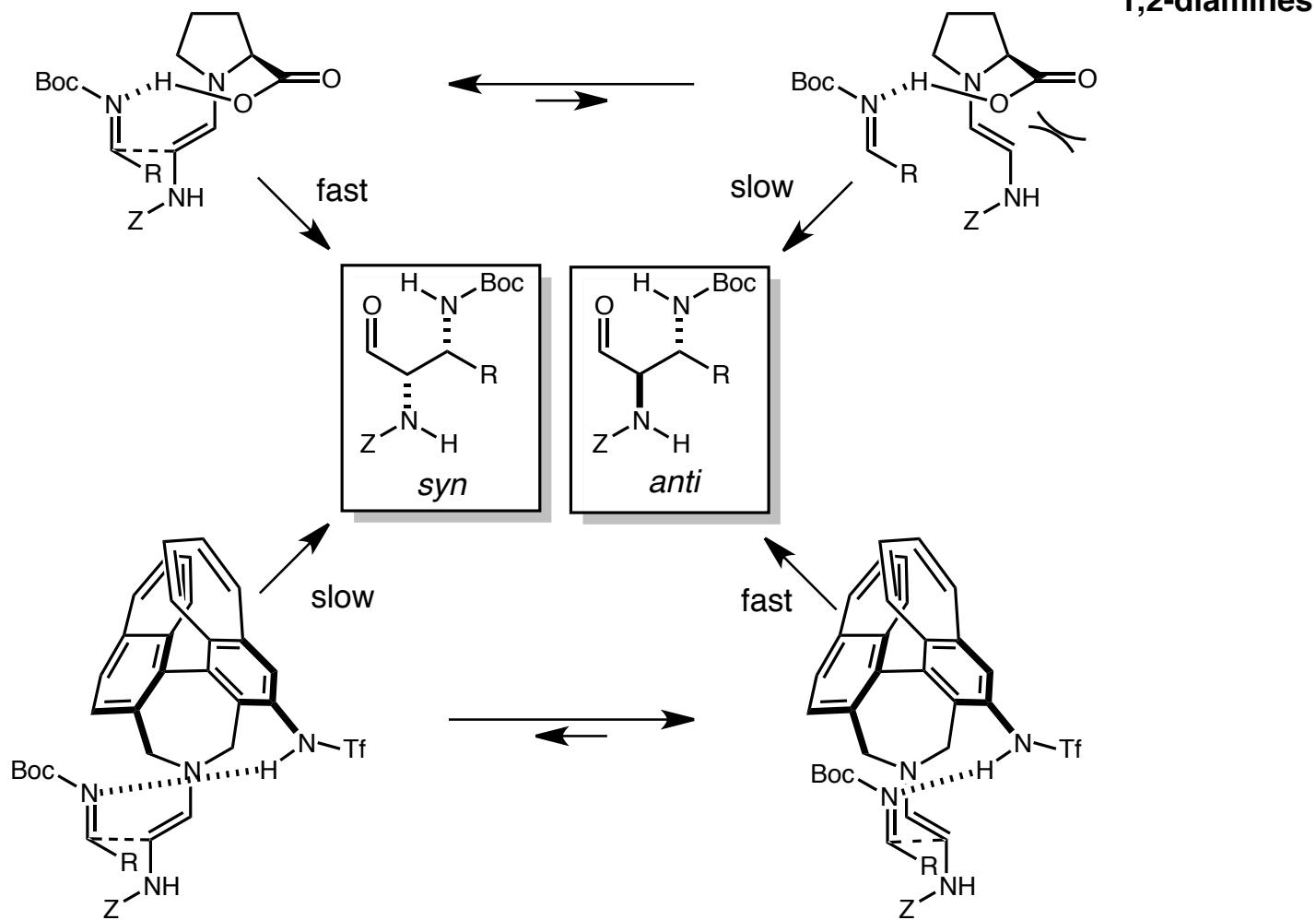
(S)-1

Kano, T.; Sakamoto, R.; Akakura, M.; Maruoka, K. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2012**, 134, 7516.

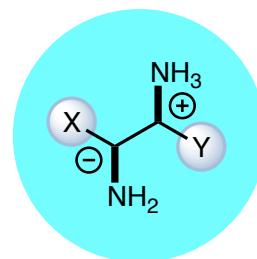
Synthesis of 1,2-Diamines



■ stereoselectivity rationale

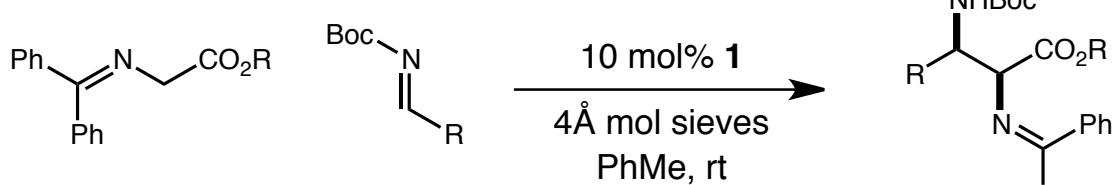


Synthesis of 1,2-Diamines



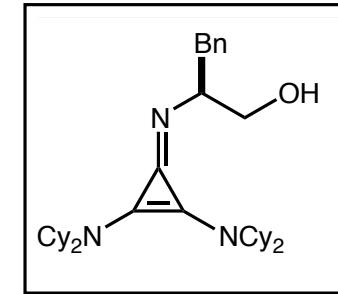
1,2-diamines

■ Mannich reaction glycine ester Schiff bases with imines - Lambert



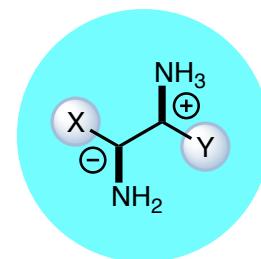
63-99% yield
>91:9 dr
38-97% ee

- gram scale
- alkyl and aryl imines

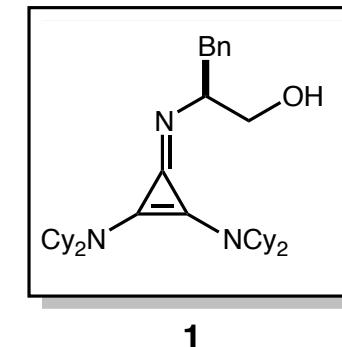
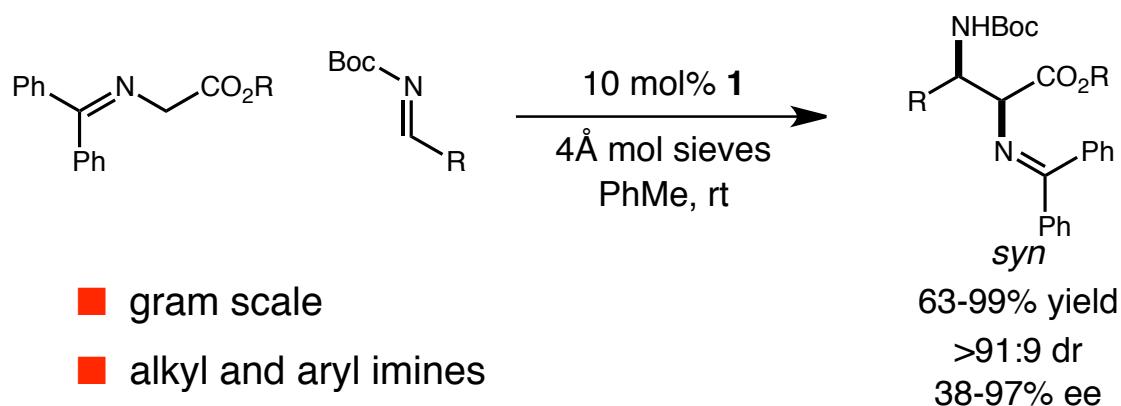


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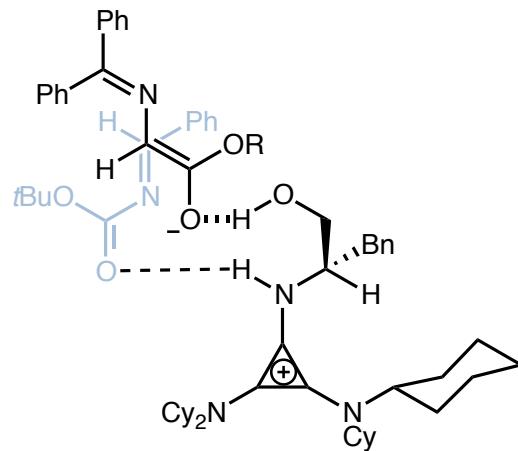
Synthesis of 1,2-Diamines



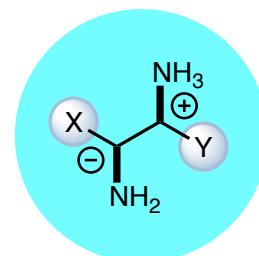
■ Mannich reaction glycine ester Schiff bases with imines - Lambert



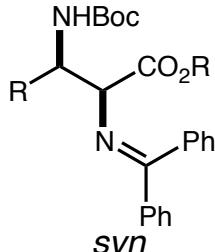
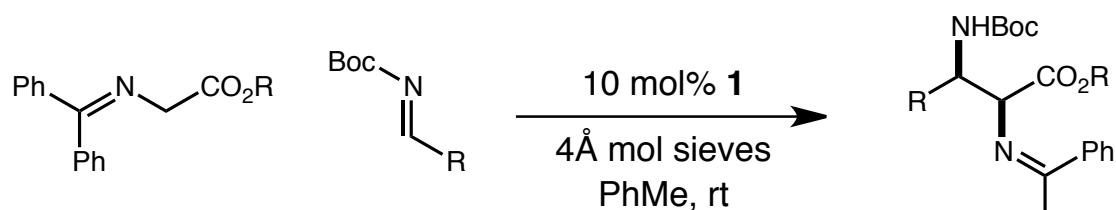
■ Stereochemical rationale



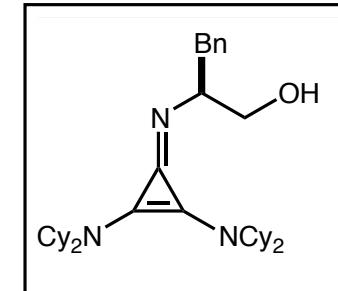
Synthesis of 1,2-Diamines



Mannich reaction glycine ester Schiff bases with imines - Lambert



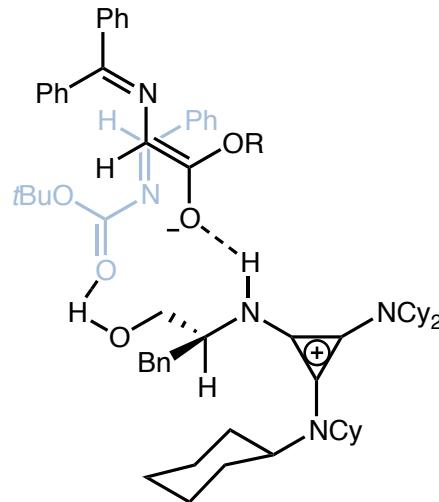
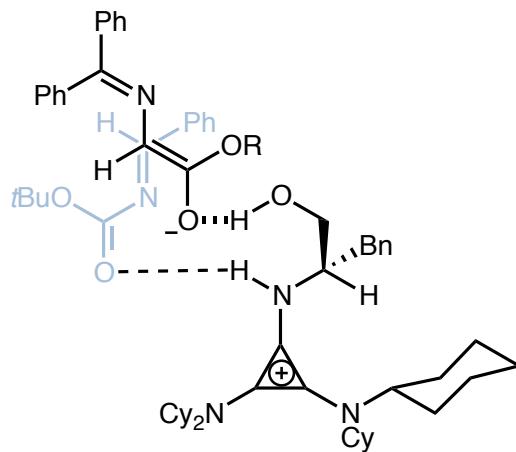
63-99% yield
 >91:9 dr
 38-97% ee



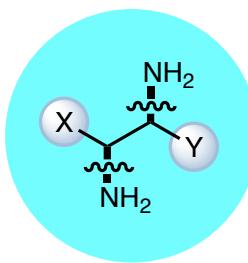
■ gram scale

■ alkyl and aryl imines

Stereochemical rationale

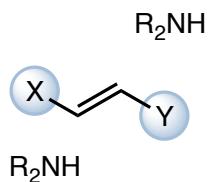


Synthesis of 1,2-Diamines



1,2-diamines

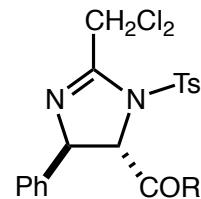
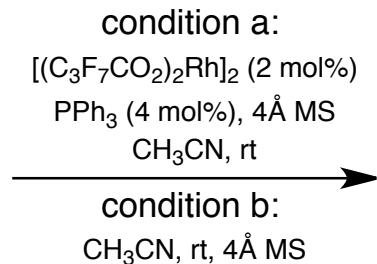
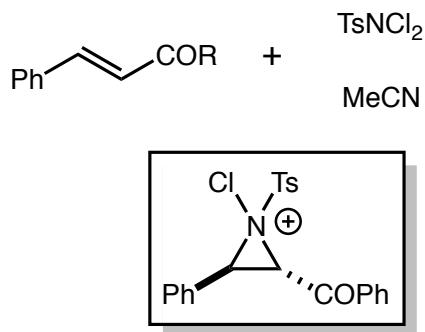
■ transition metal catalyzed 1,2-diamination of alkenes



- stoichiometric examples with Osmium (VIII)
- relatively young field for catalytic processes
- alkene stereochemistry - product
- enantioselective processes are known

Muñiz, K. *New J. Chem.* **2005**, *29*, 1371.
Cardona, F.; Goti, A. *Nature Chemistry*. **2009**, *1*, 269.

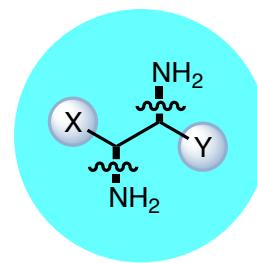
■ early examples - Li



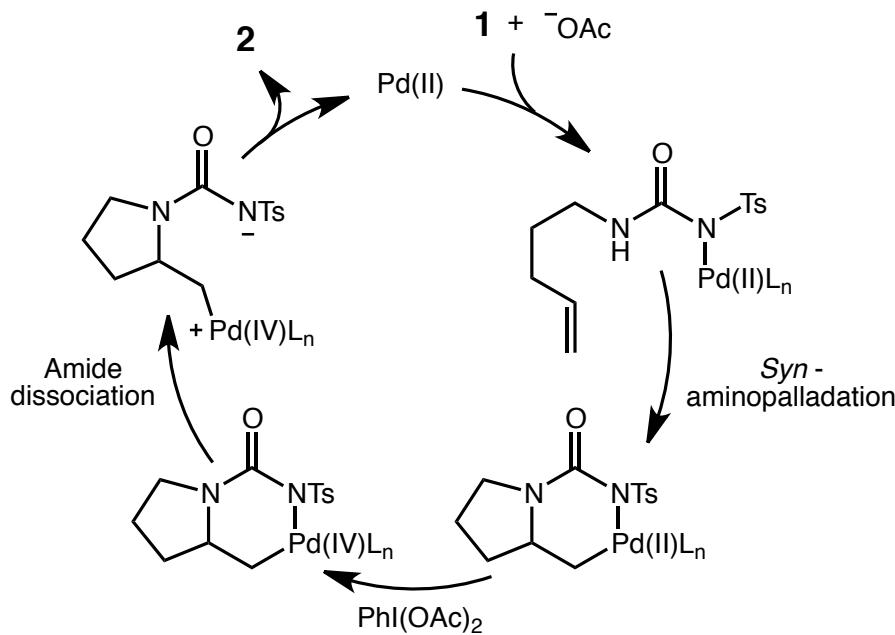
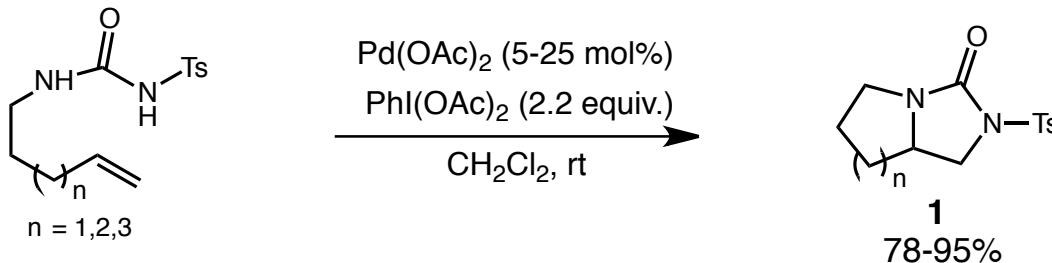
condition a: 66%, 26:1 d.r.
condition b: 60%, 95:1 d.r.

Li, G.; Wie, H.-X.; Kim, S. H.; Carducci, M. D. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2001**, *40*, 4277.
Chen, D.; Timmons, C.; Wei, H.-X.; Li, G. *J. Org. Chem.* **2003**, *68*, 5742.

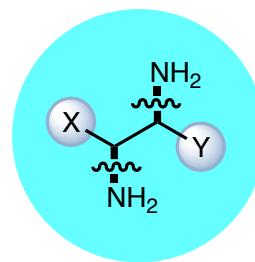
Synthesis of 1,2-Diamines



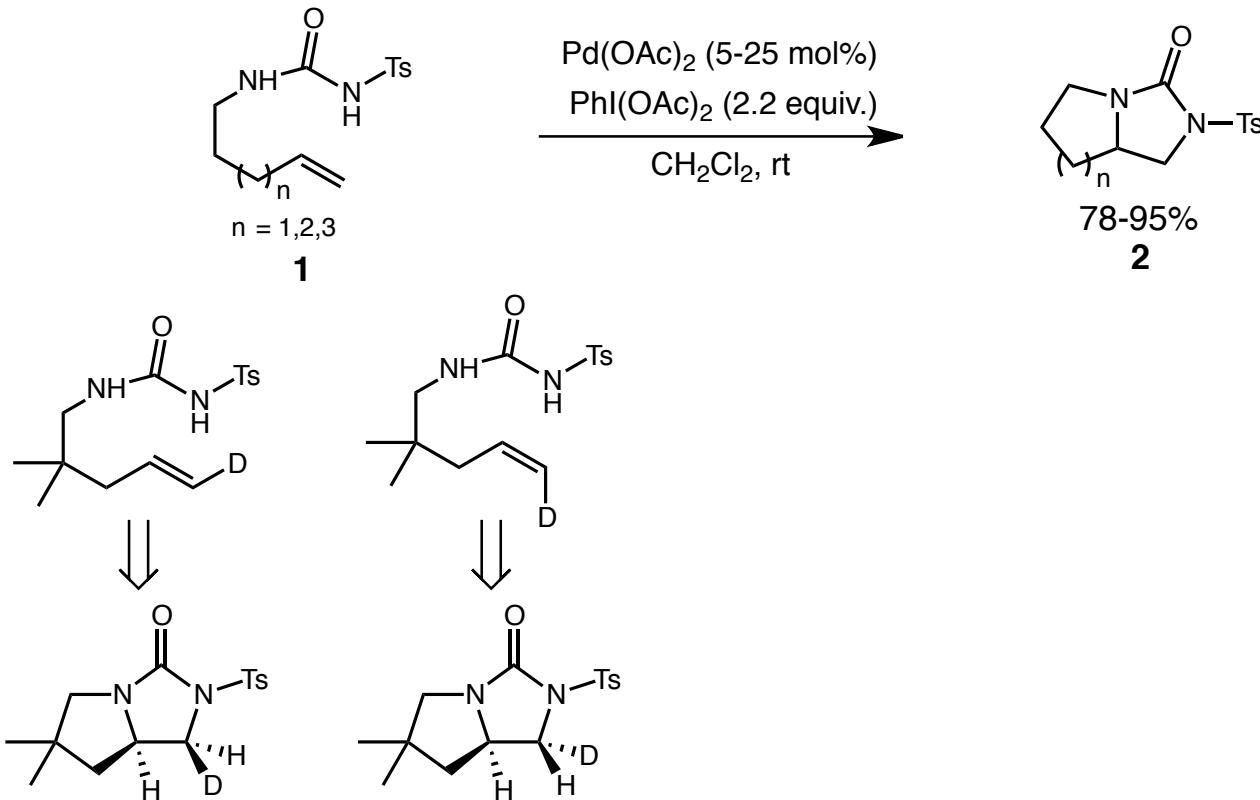
■ metal-catalyzed intramolecular 1,2-diamination



Synthesis of 1,2-Diamines



■ syn-aminopalladation mis-assignment



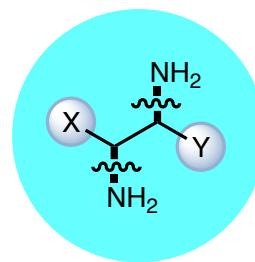
2005: $J_{\text{trans}} = 8.6 \text{ Hz}$

2008: $J_{\text{cis}} = 8.8 \text{ Hz}$ $J_{\text{trans}} = 4.4 \text{ Hz}$

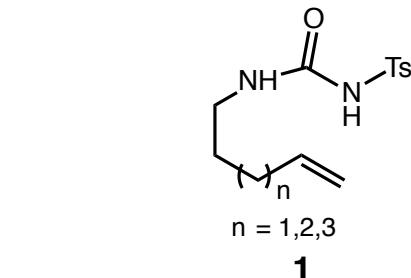
Streuff, J.; Hövelmann, C. H.; Nieger, M.; Muñiz, K. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2005**, *127*, 14586.

Muñiz, K.; Hövelmann, C. H.; Streuff, J. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2008**, *130*, 763.

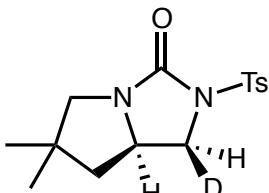
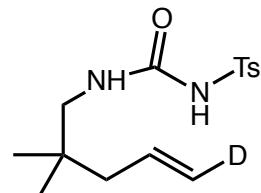
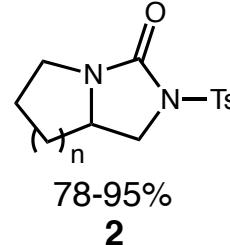
Synthesis of 1,2-Diamines



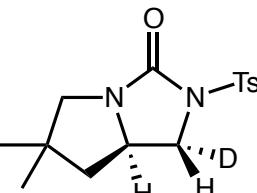
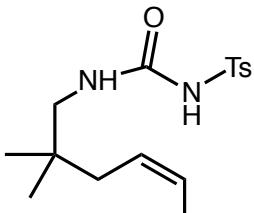
■ syn-aminopalladation mis-assignment



Pd(OAc)₂ (5-25 mol%)
PhI(OAc)₂ (2.2 equiv.)
CH₂Cl₂, rt

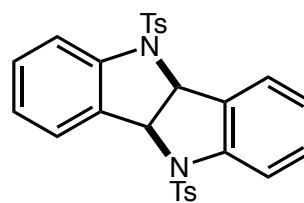


2005: $J_{\text{trans}} = 8.6 \text{ Hz}$

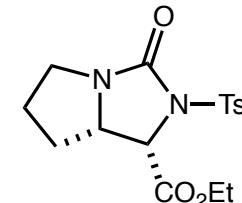


2008: $J_{\text{cis}} = 8.8 \text{ Hz}$

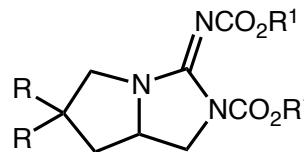
$J_{\text{trans}} = 4.4 \text{ Hz}$



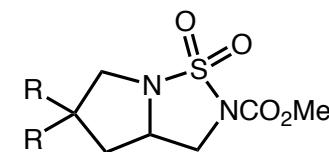
89%



92% (1.3:1 dr)



70-99%

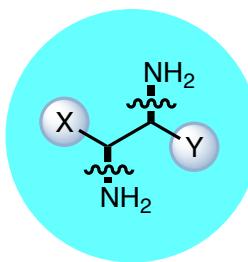


99%

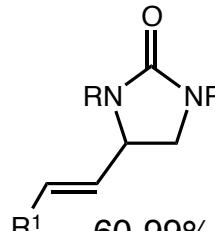
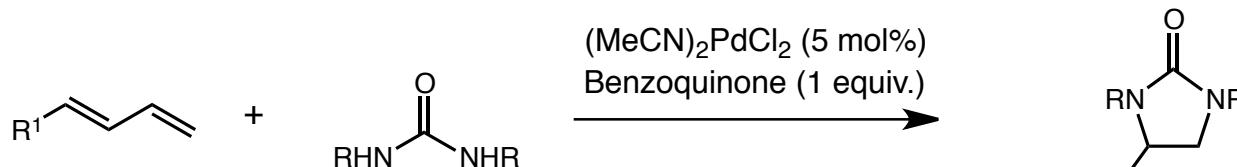
Streuff, J.; Hövelmann, C. H.; Nieger, M.; Muñiz, K. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2005**, *127*, 14586.

Muñiz, K.; Hövelmann, C. H.; Streuff, J. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2008**, *130*, 763.

Synthesis of 1,2-Diamines



■ metal catalyzed intermolecular 1,2-diamination of alkenes



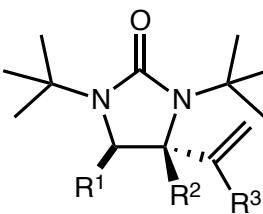
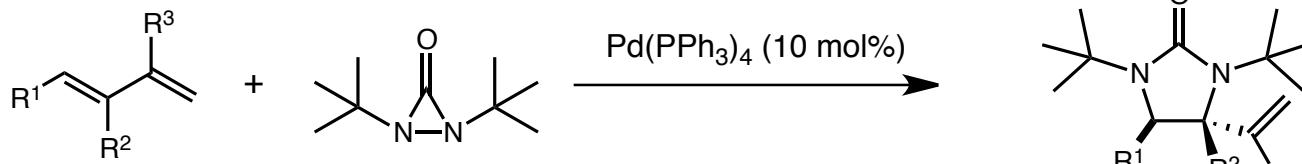
60-99%

>95% alkene regioselectivity

- dienes required as substrates
- least substituted alkene

Bar, G. L. J.; Lloyd-Jones, G. C.; Booker-Milburn, K. I. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2005**, 127, 7308.

■ diaziridinone as source of diamine



46-95%

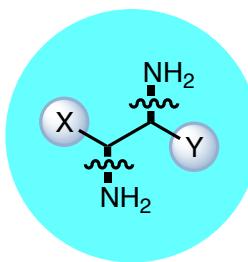
>95% dr

>95% alkene regioselectivity

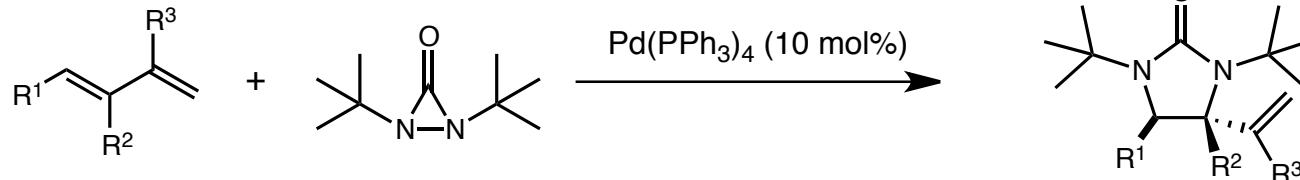
- no external oxidant necessary
- highly stereospecific
- more substituted alkenes

Du, H.; Zhao, B.; Shi, Y. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2007**, 129, 763.

Synthesis of 1,2-Diamines

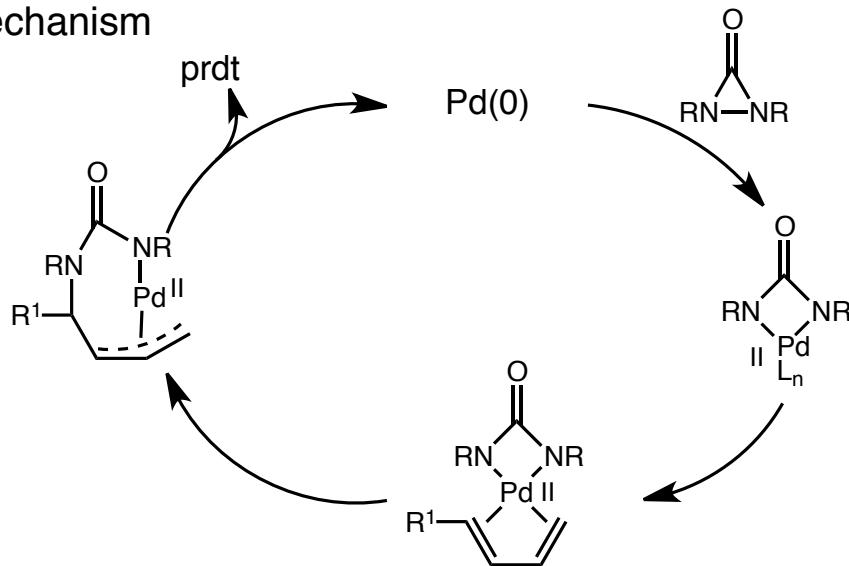


■ metal catalyzed intermolecular 1,2-diamination of alkenes

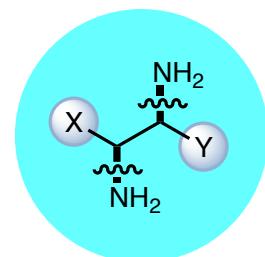


- no external oxidant necessary
- highly stereospecific
- more substituted alkenes

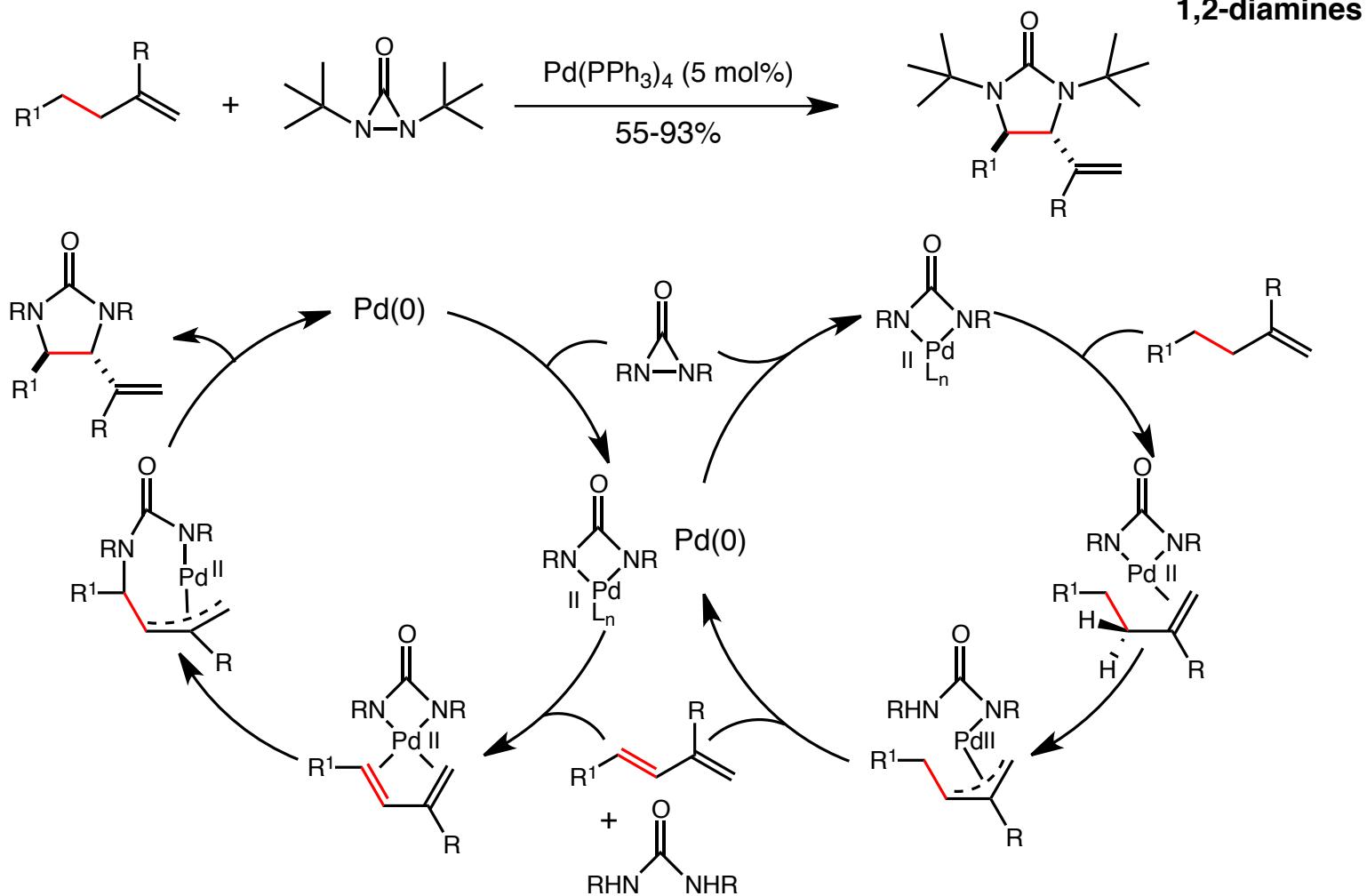
■ proposed mechanism



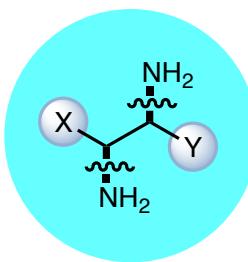
Synthesis of 1,2-Diamines



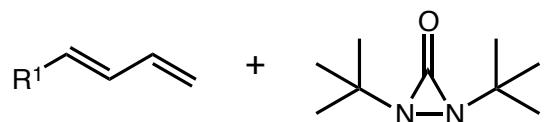
■ 1,2-diamination of alkenes



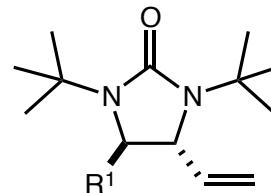
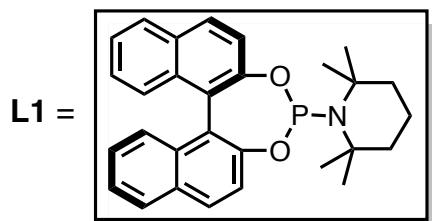
Synthesis of 1,2-Diamines



■ enantioselective 1,2-diamination of alkenes



$\xrightarrow[\text{L1 (22 mol\%)}]{\text{Pd}_2(\text{dba})_3 (5 \text{ mol\%})}$

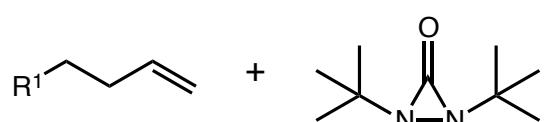


1,2-diamines

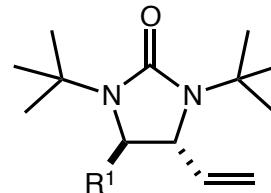
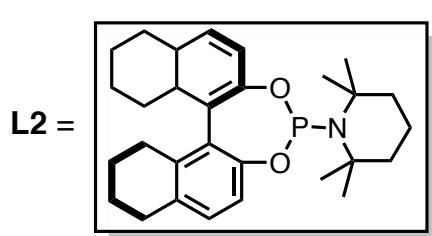
60-95%
91-95% e.e.

Du, H.; Yuan, W.; Zhao, B.; Shi, Y. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2007**, *129*, 11688.

■ enantioselective allylic and homoallylic diamination of terminal olefins



$\xrightarrow[\text{L2 (22 mol\%)}]{\text{Pd}_2(\text{dba})_3 (5 \text{ mol\%})}$

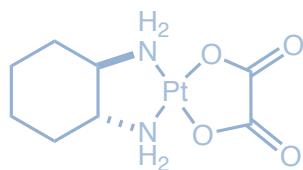


50-85%
89-94% e.e.

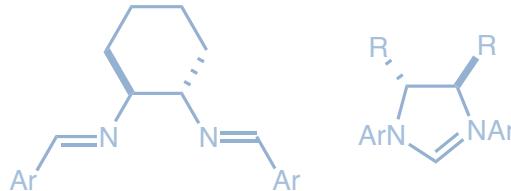
Du, H.; Zhao, B.; Shi, Y. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2008**, *130*, 8590.

1,2-Diamines: Synthesis and Utility

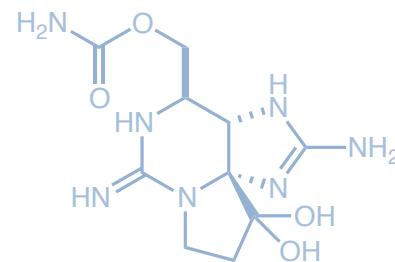
■ part 1: importance



Medicinal agents

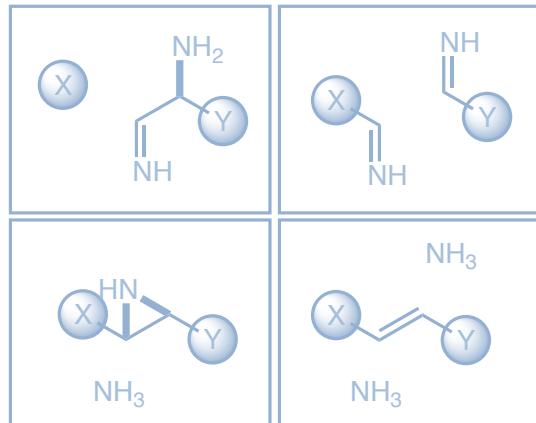


Ligands in catalysis

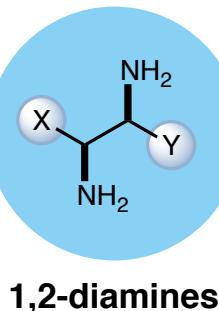


Natural product

■ part 2: synthetic methods



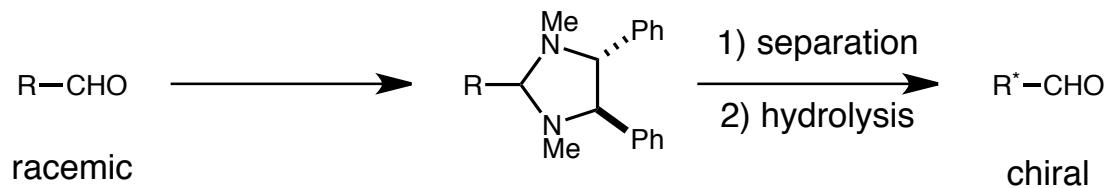
■ part 3: utilization



- resolution
- chiral auxiliaries
- chiral ligands
- natural product synthesis
- medicinal use

Utilization of 1,2-Diamines

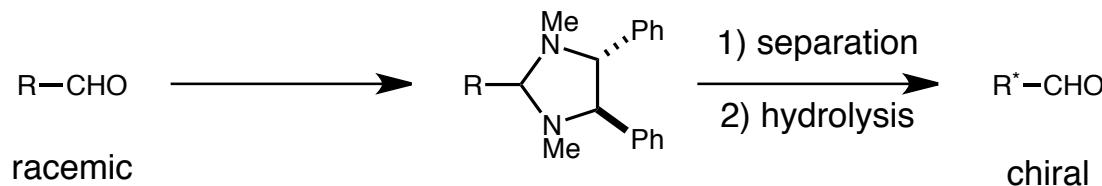
■ resolution of racemates



Alexakis, A.; Mangeney, P.; Marek, I.; Rose-Munch, F.; Rose, E.; Semra, A.; Robert, F. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1992**, *114*, 8288.

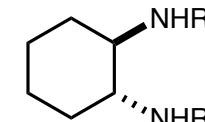
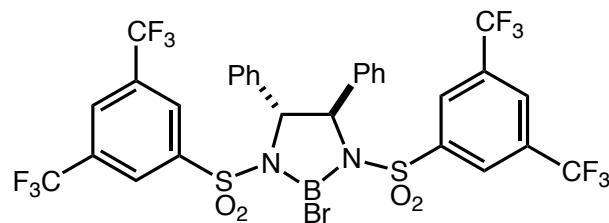
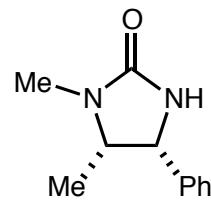
Utilization of 1,2-Diamines

■ resolution of racemates



Alexakis, A.; Mangeney, P.; Marek, I.; Rose-Munch, F.; Rose, E.; Semra, A.; Robert, F. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1992**, *114*, 8288.

■ chiral auxiliaries

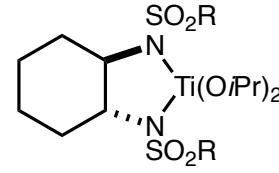
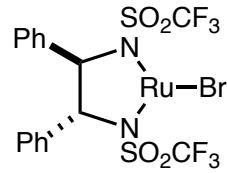
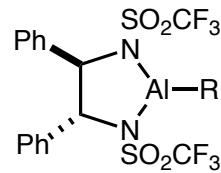


Lucet, D.; Gall, T. L.; Mioskowski, C. *J. Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **1998**, *37*, 2580.

Utilization of 1,2-Diamines

■ chiral ligands

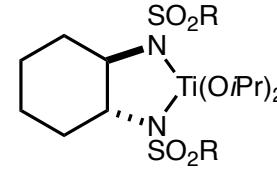
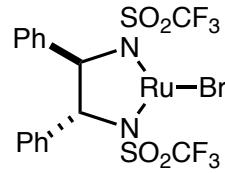
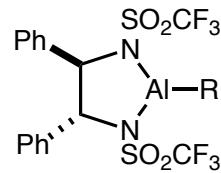
■ Lewis acid derivatives



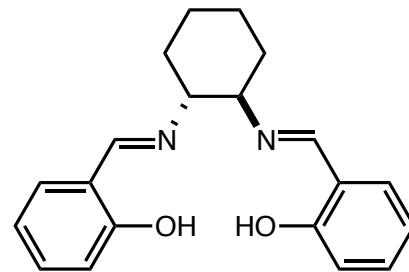
Utilization of 1,2-Diamines

■ chiral ligands

■ Lewis acid derivatives



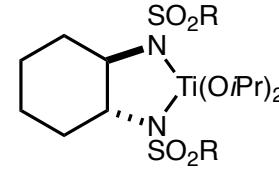
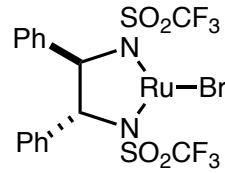
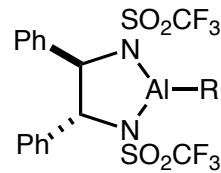
■ salen-type ligands from 1,2 diamines and aromatic aldehydes



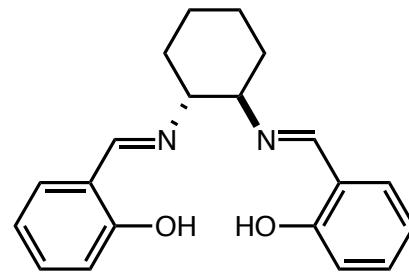
Utilization of 1,2-Diamines

■ chiral ligands

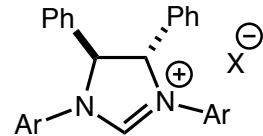
■ Lewis acid derivatives



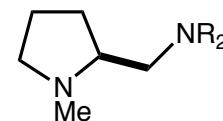
■ salen-type ligands from 1,2 diamines and aromatic aldehydes



■ N-heterocyclic carbene ligands

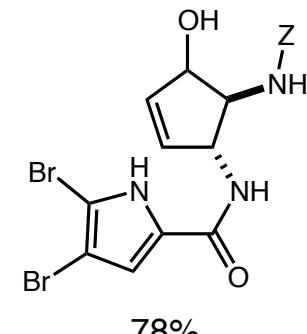
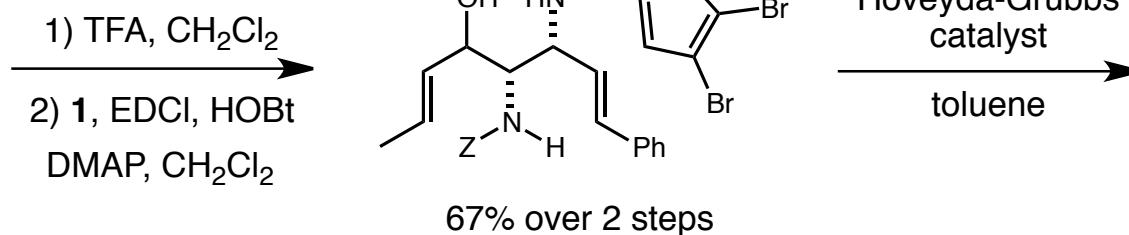
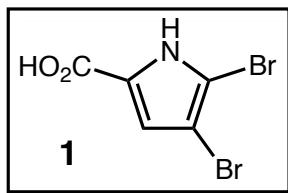
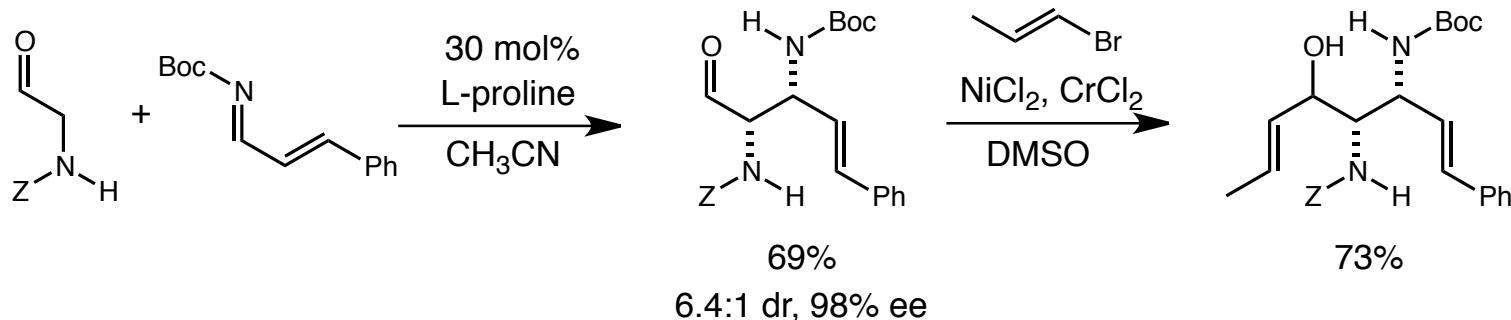
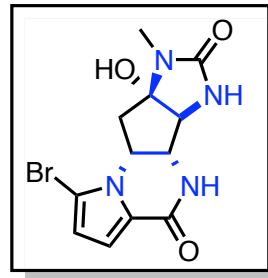


■ Miscellaneous



1,2-Diamines in Synthesis

■ formal synthesis of (-)-Agelastatin A



1,2-Diamines in Synthesis

■ formal synthesis of (-)-Agelastatin A

